## COMPOUNDS WITH GROWTH HORMONE RELEASING PROPERTIES

### FIELD OF INVENTION

The present invention relates to novel compounds, compositions containing them, and their use for treating medical disorders resulting from a deficiency in growth hormone.

# 10 BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Growth hormone is a hormone which stimulates growth of all tissues capable of growing. In addition, growth hormone is known to have a number of effects on metabolic processes, e.g., stimulation of protein synthesis and free fatty acid mobilisation and to cause a switch in energy metabolism from carbohydrate to fatty acid metabolism. Deficiency in growth hormone can result in a number of severe medical disorders, e.g., dwarfism.

Growth hormone is released from the pituitary. The release is under tight control of
a number of hormones and neurotransmitters either directly or indirectly. Growth
hormone release can be stimulated by growth hormone releasing hormone (GHRH)
and inhibited by somatostatin. In both cases the hormones are released from the
hypothalamus but their action is mediated primarily via specific receptors located in
the pituitary. Other compounds which stimulate the release of growth hormone from
the pituitary have also been described. For example arginine,
L-3,4-dihydroxyphenylalanine (L-Dopa), glucagon, vasopressin, PACAP (pituitary
adenylyl cyclase activating peptide), muscarinic receptor agonists and a synthethic
hexapeptide, GHRP (growth hormone releasing peptide) release endogenous
growth hormone either by a direct effect on the pituitary or by affecting the release
of GHRH and/or somatostatin from the hypothalamus.

In disorders or conditions where increased levels of growth hormone is desired, the protein nature of growth hormone makes anything but parenteral administration non-viable. Furthermore, other directly acting natural secretagogues, e.g., GHRH and PACAP, are longer polypeptides for which reason parenteral administration is preferred.

The use of certain compounds for increasing the levels of growth hormone in mammals has previously been proposed, e.g. in EP 18 072, EP 83 864, WO 89/07110, WO 89/01711, WO 89/10933, WO 88/9780, WO 83/02272, WO 91/18016, WO 92/01711, WO 93/04081, WO 9517422, WO 9517423 and WO 9514666.

The composition of growth hormone releasing compounds is important for their growth hormone releasing potency as well as their bioavailability. It is therefore the object of the present invention to provide compounds of peptide mimetic nature with growth hormone releasing properties which have improved properties relative to known compounds of this type.

### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

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In accordance with the present invention there is provided compounds which act directly on the pituitary cells under normal experimental conditions in vitro to release growth hormone therefrom.

25 These growth hormone releasing compounds can be utilized in vitro as unique research tools for understanding, inter alia, how growth hormone secretion is regulated at the pituitary level.

Moreover, the growth hormone releasing compounds of the present invention can also be administered in vivo to increase growth hormone release.

Accordingly, the present invention relates to a compound of the general formula I

$$\begin{array}{c} G \\ (CH_2)_a \\ R^2 \\ O \\ R^1 \\ O \end{array}$$

wherein

- 10 R¹ and R² are independently hydrogen, or C₁,₅-alkyl optionally substituted with aryl;
  - a and b are independently 1 or 2;
- 15 G is hydrogen, -O-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>k</sub>-R<sup>27</sup>,

J is hydrogen, -O-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>1</sub>-R<sup>32</sup>,

wherein  $R^{27}$ ,  $R^{28}$ ,  $R^{29}$ ,  $R^{30}$ ,  $R^{31}$ ,  $R^{32}$ ,  $R^{33}$ ,  $R^{34}$ ,  $R^{35}$  and  $R^{36}$  independently are hydrogen, halogen, aryl,  $C_{14}$ -alkyl or  $C_{14}$ -alkoxy;

5 k and I are independently 0, 1 or 2;

Di

- wherein R³, R⁴, R⁵, R⁶, Rኞ, Rኞ, Rª and R³ are independently hydrogen or C<sub>1-6</sub>-alkyl optionally substituted with halogen, amino, hydroxyl or aryl; n, m and q are independently 0, 1, 2, or 3; p is 0 or 1;
- 20 M is -CR<sup>11</sup>=CR<sup>11a</sup>-, aryl, -O-, or -S-;
  R<sup>11</sup> and R<sup>11a</sup> are independently hydrogen, or C<sub>1-a</sub>-alkyl optionally substituted with aryl;
  with the proviso that at least one of R³, R⁴, R⁵ and R⁰ is different from hydrogen,

when F is

-CONR<sup>12</sup>R<sup>13</sup>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub>-NR<sup>12</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>14</sup>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub>-NR<sup>12</sup>COR<sup>13</sup>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub>-OCR<sup>13</sup>a, -CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub>-OCOR<sup>13</sup>, -CH(R<sup>12</sup>)R<sup>13</sup>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub>-NR<sup>12</sup>-CS-NR<sup>13</sup>R<sup>14</sup>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub>-NR<sup>12</sup>-CO-NR<sup>13</sup>R<sup>14</sup>.

$$X$$
 $Y$ 
or
 $Y$ 

wherein

X is -N(R15)-, -O- or -S-,

10 V is  $-C(R^{16})= or -N=$ ,

Y is  $-C(R^{17})= or -N=$ ,

Z is  $-C(R^{18})= or -N=$ ,

 $R^{15}$  is hydrogen or  $C_{1-6}$ -alkyl optionally substituted with aryl, 15  $R^{16}$ ,  $R^{17}$  and  $R^{18}$  independently are hydrogen, -COOR<sup>19</sup>, -CONR<sup>20</sup>R<sup>21</sup>, - (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>w</sub>NR<sup>20</sup>R<sup>21</sup>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>w</sub>R<sup>19</sup> or halogen;

 $R^{12}, R^{13}, R^{19}, R^{20} \ and \ R^{21} \ independently are hydrogen or \ C_{1.6}-alkyl optionally substituted with halogen, -CONR^{22}R^{23}, -N(R^{22})R^{23}, -CF_3, \ hydroxyl, \ C_{1.6}-alkoxy, \ C_{1.6}-alkylcarbonyloxy or aryl, \\$ 

or R13 is

$$-(CH_2)_t-Q$$
 $K$ 
 $(CH_2)_u$ 

25 wherein

Q is -CH< or -N<.

K and L are independently  $\,$  -CH $_2$ -, -CO-, -O-, -S-, -NR $^{26}$ - or a valence bond, where  $R^{26}$  is hydrogen or C $_{16}$ -alkyl;

t and u are independently 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;  $R^{13a} \ is \ C_{1-6} \ alkyl; substituted with aryl; \\ R^{14} \ is \ C_{1-6} \ alkyl; \\ R^{22} \ and \ R^{23} \ are independently \ hydrogen \ or \ C_{1-6} - alkyl; \\ 5 \ v \ and \ w \ are independently 0, 1, 2 \ or 3;$ 

D is

$$R^7 - NH - (CR^8R^9)_p - (CH_2)_m - M - (CHR^{10})_o - (CH_2)_n - M$$

wherein R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>8</sup>, R<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>10</sup> are independently hydrogen or C<sub>1-8</sub> alkyl optionally substituted with halogen, amino, hydroxyl or aryl;

R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> or R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> or R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> optionally forming -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>1</sub>-U-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>1</sub>-, wherein i and j are independity are 1 or 2 and U is -O-, -S- or a valence bond;

n and m are independently 0, 1, 2, or 3;

o and p are independently 0 or 1;

M is -CR<sup>11</sup>=CR<sup>11a</sup>-, aryl, -O-, or -S-;

R<sup>11</sup> and R<sup>11a</sup> are independently hydrogen, or C<sub>1-8</sub>-alkyl optionally substituted with aryl,

when E is

wherein

R<sup>12</sup> and R<sup>13</sup> independently are hydrogen or
30 C<sub>1-6</sub>-alkyl optionally substituted with halogen, -CONR<sup>22</sup>R<sup>23</sup>, -N(R<sup>22</sup>)R<sup>23</sup>, -CF<sub>3</sub>, hydroxyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1-6</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>-alkylcarbonyloxy or aryl;

or R13 is

### wherein

5 Q is -CH< or -N<

K and L are independently  ${}^{\cdot}$ CH<sub>2</sub>-,  ${}^{\cdot}$ CO-,  ${}^{\cdot}$ O-,  ${}^{\cdot}$ S-,  ${}^{\cdot}$ NR<sup>28</sup>- or a valence bond, where R<sup>28</sup> is hydrogen or C<sub>14</sub> alkyl; t and u are independently 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;

R13a is C1-6 alkyl substituted with aryl;

10 R14 is C1-6 alkyl;

 $R^{22}$  and  $R^{23}$  are independently hydrogen or  $C_{1.6}$  alkyl; v and w are independently 0, 1, 2 or 3;

15 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and the compounds of formula I comprise any optical isomers thereof, in the form of separated, pure or partially purified optical isomers or racemic mixtures thereof.

In the compound of the above formula I D is preferably

- 3-(1-aminoethyl)phenyl, 4-amino-4-ethylhex-1-enyl, (1E)-2-(azetidin-3-yl)ethenyl, piperidin-4-ylidenyl,
  - 2-methylpiperidin-4-yl, 2-methylpiperidin-3-yl, 2-methylpiperidin-5-yl, (1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-1-yl)methyl, 4-aminocyclohexyl,
  - 2-piperidylmethoxymethyl, 4-piperidyloxymethyl,
- 25 2-(2-amino-2-methylpropyl)cyclopropyl, (((2R)-pyrrolidin-2-yl)methoxy)methyl, (1E)-4-amino-1-benzyl-4-methylpent-1-enyl, (1E)-4-amino-4-methylpent-1-enyl, (2-amino-2-methylpropoxy)methyl, (2S)-(2-pyrrolidinyl)methoxymethyl, (1E)-4-amino-2,4-dimethylpent-1-enyl, (1E)-4-methylpent-1-enyl, (1E)-4-amino-4-methylpent-1-enyl, (1E)-4-amino-4-methylpent-1-enyl,

(1E)-4-((2R)-2-hydroxypropylamino)-4-methylpent-1-enyl,
(2-aminobutoxy)methyl, 3-(1-aminoethyl)phenyl, 3-aminomethylphenyl, 3-(1-amino-1-methylethyl)phenyl, 2-(1-amino cyclopropyl)ethenyl, 3-(1-aminocyclobutyl)-1-propenyl, 3-(1-aminocyclopropyl)-1-propenyl or 2-(1-aminocyclobutyl)ethenyl.

In the compound of the above formula I E is preferably methylcarbamoyl, ethylcarbamoyl, N,N-dimethylcarbamoyl,

- 2-methoxyethylcarbamoyl, (2S)-2-hydroxypropylcarbamoyl,
- (2R)-2-hydroxypropylcarbamoyl, (cyclopropylmethyl)carbamoyl, (2-(acetoxy)-2-methylpropyl)carbamoyl, phenylethylcarbamoyl, 4-pyridylcarbamoyl, (3-acetoxypropyl)carbamoyl, (3-hydroxypropyl)carbamoyl, methylsulfonylaminomethyl, ((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)carbamoyl, 3-cyclopropylthioureido, N-methyl-N-(methylsulfonylamino)methyl, (2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)carbamoyl, cyclopropylcarbamoyl,
  - ((3-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)methoxy)methyl,
    3-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl, methylsulfonylaminomethyl, 2,2-dimethyl-3-hydroxypropylcarbamoyl, 2-(1-methylpyrrolidine-2-yl)ethylcarbamoyl, N-methyl-N-(3-(dimethylamino)propyl)carbamoyl, N-(N,N-dimethylcarbamoyl)-N-
- 20 methylcarbamoyl, N-(carbamoylmethyl)carbamoyl or 3-cyclopropylthioureido.

In the compound of the above formula I G is preferably 2-naphthyl, 1-naphthyl, 2-benzyloxy, biphenyl-4-yl or 3-benzo[b]thiophenyl, 4-methoxyphenyl, 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenyl.

In the compound of the above formula I J is preferably phenyl, 2-fluorophenyl, 4-fluorophenyl, 4-fluorophenyl, 4-fluorophenyl, 3,4-difluorophenyl 2-thienyl, 4-methoxyphenyl, 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenyl, 2-naphthyl or 1-naphthyl.

In the compound of the above formula I R¹ is preferably

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hydrogen, methyl or ethyl.

- More preferably R1 is hydrogen, or methyl.
- s In the compound of the above formula I  $R^2$  is preferably hydrogen, methyl or ethyl.

In the compound of the above formula I a is preferably 1.

10 In the compound of the above formula I b is preferably 1.

Preferred compounds of the invention are:

15 (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide:

(2E)-3-(3-Azetidinyl)acrylic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methyl-20 carbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide:

2-(Piperidin-4-ylidene)acetic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide:

2-(2-Amino-2-methylpropyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide:

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2-(2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide:

2-Methylpiperidine-4-carboxylic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide:

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2-Methylpiperidine-3-carboxylic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide:

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2-Methylpiperidine-5-carboxylic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide:

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2-(1,2,3,4-Tetrahydroisoquinolin-1-yl)acetic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide:

4-Aminocyclohexanecarboxylic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide:

 $\label{eq:continuous} \ensuremath{\text{(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-(benzylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide:}$ 

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(phenethylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide:

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-((1R)-1-(N-[(1R)-1-(acetylaminomethyl)-2-phenylethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl]-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide:

10 (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-methyl-N-[(1R)-1-(methylsulfonylaminomethyl)-2-phenylethyl]carbamoyl}-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide:

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-((cyclopropyl-methyl)carbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide:

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-(N-(2-methoxy-10 ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-Nmethylamide:

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-2-15 phenyl-1-((N-tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-

naphthyl)ethyl)amide:

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-(N-(2S)-2-hydroxy-propylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide:

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-(3-(2-oxopyrrolidin-1-yl)propyl)carbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(21s naphthyl)ethyl)amide:

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-1-((2,5-dioxopyrrolidine-1-yl)methyl)-2-phenylethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl]-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide:

10 (2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methyl-amino)-N-methyl-3-(2-naphthyl)-N-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-(((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)-propionamide:

(2E)-5-Amino-3,5-dimethylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-(((2-tetra-hydrofuranyl)methyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide:

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 $\label{eq:continuous} \ensuremath{\text{(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-((1R)-2-benzyloxy-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)carba-moyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide:}$ 

10 (2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-((1R)-1-(cyclopropylmethyl)carbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-methyl-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide:

(2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)methylamino)-N-((1R)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl)-N-methyl-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide:

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-2-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide:

 $\label{eq:continuity} (2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)N-methylamino)-N-((1R)-2-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl)-N-methyl-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide:$ 

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid ((1R)-2-(biphenyl-4-yl)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide:

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(2E)-5-Amino-3,5-dimethylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide:

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 $\label{eq:continuous} 2-((2R)-2-(N-((2R)-2-(N-((2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionylamino)-1,1-dimethylethyl acetate:$ 

H<sub>3</sub>C CH<sub>3</sub> O CH<sub>3</sub> O

(2E)-5-Amino-2-benzyl-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide:

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(1-naphthyl)ethyl)amide:

(2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)-3-(1-naphthyl)propionamide:

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-((1R)-2-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)N-methylamide:

(2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methyl-amino)-3-(benzo[b]thio-

phen-3-yl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl) propionamide:

5 (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-(((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)-methyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(1-naphthyl)ethyl)amide:

3-((2R)-2-(N-((2R)-2-(N-((2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-10 naphthyl)propionyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionylamino)propyl acetate:

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(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-(3-hydroxypropyl-carbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(((3-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)methoxy)methyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide:

N-Methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-2-(N-methyl-N-{((2-piperidinyl)methoxylacetyl}amino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide:

4-Aminocyclohexanecarboxylic acid N-methyl-N-{(1R)-1-[N- methyl-N-{(1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl]carbamoyl]-2-(2-naphtyl)ethyl)amide:

(2R)-N-Methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-2-(N-methyl-N-[{piperidin-4-yloxy}acetyl]amino)-3-(2naphthyl)propionamide:

oxadiazol-5-yl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamoyl]-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl} amide:

(2R)-2-(N-((2R)-2-(N-((2E)-5-((2R)-2-Hydroxypropylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-3-phenylpropionamide;

10 (2E)-5-Amino-N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-benzyl-2-((methylsulfonyl)amino)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-5-methyl-N-methylhex-2-enamide;

3-(1-Aminoethyl)benzoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide:

5-Amino-5-methyl-hex-2-enoic acid ((1R)-1-(((1R)-1-(((2R)-

2-hydroxypropylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)methylamide:

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 $\label{eq:continuous} (4-(1-Aminocyclobutyl)but-2-enoic acid ((1R)-1-(((1R)-1-((1-R)-1-(1-R)-1-((1-R$ 

H<sub>2</sub>N O NH CH

- 5-Amino-5-methyl-hex-2-enoic acid ((1R)-1-(((1R)-1-((2S)-
- 2-hydroxypropylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-
- 10 thienyl)ethyl)methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)methylamide.

(2R)-2-(N-[(2R)-2-(N-[(2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl]-N-methylamino)-3-

15 (2-naphthyl)propionyl]-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-3-phenylpropionamide:

(2R)-N-Methyl-2-(N-methyl-N-((2R)-2-(N-methyl-N-((((2S)-pyrrolidin-2-yl)methoxy)acetyl)amino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionyl)amino)-3-phenylpropionamide

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3-((2R)-2-(N-((2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionylamino)propyl acetate

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-

- 5 (dimethylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-
  - 2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide:

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(2R)-N-Methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-2-(N-methyl-N-[{piperidin-4-yloxy}acetyl]amino)-3-(2-naphthyl) propionamide

N-Methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-2-(N-methyl-N-[[(2-piperidinyl)methoxy]acetyl]amino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propinamide

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-(1-naphthyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl]-2-(2-

10 naphthyl)ethyl)amide:

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-(1-naphthyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl}-2-(4-

5 methoxyphenyl)ethyl)amide:

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-(1-naphthyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl}-2-phenylethyl)amide:

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-(2-naphthyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl]-2-(1-naphthyl)ethyl)amide:

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-(2-naphthyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl}-2-phenylethyl)amide:

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl}-2-(1-naphthyl)ethyl)amide:

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-(4-10 methoxyphenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl}-2-(4methoxyphenyl)ethyl)amide:

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl}-2-(2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenyl)ethyl)amide:

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-(4-10 methoxyphenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl}-2phenylethyl)amide:

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methyllhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-[(1R)-2-(2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-Nmethylcarbamoyl)-2-(1-naphthyl)ethyl)amide:

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-10 (2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl}-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)amide:

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-(2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-Nmethylcarbamoyl}-2-phenylethyl)amide:

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-10 phenyl-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl}-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)amide:

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-phenyl-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl}-2-(2,3,4,5,6-s pentafluorophenyl)ethyl)amide:

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-10 phenyl-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)amide:

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-me-thyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(thiophen-2-yl) ethyl)carbamoyl)-25 (2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide

10

(2E)-5-Methyl-5-methylaminohex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenyl ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide

(2E)-5-Amino-3,5-dimethylhex-2-enoic acid

N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(thiophen-2-yl)ethyl

5 )carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl) amide.

10 (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid

N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-(2-phenyl-1-(((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)carba moyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(1-naphthyl)ethyl)amide

5-Amino-3,5-dimethylhex-2-enoic acid

5 N-((1R)-2-(biphenyl-4-yl)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl) carbamoyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide.

10

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-2-(4-iodophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide

(2E)-5-Methyl-5-methylaminohex-2-enoic acid

N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-2-(4-iodophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamo

5 yl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide

10 (2E) 5-Methyl-5-amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(thien-2-yl)ethy l)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide.

5-methylamino-hex-2-enoic acid ((1R)-1-(((1R)-2-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-methylcarbamoylethyl)methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)methylamide

5-methylamino-hex-2-enoic acid ((1R)-1-(((1R)-10 2-phenyl-1-ethylcarbamoylethyl)methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)methylamide

5 5-Amino-5-methyl-hex-2-enoic acid ((1R)-1-(((1R)-1-((2S)-

2-hydroxypropylcarbamoyl)-2-(3,4-difluorophenyl)ethyl)methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-na phthyl)ethyl)methylamide.

10

5-Amino-5-methyl-hex-2-enoic acid

(1-[[2-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methylcarbamoylethyl]methylcarbamoyl]-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)methylamide.

(2Z)-5-Amino-3,5-dimethylhex-2-enoic acid
N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)carbamo
5 yl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide.

(2R)-2-(N-((2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoyl)-N-methylamino)-N-

10 ((1R)-1-benzyl-2-(3-cyclopropylthioureido)ethyl)-N-methyl-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide

(2R)-2-(N-[(2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl]-N-methylamino)-N-((1R)-1-(dimethylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-methyl-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide:

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-((2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)carbamoyl))) arbamoyl)) arbamoyl) arbamoy

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid

- 10 N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-(cyclopropylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamo yl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide;
  - (2E)-4-(1-Aminocyclobutyl)but-2-enoic acid N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-2-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide;
- 15 (2E)-4-(1-Aminocyclobutyl)but-2-enoic acid N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-(cyclopropylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide;
  - (2E) 4-(1-Aminocyclobutyl)-but-2-enoic acid N-((1R)-2-(biphenyl-4-yl)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide;
- 3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(2naphthyl)ethyl)benzamide;
  - 3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)benzamide;

- (2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide; (2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide;
- 5 (2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide; 3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)ethyl)-benzamide;
- 3-(1-Aminomethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(benzo[b]thiophen-3yl)ethyl)benzamide; (2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-
- 15 yl)propionamide; (2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)propionamide;
- (2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-
- ((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3yl)propionamide;
  - (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)ethyl)amide;
- 25 3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(benzyloxy)ethyl)benzamide;
  3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-
  - 2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(benzyloxy)ethyl)benzamide;
- 30 (2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(benzyloxy)propionamide;

- $\label{eq:continuous} (2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(benzyloxy)propionamide; \\ (2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(benzyloxy)propionamide; \\ (2R)-2-(N-((1R)-1-($
- 5 (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(benzyloxy)ethyl)amide;
  - 3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(biphenyl-4-
- 10 yl)ethyl)benzamide;
  - 3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl)benzamide; (2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(biphenyl-4-yl)propionamide;
- 15 (2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(biphenyl-4yl)propionamide;
  - (2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methyl-propoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(biphenyl-4-yl)propionamide;
- 20 (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(biphenyl-4yl)ethyl)amide;
  - 3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)-ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-
- 25 naphthyl)ethyl)benzamide;
  - 3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)benzamide; (2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide;
- 30 (2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide:

- (2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide:
- 3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-
- 5 (methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)-ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)ethyl)-benzamide;
  - 3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)ethyl)benz-amide:
- 10 (2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3yl)propionamide;
  - (2R)-2-(N-(((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-
- 15 yl)propionamide;
  - (2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)propionamide;
  - 3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-
- 20 (methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(benzyloxy)ethyl)benzamide;
  - 3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)-ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(benzyloxy)ethyl)benzamide;
  - (2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-
- 25 (methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-3-(benzyloxy)propionamide; (2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-3-(benzyloxy)propionamide;
  - (2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-
- ((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-3-(benzyloxy)propionamide;

- 3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl)benzamide;
- 3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-
- 5 2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl)benzamide; (2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-3-(biphenyl-4-yl)propionamide; (2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-3-(biphenyl-4-
- 10 yl)propionamide;
  - $\label{eq:continuous} \begin{tabular}{ll} $(2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-3-(biphenyl-4-yl)propionamide; \end{tabular}$
  - (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-
- 15 ((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl)amide;
  3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-
  - (methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)ethyl)benzamide;
- 20 3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)ethyl)benzamide; (2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)propionamide; (2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-
- 25 N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)propion-amide;
  (2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)propionamide;
- 30 (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(benzo[b]thiophen-3yl)ethyl)amide;

- 3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(benzyloxy)ethyl)benzamide; 3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(benzyloxy)ethyl)benzamide;
- 5 (2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-3-(benzyloxy)propionamide; (2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-3-(benzyloxy)propionamide; (2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-
- 10 ((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-3-(benzyloxy)propionamide; 3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(biphenyl-4yl)ethyl)benzamide;
  - 3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-
- 2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl)benzamide;
  (2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-3-(biphenyl-4-yl)propionamide;
  (2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-3-(biphenyl-4-yl)propionamide;
- 20 (2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyi)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-3-(biphenyl-4-yl)propionamide; 3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2naphthyl)ethyl)benzamide;
- 25 3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(M-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)benzamide;
  (2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide;
  (2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-
- 30 N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide:

- (2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide:
- (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-
- 5 ((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)-ethyl)amide;
  - 3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)ethyl)-benzamide;
- 3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)ethyl)-benzamide;
  - (2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-
- 15 yl)propionamide;
  - (2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)propionamide;
  - (2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-
- 20 ((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)propionamide;
  - (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)ethyl)amide;
- 25 3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(benzyloxy)ethyl)benzamide;
  3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(benzyloxy)ethyl)benzamide;
- 30 (2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-(benzyloxy)propionamide;

- (2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-(benzyloxy)propionamide;
- (2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N5 ((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-3(benzyloxy)propionamide:
  - (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(benzyloxy)ethyl)amide;
- 3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(biphen-4-yl)ethyl)benzamide;
  3 Aminomethyl N. methyl N. (4B) 1 (N. methyl N. (4B) 4 (methyl N. (4B) 4 (m
  - 3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl)benzamide;
- 15 (2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-(biphenyl-4yl)propionamide; (2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-

N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-(biphenyl-4-

- 20 yl)propionamide; or (2E)-5-Amino-5-methyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-((N-methyl-N-(methylsulfonyl)amino)methyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)hex-2-enamide.
- 25 It is believed that compounds of formula I exhibit an improved resistance to proteolytic degradation by enzymes because they are non-natural, in particular because the natural amide bonds are replaced by non-natural amide bond mimetics. The increased resistance to proteolytic degradation combined with the reduced size of the compounds of the invention in comparison with known hormone
- 30 releasing peptides is expected to improve their bioavailability compared to that of the peptides suggested in the prior literature.

In the above structural formulas and throughout the present specification, the following terms have the indicated meaning:

5 The C<sub>1-8</sub>-alkyl groups specified above are intended to include those alkyl groups of the designated length in either a linear or branched or cyclic configuration, Examples of linear alkyl groups are methyl, ethyl, propyl, butyl, pentyl and hexyl. Examples of branched alkyl groups are isopropyl, sec-butyl, tert-butyl, isopentyl, and isohexyl. Examples of cyclic alkyl are cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl and 10 cyclohexyl.

Especially preferred C<sub>1,3</sub>-alkyl groups are the C<sub>1,3</sub>-alkyl groups. Preferred C<sub>1,3</sub>-alkyl groups are methyl, ethyl, isopropyl and cyclopropyl.

- 15 The C<sub>1-a</sub>-alkoxy groups specified above are intended to include those alkoxy groups of the designated length in either a linear or branched or cyclic configuration. Examples of linear alkoxy groups are methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, butoxy, pentoxy and hexoxy. Examples of branched alkoxy are isoprpoxy, sec-butoxy, tert-butoxy, isopentoxy and isohexoxy. Example of cyclic alkoxy are cyclopropyloxy,
- 20 cyclobutyloxy, cyclopentyloxy and cyclohexyloxy.

Especially preferred  $C_{1,a}$ -alkoxy groups are the  $C_{1,a}$ -alkoxy groups. Preferred  $C_{1,a}$ -alkoxy groups are methoxy, ethoxy, isopropoxy and cyclopropoxy.

25 In the present context, the term C<sub>1-8</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl is intended to include the above defined C<sub>1-8</sub>-alkoxy groups attached to a carbonyl moiety.

In the present context, the term  $C_{1,s}$ -alkoxycarbonyloxy is intended to include the above defined  $C_{1,s}$ -alkoxy groups attached to a carbonyloxy mojety.

30

In the present context, the term "aryl" is intended to include aromatic rings, such as carboxyclic and heterocyclic aromatic rings selected from the group consisting of

phenyl, naphthyl, pyridyl, tetrazolyl, thiazolyl, imidazolyl, indolyl, quinolinyl, pyrimidinyl, thiadiazolyl, pyrazolyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thienyl, furanyl or oxadiazolyl optionally substituted with halogen, amino, hydroxy, C<sub>1-6</sub>-alkyl or C<sub>1-6</sub>-alkoxy. Aryl is preferably phenyl, thienyl, imidazolyl, pyridyl, indolyl, oxadiazole or naphthyl optionally substituted with halogen, amino, hydroxy, C<sub>1-6</sub>-alkyl or C<sub>1-6</sub>-alkoxy.

The term "halogen" includes Cl. F. Br and I.

The compounds of the present invention may have one or more asymmetric

centres and it is intended that stereoisomers, as separated, pure or partially
purified stereoisomers or racemic mixtures thereof are included in the scope of the
invention.

Pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salts of compounds of formula I include
those prepared by allowing the compound to react with an inorganic or organic acid
such as hydrochloric, hydrobromic, sulfuric, acetic, phosphoric, lactic, maleic,
phthalic, citric, glutaric, gluconic, methanesulfonic, salicylic, succinic, tartaric,
toluenesulfonic, trifluoroacetic, sulfamic or fumaric acid.

- 20 In another aspect, the present invention relates to a pharmaceutical composition comprising, as an active ingredient, a compound of the general formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof together with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent.
- 25 Pharmaceutical compositions containing a compound of the present invention may be prepared by conventional techniques, e.g. as described in <u>Remington's</u> <u>Pharmaceutical Sciences</u>, 1985. The compositions may appear in conventional forms, for example capsules, tablets, aerosols, solutions, suspensions or topical applications.

30

The pharmaceutical carrier or diluent employed may be a conventional solid or liquid carrier. Examples of solid carriers are lactose, terra alba, sucrose,

cyclodextrin, talc, gelatin, agar, pectin, acacia, magnesium stearate, stearic acid or lower alkyl ethers of cellulose. Examples of liquid carriers are syrup, peanut oil, olive oil, phospholipids, fatty acids, fatty acid amines, polyoxyethylene or water.

5 Similarly, the carrier or diluent may include any sustained release material known in the art, such as glyceryl monostearate or glyceryl distearate, alone or mixed with a wax.

If a solid carrier is used for oral administration, the preparation may be tabletted,
placed in a hard gelatin capsule in powder or pellet form or it can be in the form of a
troche or lozenge. The amount of solid carrier will vary widely but will usually be
from about 25 mg to about 1 g. If a liquid carrier is used, the preparation may be in
the form of a syrup, emulsion, soft gelatin capsule or sterile injectable liquid such as
an aqueous or non-aqueous liquid suspension or solution.

15

A typical tablet which may be prepared by conventional tabletting techniques may contain:

## 20 Core:

Active compound (as free compound or salt thereof)	100 mg
Colloidal silicon dioxide (Aerosil)	1.5 mg
Cellulose, microcryst. (Avicel)	70 mg
Modified cellulose gum (Ac-Di-Sol)	7.5 mg

## 25 Magnesium stearate

# Coating:

S	
HPMC approx.	9 mg
*Mywacett 9-40 T approx.	0.9 mg

30

<sup>\*</sup>Acylated monoglyceride used as plasticizer for film coating.

For nasal administration, the preparation may contain a compound of formula I dissolved or suspended in a liquid carrier, in particular an aqueous carrier, for aerosol application. The carrier may contain additives such as solubilizing agents,

5 e.g. propylene glycol, surfactants, absorption enhancers such as lecithin (phosphatidylcholine) or cyclodextrin, or preservatives such as parabenes.

Generally, the compounds of the present invention are dispensed in unit dosage form comprising 50-200 mg of active ingredient together with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier per unit dosage.

The dosage of the compounds according to this invention is suitably 0.1-500 mg/day, e.g. from about 5 to about 50 mg, such as about 10 mg per dose, when administered to patients, e.g. humans, as a drug.

15

The compounds of the invention possess interesting pharmacological properties, and it has been demonstrated that compounds of the general formula I possess the ability to release endogenous growth hormone *in vivo*. The compounds may therefore be used in the treatment of conditions which require increased plasma growth hormone levels such as in growth hormone deficient humans or in elderly patients or livestock.

Thus, in a particular aspect, the present invention relates to a pharmaceutical composition for stimulating the release of growth hormone from the pituitary, the composition comprising, as an active ingredient, a compound of the general formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof together with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent.

In a further aspect, the present invention relates to a method of stimulating the
release of growth hormone from the pituitary, the method comprising administering
to a subject in need thereof an effective amount of a compound of the general
formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

In a still further aspect, the present invention relates to the use of a compound of the general formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof for the preparation of a medicament for stimulating the release of growth hormone from the 5 pituitary.

To those skilled in the art, it is well known that the current and potential uses of growth hormone in humans are varied and multitudinous. Thus, compounds of formula I can be administered for purposes stimulating release of growth hormone from the pituitary and would then have similar effects or uses as growth hormone itself. The uses of growth hormone may be summarized as follows: stimulation of growth hormone release in the elderly; prevention of catabolic side effects of glucocorticoids, prevention and treatment of osteoporosis, stimulation of the immune system, acceleration of wound healing, accelerating bone fracture repair. treatment of growth retardation, treating renal failure or insufficiency resulting from growth retardation, treatment of physiological short stature including growth hormone deficient children and short stature associated with chronic illness. treatment of obesity and growth retardation associated with obesity, treating growth retardation associated with the Prader-Willi syndrome and Turner's syndrome; 20 accelerating the recovery and reducing hospitalization of burn patients; treatment of intrauterine growth retardation, skeletal dysplasia, hypercortisolism and Cushing's syndrome; induction of pulsatile growth hormone release; replacement of growth hormone in stressed patients, treatment of osteochondrodysplasias, Noonan's syndrome, schizophrenia, depressions, Alzheimer's disease, delayed wound 25 healing and psychosocial deprivation, treatment of pulmonary dysfunction and ventilator dependency, attenuation of protein catabolic responses after major surgery, reducing cachexia and protein loss due to chronic illness such as cancer or AIDS; treatment of hyperinsulinemia including nesidioblastosis, adjuvant treatment for ovulation induction; to stimulate thymic development and prevent the 30 age-related decline of thymic function, treatment of immunosuppressed patients. improvement in muscle strength, mobility, maintenance of skin thickness, metabolic homeostasis, renal homeostasis in the frail elderly, stimulation of osteoblasts, bone

remodelling and cartilage growth, stimulation of the immune system in companion animals and treatment of disorder of aging in companion animals, growth promoter in livestock and stimulation of wool growth in sheep.

5 For the above indications the dosage will vary depending on the compound of formula I employed, on the mode of administration and on the therapy desired. However, generally dosage levels between 0.0001 and 100 mg/kg body weight daily are administered to patients and animals to obtain effective release of endogenous growth hormone. Usually, dosage forms suitable for oral, nasal, pulmonal or transdermal administration comprise from about 0.0001 mg to about 100 mg, preferably from about 0.001 mg to about 50 mg of the compounds of formula I admixed with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent.

The compounds of formula I may be administered in pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt form or, where appropriate, as a alkali metal or alkaline earth metal or lower alkylammonium salt. Such salt forms are believed to exhibit approximately the same order of activity as the free base forms.

Optionally, the pharmaceutical composition of the invention may comprise a

compound of formula I combined with one or more compounds exhibiting a different
activity, e.g., an antibiotic or other pharmacologically active material.

The route of administration may be any route which effectively transports the active compound to the appropriate or desired site of action, such as oral, nasal,

25 pulmonary, transdermal or parenteral, the oral route being preferred.

Apart from the pharmaceutical use of the compounds of formula I, they may be useful in vitro tools for investigating the regulation of growth hormone release.

30 Compounds of formula I may also be useful in vivo tools for evaluating the growth hormone releasing capability of the pituitary. For example, serum samples taken before and after administration of these compounds to humans can be assayed for growth hormone. Comparison of the growth hormone in each serum sample would directly determine the ability of the patients pituitary to release growth hormone.

Compounds of formula I may be administered to commercially important animals to sincrease their rate and extent of growth, and to increase milk production.

A further use of growth hormone secretagogue compounds of formula I is in combination with other secretagogues such as GHRP (2 or 6), GHRH and its analogues, growth hormone and its analogues or somatomedins including IGF-1 and IGF-2.

## Pharmacological Methods

Compounds of formula I may be evaluated in vitro for their efficacy and potency to 15 release growth hormone in rat pituitary primary cultures.

The isolation of rat pituitary cells is a modification of O. Sartor et al., Endocrinology 116, 1985, pp. 952-957. Male albino Sprague-Dawley rats (250 +/- 25 grams) were purchased from Møllegaard, Lille Skensved, Denmark. The rats were housed in 20 group cages (four animals/cage) and placed in rooms with 12 hour light cycle. The room temperature varied from 19-24°C and the humidity from 30 - 60%.

The rats were decapitated and the pituitaries dissected. The neurointermediate lobes were removed and the remaining tissue was immediately placed in icecold isolation buffer (Gey's medium (Gibco 041-04030) supplemented with 0.25% D-glucose, 2% non-essential amino acids (Gibco 043-01140) and 1% bovine serum albumine (BSA) (Sigma A-4503)). The tissue was cut into small pieces and transferred to isolation buffer supplemented with 3.8 mg/ml of trypsin (Worthington #3707 TRL-3) and 330 mg/ml of DNase (Sigma D-4527). This mixture was incubated at 70 rotations/min for 35 min at 37°C in a 95/5% atmosphere of O<sub>2</sub>/CO<sub>2</sub>. The tissue was then washed three times in the above buffer. Using a standard pasteur pipet, the tissue was then aspirated into single cells. After dispersion, cells

were filtered through a nylon filter (160 mm) to remove undigested tissue. The cell suspension was washed 3 times with isolation buffer supplemented with trypsin inhibitor (0.75 mg/ml, Worthington #2829) and finally resuspended in culture medium; DMEM (Gibco 041-01965) supplemented with 25 mM HEPES (Sigma H-

5 3375), 4 mM glutamine (Gibco 043-05030H), 0.075% sodium bicarbonate (Sigma S-8875), 0.1% non-essential amino acid, 2.5% fetal calf serum (FCS, Gibco 011-06290), 3% horse serum (Gibco 034-06050), 10% fresh rat serum, 1 nM T<sub>3</sub> (Sigma T-2752) and 40 mg/L dexamethasone (Sigma D-4902) pH 7.3, to a density of 2 x 10<sup>5</sup> cells/ml. The cells were seeded into microtiter plates (Nunc, Denmark), 200 - ml/well, and cultured for 3 days at 37°C and 8% CO<sub>2</sub>.

# Compound testing

After culturing, the cells were washed twice with stimulation buffer (Hanks Balanced Salt Solution (Gibco 041-04020) supplemented with 1% BSA (Sigma A-4503), 0.25% D-glucose (Sigma G-5250) and 25 mM HEPES (Sigma H-3375) pH 7.3) and preincubated for 1 hour at 37°C. The buffer was exchanged with 90 ml stimulation buffer (37°C). Ten ml test compound solution was added and the plates were incubated for 15 min at 37°C and 5% CO<sub>2</sub>. The medium was decanted and analyzed for GH content in an rGH SPA test system.

All compounds were tested in doses ranging from 10 pM to 100 mM. A doseresponse relation was constructed using the Hill equation (Fig P, Biosoft). The efficacy (maximal GH released, E<sub>max</sub>) was expressed in % of the E<sub>max</sub> of GHRP-6.

25 The potency (EC<sub>50</sub>) was determined as the concentration inducing half maximal stimulation of the GH release.

30 Compounds of formula I may be evaluated for their metabolic stability.

Compounds were dissolved at a concentration of 1 mg/ml in water. 25 ml of this solution is added to 175 ml of the respective enzyme-solution (resulting in an enzyme:substrate ratio (w/w) of approximately 1:5). The solution is left at 37°C overnight. 10 ml of the various degradation solutions is analyzed against a

5 corresponding zero-sample using flow injection electrospray mass spectrometry (ESMS) with selected ion monitoring of the molecular ion. If the signal has decreased more than 20% compared to the zero-sample, the remainder of the solution is analyzed by HPLC and mass spectrometry in order to identify the extent and site(s) of degradation precisely.

10

Several standard peptides (ACTH 4-10, Angiotensin 1-14 and Glucagon) have been included in the stability tests in order to verify the ability of the various solutions to degrade peptides.

15 Standard peptides (angiotensin 1-14, ACTH 4-10 and glucagon) were purchased from Sigma, MO, USA)

Enzymes (trypsin, chymotrypsin, elastase aminopeptidase M and carboxypeptidase Y and B) were all purchased from Boehringer Mannheim GmbH (Mannheim,

20 Germany)

Pancreatic enzyme mix: trypsin, chymotrypsin and elastase in 100 mM ammoniumbicarbonate pH 8.0 (all concentrations 0.025 mg/ml).

25 Carboxypeptidase mix: carboxypeptidase Y and B in 50 mM ammoniumacetate pH 4.5 (all concentrations 0.025 mg/ml).

Aminopeptidase M solution: aminopeptidase M (0.025 mg/ml) in 100 mM ammoniumbicarbonate pH 8.0

30

Mass spectrometric analysis was performed using two different mass spectrometers. A Sciex API III triple quadrupole LC-MS instrument (Sciex

instruments, Thornhill, Ontario) equipped with an electrospray ion-source and a Biolon 20 time-of-flight Plasma Desorption instrument (Bio-lon Nordic AB, Uppsala, Sweden).

- 5 Quantification of the compounds (before and after degradation) was done on the API III instrument using single ion monitoring of the molecular ion in question with flow injection of the analyte. The liquid flow (MeOH:water 1:1) of 100 ml/min was controlled by an ABI 140B HPLC unit (Perkin-Elmer Applied Biosystems Divisions, Foster City, CA). The instrument parameters were set to standard operation conditions, and SIM monitoring was performed using the most intense molecular ion (in most cases this corresponded to the doubly charged molecular ion).
- Identification of degradation products furthermore involved the use of plasma desorption mass spectrometry (PDMS) with sample application on nitrocellulose coated targets and standard instrumental settings. The accuracy of the hereby determined masses is generally better than 0.1%.
  - Separation and isolation of degradation products was done using a HY-TACH C-18 reverse phase 4.6x105 mm HPLC column (Hewlett-Packard Company, Palo Alto, CA) with a standard acetopital. TEA separation gradient. The HPLC cyclem used
- 20 CA) with a standard acetonitril: TFA separation gradient. The HPLC system used was HP1090M (Hewlett-Packard Company, Palo Alto, CA).

Peptide	MW/SIM	Carbox	Pan.
derivative	ion (amu)	y-	enzy
		peptida	me
P 6		se	mix
		mix	
Standards			
ACTH 4-10	1124.5/5	+	
	62.8		-
Glucagon	3483/871	-	
	.8		-
Insulin (B23-	859.1/43		
29)	0.6		
Angiotensin	1760.1/8	-	
1-14	81.0		-
GHRP-2	817.4/40	-	
	9.6		-
GHRP-6	872.6/43	-	
	7.4		-

- +: Stable (less than 20% decrease in SIM signal after 24 h in degradation solution)
- 5 -: Unstable (more than 20% decrease in SIM signal after 24 h in degradation solution)

Any novel feature or combination of features described herein is considered essential to this invention.

### **EXAMPLES:**

The process for preparing compounds of formula I and preparations containing them is further illustrated in the following examples, which however, are not to be construed as limiting.

The structures of the compounds are confirmed by either elemental analysis (MA) nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR) or mass spectrometry (MS). NMR shifts (d) are given in parts per million (ppm) and only selected peaks are given. mp is melting point and is given in °C. Column chromatography was carried out using the technique described by W.C. Still et al, J. Org. Chem. 1978, 43, 2923-2925 on Merck silica gel 60 (Art 9385). Compounds used as starting materials are either known compounds or compounds which can readily be prepared by methods known per se.

15

#### Abbrevations:

TLC:

thin layer chromatography

DMSO:

dimethylsulfoxide

CDCI.:

deutorated chloroform

20 DMF:

N,N-dimethylformamide

.

minutes

h:

hours

# HPLC-Analysis:

25

### Method B1.

The RP-HPLC analysis was performed using UV detection at 214nm and a Vydac 218TP54 4.6 mm x 250 mm 5m C-18 silica column (The Seperations Group, Hesperia), which was eluted at 1ml/minute. Two solvent systems were used:

30 Solvent system I: 0.1% Trifluoroacetic acid in acetonitrile. Solvent system II: 0.1% Trifluoroacetic acid in water.

15

The column was equilibrated with a mixture composed of 5% of solvent system I and 95% of solvent system II. After injection of the sample a gradient of 5% to 60% of solvent system I in solvent system II was run over 50 minutes. The gradient was then extended to 100% of solvent system I over 15 minutes followed by isocratic elution with 100% of this system for 5 minutes.

### Method A1.

The RP-analysis was performed using UV detections at 214, 254, 276, and 301 nm on a Vydac 218TP54 4.6 mm x 250 mm 5m C-18 silica column (The Seperations Group, Hesperia), which was eluted at 1 mL/min at 42°C. The column was equilibrated with 5% acetonitrile in a buffer consisting of 0.1 M ammonium sulfate, which was adjusted to pH 2.5 with 4M sulfuric acid. after injection the sample was eluted by a gradient of 5% to 60% acetonitrile in the same buffer during 50 min.

## Example 1:

(2E) 5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide

20 hydrochloride:

Step A: At 0 °C, ethyl chloroformate (1.10 mL, 11.5 mmol) was given dropwise to a 5 solution of 3-tert-butoxycarbonylamino-3-methylbutanoic acid (2.50 g, 11.5 mmol) and triethylamine (1.92 mL, 13.8 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (10 mL). The solution was stirred for 40 min at 0 °C. The formed precipitate was filtered off and washed with tetrahydrofuran (20 mL). The liquid was immediately cooled to 0 °C. A 2M solution of lithium boronhydride in tetrahydrofuran (14.4 mL, 28.8 mmol) was added 10 dropwise. The solution was stirred at 0 °C for 2 h, and then warmed to room temperature, over a period of 4 h. It was cooled to 0 °C. Methanol (5 mL) was added carefully. 1N Hydrochloric acid (100 mL) was added. The solution was extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 100 mL, 3 x 50 mL). The combirted organic layers were washed with saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate solution (100 mL) and 15 dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was chromatographed on silica (110 g) with ethyl acetate/heptane 1:2 to give 1.84 g of 3-hydroxy-1,1-dimethylpropylcarbamic acid tert-butyl ester. <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>4</sub>); d 1.33 (s, 6 H); 1.44 (s, 9 H); 1.88 (t, 2 H); 1.94 (br, 1 H); 3.75 (q, 2 H); 4.98 (br, 1 H).

20

3-(tert-Butoxycarbonylamino)-3-methylbutanal:

25

Step B: DMSO (1.22 mL, 17.2 mmol) was added to a solution of oxalyl chloride (1.1 mL, 12.9 mmol) at -78 °C in dichloromethane (15 mL). The mixture was stirred for 15 min at -78 °C. A solution of 3-hydroxy-1,1-dimethylpropylcarbamic acid tert-butyl ester (1.75 a. 8.6 mmol) in dichloromethane (10 mL) was added dropwise over a

period of 15 min. The solution was stirred at -78 °C for another 15 min.

Triethylamine (6.0 mL, 43 mmol) was added. The solution was stirred at -78 °C for 5 min and then warmed to room temperature. The solution was diluted with dichloromethane (100 mL) and extracted with 1N hydrochloric acid (100 mL). The squeous phase was extracted with dichloromethane (50 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate solution (100 mL) and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by column chromatography on silica (140 g) with ethyl acetate/heptane (1:3) to give 1.10 g of 3-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-3-

MHz-<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): d 1.39 (s, 6 H); 1.45 (s, 9 H); 2.85 (d, 2 H); 4.73 (br. 1 H); 9.80 (t, 1 H).

15 Ethyl (2E)-5-(tert-Butoxycarbonylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoate:

Step C: Triethylphoshonoacetate (1.96 mL, 9.8 mmol) was dissolved in

tetrahydrofuran (30 mL). Potassium tert-butoxide (1.10 g, 9.8 mmol) was added.

The solution was stirred for 40 min at room temperature. A solution of 3-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-3-methylbutanal (1.10 g, 5.5 mmol) in Tetrahydrofuran (6 mL) was added. The solution was stirred at room temperature. for 75 min. It was diluted with ethyl acetate (100 mL) and 1N hydrochloric acid (100 mL). The phases

were separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 50 mL).

The combined organic phases were washed with saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate solution (60 mL) and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by column chromatography on silica (90 g) with ethyl acetate/hepatane (1:4) to give 1.27 g of ethyl (2E)-5-(tert-30 butoxycarbonylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoate.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): d 1.30 (s, 6 H); 1.30 (t, 3 H); 1.46 (s, 9 H); 2.62 (d, 2 H); 4.27 (q, 2 H); 4.42 (br, 1 H); 5.88 (d, 1 H); 6.94 (td, 1 H).

5 (2E)-5-(tert-Butoxycarbonylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid:

Step D: Ethyl (2E)-5-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoate (1.233 g, 4.54 mmol) was dissolved in dioxane (20 mL). Lithium hydroxide (0.120 g, 5.00 mmol) was added as a solid. Water (10 mL) was added, until a clear solution was reached. The solution was stirred 16 h at room temperature. The solution was diluted with water (70 mL) and was extracted with tert-butyl methyl ether (2 x 100 mL). The aqueous phase was acidified with 1N sodium hydrogensulfate solution (pH = 1) and was extracted with tert-butylmethylether (3 x 70 mL). The organic phases were combined and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo to give 1.05 g of (2E)-5-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid. The crude product was used for further syntheses.

¹H-NMR (DMSO d<sub>e</sub>): d 1.15 (s, 6 H); 1.35 (s, 9 H); 2.53 (d, 2 H); 5.75 (d, 1 H); 6.57 (d, 1 H); 6.57 (td, 1 H); 12.15 (s, 1 H).

N-Methyl-N-((R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl) carbamic acid tert-butyl ester:

25 Step E; N-Tert-butoxycarbonyl-N-methyl-D-phenylalanine (1.22 g, 4.4 mmol), 1-hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate(0.59 g, 4.4 mmol) and 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethyl-

aminopropyl)carbodiimid hydrochloride (0.88 g, 4.6 mmol) were dissolved in N,N-dimethylformamide (25 mL) and stirred for 30 min. Methylamine (0.51 g of a 40% solution in methanol, 6.6 mmol) was added and the mixture was stirred overnight. Methylene chloride (80 mL) and water (100 mL) were added and the phases were separated. The organic phase was washed with sodium hydroxide (20 mL, 1N), sodium hydrogensulfate (50 mL, 10 %) and water (50 mL). The organic phase was dried (magnesium sulfate) and the solvent removed in vacuo to afford 1.39 g of N-methyl-N-((R)1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester.

¹H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): d 1.25, 1.35 (two s (br), 9H); 2.73-2.94 (m, 7H); 3.30-3.50 (m, 1H); 4.68, 4.90 (two m, 1H); 5.90, 6.12 (two s (br); 1H); 7.12-7.25 (m, 5H).

(R)-N-Methyl-2-methylamino-3-phenylpropionamide:

15

Step F: N-Methyl-N-((R)1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (1.39 g, 7.23mmol) was dissolved in a mixture of trifluoroacetic acid (5 mL) and methylene chloride (10 mL) and stirred for 45 min. The volatiles were removed in vacuo and the residue was stirred with a mixture of ethyl acetate (100 mL) and water (100 mL). Sodium hydrogen carbonate (50 mL, saturated) was added and the phases were separated. The organic phase was dried (magnesium sulfate) and the solvent removed in vacuo to afford 330 mg of (R)-N-methyl-2-methylamino-3-phenylpropionamide.

25 <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): d 2.1 (s(br), 3H); 2.32 (s, 3H); 2.77 (dd, 1H); 2.81 (two s, 3H); 3.21 (dd, 1H); 3.32 (dd, 1H); 7.12 (s(br), 1H); 7.20-7.34 (m, 5H).

20

N-Methyl-N-{(1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester:

- 5 Step G: (R)-Tert-butoxycarbonyl-N-methylamino-3-(2-naphthyl)propionic acid (548 mg, 1.66 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (5 mL); 1-hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (227 mg, 1,66 mmol) was added along with N,N-dimethylformamide (2 mL). 1-Ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride (351 mg, 1.83 mmol) was added and the solution was stirred for 15 min. (R)-N-Methyl-2-methylamino-3-phenylpropionamide (320 mg, 1.66 mmol)
  - dissolved in methylene chloride (4 mL) and diisopropylethylamine (0.28 mL, 1.66 mmol) were added and the mixture was stirred overnight. Methylene chloride (50 mL) was added and the organic phase was washed with water (100 mL), sodium hydrogensulfate (50 mL, 5%) and sodium hydrogen carbonate (50 mL, saturated).
- The organic phase was dried (magnesium sulfate) and the solvent removed in vacuo. The residue was chromatographed (silica, 2 x 45 cm) using ethylacetate/methylene chloride (1:1) to afford 604 mg of N-methyl-N-{(1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-(1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)-ethyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester.
  - <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): d 1.05, 1.31, 1.56 (three s, 9H); 2.28-3.37 (several m, 13 H); 5.04, 5.17, 5.29, 5.48 (four dd, 2H); 7.05-7.79 (m, 12 H).

(2R)-N-Methyl-2-methylamino-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-3-(2- naphthyl)propionamide:

Step H; N-Methyl-N-{(1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-{(1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (600 mg, 1.19 mmol) was stirred in trifluoroacetic acid/methylene chloride (1:1, 5 mL) for 10 min and the volatiles were removed in vacuo. The residue was stripped with diethylether (2 x 5 mL) and dissolved in methanol (2 mL) and mixed with sodium hydrogen carbonate (10 mL) and ethylacetate (15 mL). The organic phase was separated and dried (magnesium sulfate) to afford 420 mg of (2R)-N-methyl-2-methylamino-N-10 ((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): (selected values) d 1.69 (s, 3H); 2.08 (d, 3H); 2.54 (s, 3H); 2.76 (dd, 1H); 2.92 (dd, 1H), 3.12 (dd, 1H), 3.31 (dd, 1H); 3.72 (dd, 1H), 4.95 (q (br), 1H); 5.50 (dd, 1H).

15

((3E)-1,1-Dimethyl-4-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methyl-N-(1R)-1-(methyl-N-(1R)-1-(nethyl-N-(1R

Step I: (2E)-5-(tert-Butyloxycarbonylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid (200 mg, 0.82 mmol), 1-hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (112 mg, 0.82 mmol) and 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-carbodiimide hydrochloride (173 mg, 0.90 mmol) were dissolved in a mixture of methylene chloride (10 mL) and N,N-dimethylformamide (1 mL) and strirred for 15 min. N-Methyl-2-methylamino-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide (332 mg, 0.82 mol) dissolved in methylene chloride (5 mL) and diisopropylethylamine (0.14 mL) were added and the mixture was stirred overnight under nitrogen atmosphere. The mixture was diluted with methylene chloride (50 mL), washed with water (50 mL), sodium hydrogen carbonate (30 mL, saturated), and sodium hydrogensulfate (30 mL, 5%). The phases were separated and the organic phase was dried with magnesium sulfate and evaporated in vacuo. The residue was chromatographed (silica, 2 x 40 to cm) to afford 450 mg of ((3E)-1,1-dimethyl-4-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-envyl)-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): (selected values) d 1.20, 1.22, 1.24, 1.30, 1.41, 1.55 (six s, 15 H), 20 4.30, 4.40 (two s (br), 1H); 5.08, 5.18, 5.32, 5.60, 5.87 (five dd, 2H); 6.05 (dd, 1H); 6.75 (m, 1H).

Step J: ((3E)-1,1-Dimethyl-4-(methyl-((1R)-1-(methyl-((1R)-1-(methyl-((1R)-1-(methyl-(1R)-1-(methyl-carbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)but-3-enyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (403 mg, 0.63 mmol) was stirred in a mixture of trifluroacetic acid

(4mL) and methylene chloride (4 mL) for 10 min. The volatiles were removed in vacuo and the crude product was chromatograped on silica (400g) using a mixture of methylene chloride, ethanol and ammonia (25% in water) (80/18/2) as eluent. The isolated product was dissolved in 3M hydrochloric acid in ethyl acetate and evaporated, then redissolved in methylene chloride and evaporated twice to afford 140 mg of the title compound.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): d 1.05, 1.10, 1.15, 1.16 (four s, 6H); 2.07 (s (br); 3H); 5.12, 5.32, 5.40, 5.60, 5.91 (five dd, 2H); 6.05, 6.14 (two d, 1H); 6.80 (m, 1H)

HPLC: R, = 29.02 min (Method A1)

ESMS:  $m/z = 529 (100\%)(M+H)^{+}$ 

15

10

## Example 2:

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-((1R)-1-(((1R)-1-((2-methoxyethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide:

20

This compound was prepared analogously to example 1. 2-methoxyethylamine was substituted for methylamine in step E.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks, mixture of rotamers) d 1.05; 1.10 (two d, 6H),

3.34 (s, 3H), 6.02 (d, 1H)

HPLC: Rt = 30.47 min (Method A1)

5 PDMS: m/z = 573.3 (100%) (M+H)\*

## Example 3:

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-((1R)-1-(((1R)-1-(((2S)-2-hydroxy-10 propylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-Nmethylamide:

15

This compound was prepared analogously to example 1. (S)-2-hydroxypropylamine was substituted for methylamine in step E.

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks, mixture of rotamers) d 3.90 (m, 1H); 5.55 (dd,  $^{2}\text{O}$  1H); 5.58 (d, 1H)

HPLC:  $R_t$ = 29.03 min (Method A1)

PDMS:  $m/z = 573.5 (100\%)(M+H)^{+}$ 

# Example 4:

 $\label{lem:condition} \begin{tabular}{ll} (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methyl-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-(((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)-carbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-methyl-1-((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)-carbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-methyl-1-((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)-carbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-methyl-1-((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)-carbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-methyl-1-((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)-2-phenylethyl)-2-phenylethyl)-2-phenylethyl)-2-(2-methyl-1-((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)-2-phenylethyl)-2-phenylethyl)-2-(2-methyl-1-((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)-2-phenylethyl)-2-phenylethyl)-2-(2-methyl-1-((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)-2-(2-methyl-1-((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)-2-(2-methyl-1-((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)-2-(2-methyl-1-((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)-2-(2-methyl-1-((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)-2-(2-methyl-1-((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)-2-(2-methyl-1-((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)-2-(2-methyl-1-((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)-2-(2-methyl-1-((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)-2-((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl-1-((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)-2-((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl-2-($ 

5 naphthyl)amide:

10 This compound was prepared analogously to example 1. 2-(methylamino)tetrahydrofuran was substituted for methylamine in step E.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks, mixture of rotamers) d 1.06, 1.09 (two d, 6H); 2.78 (d, 2H); 5.25-5.62 (m, 2H); 6.05 (m, 1H)

15

HPLC: R<sub>t</sub> = 33.65 min (method A1)

## Example 5:

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-((1R)-1-(((1R)-1-(((vclopropylmethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide:

This compound was prepared analogously to example 1. Cyclopropylmethylamine 10 was substituted for methylamine in step E.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks, mixture of rotamers) d 0.08-0.20 (m, 2H); 1.05; 1.15 (two s, 6H); 6.02, 6.05 (two d, 1H)

15 HPLC: R<sub>t</sub> = 35.7 min (Method A1)

# Example 6

20 (2E)-3-(Azetidin-3-yl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)acrylamide:

3-Carboxyazetidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester.

Azetidine-3-carboxylic acid (10.0 g; 98.9 mmol) was dissolved in tetrahydrofuran (120 mL) and water (20 mL). An aqueous solution of sodium hydroxide (10 mL; 1 N) was added. Di-tert butyl dicarbonate (25.9 g; 118.7 mmol) was dissolved in tetrahydrofuran (80 mL) and added dropwise to the reaction mixture. The reaction mixture was stirred for 12 hours at room temperature and evaporated in vacuo. To the residue was added water (100 mL) and an aqueous solution of sodium hydroxide (100 mL; 1N) and the aqueous phase was extracted with diethyl ether (2 x 100 mL). The aqueous phase was acidified with an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogensulfate (1 M) until pH 2. Diethyl ether (200 mL) was added and the organic phase was dried (magnesium sulfate) and evaporated in vacuo to afford 20 g of 3-carboxyazetidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) d 1.43 (s, 9H); 3.37 (p, 1H); 4.14 (d, 4H); 10.05 (s, 1H).

1-Carboxyazetidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester (5.0 g; 24.8 mmol) was dissolved in dry tetrahydrofuran. Triethylamine (4.1 mL; 29.8 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was cooled to 0°C. Ethyl chloroformate (2.4 mL; 24.8 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 40 min at 0°C. The reaction mixture was filtered and the filter cake was washed with dry tetrahydrofuran (30 mL). The combined filtrates were cooled to 0°C and lithium borohydride (2.0 M in tetrahydrofuran; 31 mL; 62.1 mmol) was added dropwise to the reaction mixture and it was then heated to room temperature and stirred for 12 hours. The reaction mixture was cooled to 0°C and methanol (10 mL) was added dropwise. An aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (100 mL; 10 %) was added and the reaction mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate (4 x 100 mL). The combined organic phases were washed with a saturated solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (100 mL), dried (magnesium sulfate) and evaporated in vacuo to afford 3.43 g of 3-hydroxymethylazetidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) d: 1.43 (s, 9H); 2.7 (p, 1H); 3.63-3.70 (m, 2H), 3.74 (d, 1H); 3.88 (d, 1H); 3.9-4.0 (m, 2H).

3-Formylazetidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester.

20

Oxalyl chloride (2.1 mL; 24.0 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (30 mL) and cooled to -78°C. Dimethyl sulfoxide (2.3 mL; 32.0 mmol) was added.

A solution of 3-hydroxymethylazetidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester (3.0 g; 16.0 mmol) in methylene chloride (20 mL) was added dropwise to the reaction mixture.

5 Triethyl amine (11.1 mL; 80.1 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was heated to room temperature. Methylene chloride (200 mL) and hydrochloric acid (200 mL; 1 N) was added. The aqueous phase was extracted with methylene chloride (100 mL). The combined organic phases were washed with saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate (100 mL), dried (magnesium sulfate) and evaporated in vacuo. The residue was chromatographed on silica (3 x 30 cm) using ethyl acetate/heptane (4:1) as eluent to afford 1.11 g of 3-formylazetidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butylester.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) d: 1.43 (s, 9H); 3.37 (p, 1H); 4.05-4.15 (m, 4H); 9.82 (s, 1H).

3-((E)-2-Ethoxycarbonylvinyl)azetidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butylester:

- 20 Triethyl phosphonoacetate (1.9 mL; 9.72 mmol) was dissolved in tetrahydrofuran (30 mL). Potassium tert-butoxide (1.1 g; 9.72 mmol) was added portionwise.
  3-Formylazetidine-1-car-boxylic acid tert-butyl ester (1.0 g; 5.40 mmol) was dissolved in tetrahydrofuran (6 mL) and added to the reaction mixture. The reaction mixture was stirred for 1 hour at room temperature. Ethyl acetate (100 mL) and
- 25 hydrochloric acid (100 mL; 1 N) were added and the phases were separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 50 mL) and the combined organic phases were washed with saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate (100 mL),

dried (magnesium sulfate) and evaporated in vacuo. The residue was chromatographed on silica (3  $\times$  30 cm) using ethyl acetate/heptane (1:1) as eluent to afford 1.0 g of 3-((E)-2-ethoxycarbonylvinyl)azetidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) d : 1.24 (t, 3H); 1.48 (s, 9H); 3.22-3.32 (m, 1H); 3.75 (dd, 2H); 4.08 (t, 2H); 4.15 (q, 2H); 5.8 (d, 1H); 7.02 (dd, 1H).

3-((E)-2-Carboxyvinyl)azetidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester:

3-((E)-2-Ethoxycarbonylvinyl)azetidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester (0.95 g; 3.72 mmol) was dissolved in 1,4-dioxane (15 mL). Lithium hydroxide (0.098 g; 4.1 mmol) and water (10 mL) were added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 12 hours at room temperature. Water (70 mL) was added and the reaction mixture was washed with tert-butyl methyl ether (70 mL) and the phases were separated. The aqueous phase was adjusted to pH 2 with an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogensulfate (10 %) and extracted with tert-butyl methylether (3 x 70 mL). The combined organic phases were dried (magnesium sulfate) and the solvent evaporated in vacuo to afford 0.76 g of 3-((E)-2-carboxyvinyl)azetidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) d : 1.43 (s, 9H); 3.31-3.42 (m, 1H); 3.84 (dd, 2H); 4.16 (t, 2H); 5.88 25 (d, 1H); 7.18 (dd, 1H).

3-(2-(Methyl-((1R)-1-(methyl-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-

2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)vinyl)azetidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester.

- 5 3-((E)-2-Carboxyvinyl)azetidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester (0.28 g; 1.24 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (3 mL). 1-Hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (0.17 g; 1.24 mmol) and N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (0.26 g; 1.36 mmol) were added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at room temperature. N-Methyl-2-methylamino-N-(1-(methyl-carbamoyl)-
- 2-phenylethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide (0.50 g; 1.24 mmol) (prepared as in example 1) was dissolved in methylene chloride (3 mL) and added to the reaction mixture. Ethyldiisopropylamine (0.21 mL; 1.24 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 12 hours at room temperature. Methylene chloride (20 mL) was added and the reaction mixture was washed with water (10 mL), an aqueous
- solution of sodium hydrogen sulfate (10 mL; 10 %), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (10 mL; sat.) and water (10 mL). The organic phase was dried (magnesium sulfate) and evaporated in vacuo. The residue was chromatographed on silica (2,5 x 20 cm) using 2.5%(7% ammonia in ethanol) in methylene chloride as eluent to afford 0.49 g of 3-((E)-2-(methyl((1R)-1-(methyl((1R)-1-
- 20 (methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2naphthyl)cthyl)carbamoyl)vinyl)azetidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester,

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) d 1.41, 1.45 (two s, 9H); 1.55, 1.58 (two s, 3H); 2.21 (d, 1H); 2.54 (s, 1H); 2.72-2.81 (m, 3H); 2.83-2.96 (m, 1H); 3.0 (d, 3H); 3.02-3.42 (m, 3H); 3.68-

3.82 (m, 2H); 4.06 (q, 1H); 4.14 (q, 1H); 5.11, 5.31 (two m, 1H); 5.58, 5.88 (two dd, 1H); 6.03 (d, 1H); 6.88, 6.91 (two dd, 1H); 7.0-7.23 (m, 5H); 7.3-7.58 (m, 3H); 7.65-7.81 (m, 3H).

5 3-((E)-2-(Methyl((1R)-1-(methyl-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)vinyl)azetidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester (0.45 g; 0.73 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (2 mL).
 Trifluoroacetic acid (2 mL) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 7 min. Methylene chloride (50 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen
 carbonate/sodium carbonate (50 mL; pH 9) and sodium carbonate were added to the reaction mixture until pH 8. The organic phase was dried (magnesium sulfate) and evaporated in vacuo to afford 0.29 g of the title compound.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) d (selected peaks) : 2.25, 2.26, 2.28 (three s, 3H); 5.12, 5.31, 15 5.59, 5.88 (four dd, 2H); 6.00 (dd, 1H; J<sub>1</sub>=15 Hz; J<sub>2</sub>=2.5 Hz); 6.91 (m, 1H).

ESMS: m/z 513.2  $(M+H)^+$ HPLC:  $r_t = 29.40 \min (A1)$ 

# 20 Example 7

(2R)-N-Methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-2-(methyl((piperidin-4-ylidene)acetyl)amino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide:

4-Oxopiperidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester:

Piperidin-4-one hydrochloride (10.0 g; 74.3 mmol) was dissolved in tetrahydrofuran (100 mL) and an aqueous solution of sodium hydroxide (74 mL; 74.3 mmol; 1 N) was added. Di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (19.5 g; 89.2 mmol) was dissolved in tetrahydrofuran (50 mL) and added dropwise. The reaction mixture was stirred for 12 hours at room temperature and evaporated in vacuo. The residue was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 100 mL). The combined organic phases were washed with an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen sulfate (100 mL; 10 %), dried (magnesium sulfate) and evaporated. The residue was crystallised from heptane and dried in vacuo to afford 10.9 g of 4-oxopiperidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCI<sub>2</sub>) d: 1.50 (s, 9H); 2.44 (t, 4H); 3.71 (t, 4 H).

20 4-Carboxymethylenepiperidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester:

4-Oxopiperidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester (8.0 g; 40.2 mmol) was dissolved in toluene (80 mL). Carboethoxymethylene triphenylphosphorane (17.5 g; 50.2

20

mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was heated 12 hours at reflux. The reaction mixture was evaporated in vacuo and the residue was chromatographed on silica (4.5 x 30 cm) using diethyl ether/heptane (1:1) as eluent to afford 9.5 g (35.7 mmol) of 4-Ethoxycarbonylmethylenepiperidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl sester, which was dissolved in 1,4-dioxane and cooled to 0°C. Lithium hydroxide (2.73 g; 114 mmol) was dissolved in water (20 mL) and added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 12 hours at room temperature. Ethyl acetate (200 mL) and water (100 mL) was added. Sodium hydrogen sulfate (10 %; aqueous solution) was added to pH 2. The organic phase was washed with water (100 mL), dried (magnesium sulfate) and evaporated in vacuo to afford 5.49 g of 4-carboxymethylenepiperidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) d: 1.47 (s, 9H); 2.31 (t, 2H), 2.94 (t, 2H); 3.50 (dt, 4H); 5.75 (s, 1H); 10.75 (s, 1H).

4-((N-Methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)methylene)piperidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester:

4-Carboxymethylenepiperidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester (0.60 g; 2.45 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (50 mL) and N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (0.26 g; 1.36 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at room temperature. (2R)-N-Methyl-2-methylamino-N-((1R)-1-(methyl-carbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide (0.5 g;

- 1.24 mmol, prepared as in example 1) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 12 hours at room temperature. The reaction mixture was washed with water (50 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen sulfate (50 mL; 10 %), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (50 mL; sat.), dried (magnesium
- s sulfate) and evaporated in vacuo. The residue was chromatographed on silica (2 x 20 cm) using ethyl acetate as eluent to afford 0.270 g of 4-((N-Methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methyl-carbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)methylene)piperidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester.
- ¹H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) d : 1.42 (s, 3H); 1.45 (s, 3H); 1.52, 1.55 (two s, 9H); 2.05-2.18 (m, 1H); 2.34-2.42 (m, 2H); 2.71-2.80 (m, 3H); 2.80-2.89 (m, 1H); 2.90-3.01 (m, 3H); 3.02-3.36 (m, 3H); 5.16, 5.36 (two m, 1H); 5.57, 5.90 (two t, 1H); 6.90-7.25 (m, 6H); 7.28-7.53 (m, 3H); 7.61-7.82 (m, 3H).
- 15 4-((N-Methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)methylene)piperidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester (0.27 g; 0.43 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (8 mL) and trifluoroacetic acid (8 mL) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 10 min. Methylene chloride (30 mL) and an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen
- 20 carbonate (10 mL; satturated) were added. Solid sodium hydrogen carbonate was added to pH 8. The organic phase was dried (magnesium sulfate) and evaporated in vacuo to afford 0.17 g of the title compound.
- 25 <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) d (rotamers, selected peaks): 5.18; 5.38; 5.58; 5.90 (four dd, 2H); 5.49, 5.52 (two s. 1H)

ESMS: m/z 527.4 (M+H)\*

30 HPLC: r<sub>t</sub> = 28.62 min (Method A1)

#### Example 8

(2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-3-(2naphthyl)-N-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-(((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)propionamide:

Methyl-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)-carbamoyl)ethyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester:

- 15 (2R)-2-(tert-Butoxycarbonylmethylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid (5.0 g; 17.9 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (50 mL). 1-Hydroxybenzotriazole (2.42 g; 17.9 mmol) and N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (3.58 g; 18.8 mmol) were added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at room temperature. ((Tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)amine (1.72 g; 17.1 mmol) and
- 20 diisopropyl- ethylamine (3.2 mL; 18.8 mmol) were added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 12 hours at room temperature. Methylene chloride (200 mL) was added and the reaction mixture was washed with water (100 mL), an aqueous

solution of sodium hydrogen sulfate (10 %, 100 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (saturated, 100 mL), water (100 mL) and dried (magnesium sulfate). The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was chromatographed on silica (3 x 40 cm) using ethyl acetate/heptane (2:1) as eluent to afford 5.62 g of methyl-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-(((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester.

¹H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) d : 1.28; 1.38 (two s, 9H); 1.40-1.57 (m, 1H); 1.76-2.01 (m, 3H); 2.70-2.80 (m, 3H); 2.86-2.96 (m, 1H); 3.15-3.61 (m, 3H); 3.67-3.75 (m, 1H); 3.76-10 3.85 (m, 1H); 3.86-3.99 (m, 1H); 4.72; 4.92 (two m, 1H); 6.26; 6.4 (two m, 1H); 7.14-7.29 (m, 5H).

(2R)-2-Methylamino-3-phenyl-N-((2-tetrahydrofuranyl)methyl)propionamide:

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Methyl-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-((tetrahydrofuran-2-ylmethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (5.5 g; 15.2 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (20 mL) and trifluoroacetic acid (20 mL) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 1 hour at room temperature. Methylene chloride (100 mL) and an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate/sodium carbonate (pH 9, 50 mL) were added and solid sodium hydrogen carbonate was added until pH 8. The aquous phase was extracted with methylene chloride (100 mL) and the combined organic phases were dried (magnesium sulfate). The solvent was removed in vacuo to afford 3.62 g of (2R)-2-Methyl-amino-3-phenyl-N-((2-tetrahydrofuranyl)methyl)propionamide.

25

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) d : 1.46-1.57 (m, 1H); 1.62 (s, 1);1.82-2.01 (m, 3H); 2.29 (d, 3H); 2.65-2.74 (m, 1H); 3.16-3.27 (m, 3H); 3.49-3.58 (m, 1H); 3.7-3.78 (m, 1H); 3.8-3.88 (m, 1H); 3.9-3.98 (m, 1H); 7.19-7.34 (m, 5H); 7.43 (s, 1H).

Methyl-((1R)-1-(methyl-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-(((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)-carbamoyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester:

(2R)-2-(tert-Butoxycarbonylmethylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionic acid (4.14 g; 12.58 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (40 mL). 1-Hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (1.71 g; 12.6 mmol) and N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-

- ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (2.52 g; 13.2 mmol) were added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at room temperature. (2R)-2-Methylamino-3-phenyl-N-((2-tetrahydrofuranyl)methyl)propionamide (3.0 g; 11.4 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (2.15 mL; 12.6 mmol) were added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 12 hours at room temperature. Methylene chloride (200 mL) was added.
- 15 The reaction mixture was washed with water (200 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate/sodium carbonate (pH 9, 100 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen sulfate (10 %, 100 mL), water (100 mL) and dried (magnesium sulfate). The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was chromatographed on silica (4 x 40 cm) using ethyl acetate/heptane (1:1) as eluent to afford 4.27 g of methyl-((1R)-1-(methyl-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-(((tetrahydro-furan-2-
- vi alioru 4.27 g oli metnyi-((1R)-1-(metnyi-((1R)-2-pnenyi-1-(((terranydro-ruran-2-yl)methyl)-carbamoyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) d : 1.01 (s, 2H); 1.24 and 1.27 (two s, 9H); 1.54-1.64 (m, 1H); 25 1.65-1.99 (m, 2H); 2.24 (t, 2H); 2.7-2.8 (m, 1H); 2.82; 2.88 (two d, 3H); 2.95 (s, 3H); 3.00-3.44 (m, 2H); 2.45-2.98 (m, 3H); 4.96-5.10 (m, 1H); 5.30-5.45 (m, 1H); 5.95; 6.17 (two m, 1H); 7.02-7.10 (m, 1H); 7.11-7.23 (m, 4H); 7.34-7.47 (m, 3 H); 7.65 (s, 1H); 7.68-7.8 (m, 4H).

5 (2R)-N-Methyl-2-methylamino-3-(2-naphthyl)-N-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-(((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)propionamide:

Methyl-((1R)-1-(methyl-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-(((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester. (4.2 g; 7.32 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (20 mL) and trifluoroacetic acid (20 mL) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at room temperature. Methylene chloride (100 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate/sodium carbonate (pH 9, 100 mL) and solid sodium hydrogen carbonate were added to the reaction mixture until pH 8. The organic phase was dried (magnesium sulfate) and evaporated in vacuo to afford 3.5 g of (2R)-N-methyl-2-methylamino-3-(2-naphthyl)-N-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-(((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)carbamoyl)ethylpropionamide.

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(1,1-Dimethyl-2-((N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-(((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)methoxy)ethyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester:

(2-tert Butoxycarbonylamino-2-methylpropoxy)acetic acid (0.5 g; 2.06 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (10 mL). 1-Hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (0.2 g; 1.51 mmol) and N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (0.30 g;

- 5 1.58 mmol) were added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at room temperature. (2R)-N-Methyl-2-methylamino-3-(2-naphthyl)-N-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-(((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)propionamide (0.65 g; 1.37 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (0.26 mL; 1.51 mmol) were added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 12 hours at room temperature. Methylene chloride (100 mL)
- was added. The reaction mixture was washed with an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen sulfate (10 %; 50 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (sat; 50 mL) and dried (magnesium sulfate). The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was filtered through silica to afford 0.76 g of (1,1-dimethyl-2-((N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-((tetrahydrofuran-2-
- 15 ylmethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(2naphthyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)methoxylethyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) d: 0.89-0.95 (m, 3H); 1.1; 1.15 (two s, 3H); 1.41; 1.43 (two s, 9H); 2.68-2.0 (m, 4H); 2.22 (s, 1H); 2.26 (s, 1H); 2.82; 2.86 (two d, 3H); 2.88-2.97 (m, 2H); 2.99 (d, 3H); 3.06-3.36 (m, 3H); 3.45-3.95 (m, 5H); 5.05; 5.16 (two m, 1H); 5.33 (s, 1H); 5.37-5.5 (m, 1H); 5.81; 5.91 (two q, 1H); 6.89-7.1 (m, 2H); 7.13-7.24 (m, 4H); 7.34-7.47 (m, 3H); 7.63 (s, 1H); 7.69-7.79 (m, 3H).

(1,1-Dimethyl-2-((N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-(((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)carbamoyl)methoxy)ethyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (0.76 g; 1.08 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (5 mL) and trifluoroacetic acid (5 mL)

was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 10 min at room temperature. Methylene chloride (50 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate/sodium carbonate (pH 9; 50 mL) and solid sodium hydrogen carbonate was added to the reaction mixture until pH 8. The aqueous phase was extracted with methylene chloride (2 x 50 mL) and the combined organic layers were dried (magnesium sulfate) and evaporated in vacuo to afford 0.6 g of the title compound.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) d (rotamers; selected peaks): 1.00; 1.02; 1.03; 1.09 (four s; 6H); 5.07; 5.15; 5.78; 5.97 (four dd, 1H); 5.42 (m; 1H).

15 ESMS: m/z 602.9 (M+H)+

HPLC: R<sub>t</sub> = 33.30 (Method A1)

#### Example 9

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(2E)-5-Amino-3,5-dimethylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-(((2-tetra-hydrofuranyl)methyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide:

# (1,1-Dimethyl-3-oxobutyl)carbamic acid tert-butylester:

Diacetonamine hydrogen oxalate (30.0 g; 146 mmol) was suspended in tetrahydrofuran (400 mL). An aqueous solution of sodium hydroxide (1 N; 146 mL) was added. Di-tert-Butyl dicarbonate (38.3 g; 175 mmol) was dissolved in tetrahydrofuran (100 mL) and added dropwise to the reaction mixture. The reaction mixture was stirred for 2 hours at room temperature. Sodium hydroxide (1 N; 146 mL) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 12 hours at room temperature. Water (200 mL) and ethyl acetate (200 mL) were added. The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (4 x 200 mL). The combined organic phases were dried (magnesium sulfate) and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The residue was chromatographed on silica (6 x 40 cm) using ethyl acetate/heptane (1:3) as eluent to afford 28.4 g of (1,1-dimethyl-3-oxobutyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) d 1.34 (s, 6H); 1.42 (s, 9H); 2.14 (s, 3H); 2.86 (s, 2H); 4.85 (s, 1H).

(E)-5-tert-Butoxycarbonylamino-3,5-dimethylhex-2-enoic acid ethylester:

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Triethyl phosphono acetate (4.7 g; 20.9 mmol) was dissolved in tetrahydrofuran (36 mL). Potassium tert-butoxide (2.3 g; 20.9 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 40 min at room temperature.

(1,1-dimethyl-3-oxobutyl)carbamic acid tert-butylester (2.5 g; 11.6 mmol) was dissolved in tetrahydrofuran (15 mL) and added dropwise to the reaction mixture which was heated to reflux for 12 h. Ethyl acetate (100 mL) and hydrochloric acid (1

N; 100 mL) were added and the phases were separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic phases were washed with an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (saturated; 100 mL), dried (magnesium sulfate) and evaporated in vacuo. The residue was chromatographed on silica (3 x 40 cm) using ethyl acetate/heptane (1:2) as eluent to afford 2.0 g of (E)-5-tert-Butoxycarbonylamino-3,5-dimethylhex-2-enoic acid ethylester.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) d 1.25 (t, 3H); 1.30 (s, 6H); 1.44 (s, 9H); 2.21 (s, 3H); 2.58 (s, 2H); 4.14 (g, 2H); 4.48 (s, 1H); 5.65 (s, 1H).

15

(2E)-5-tert-Butoxycarbonylamino-3,5-dimethylhex-2-enoic acid:

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(E)-5-tert-Butoxycarbonylamino-3,5-dimethylhex-2-enoic acid ethylester (1.95 g; 6.83 mmol) was dissolved in 1,4-dioxane (25 mL) and water (15 mL). Lithium hydroxide (0.18 g; 7.52 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 12 hours at room temperature. Water (150 mL) and tert-butyl methyl ether (150 mL) was added. The aqueous phase was diluted with an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogensulfate (10 %) until pH 2,5 and extracted with tert-butyl methylether (3 x 100 mL). The combined organic phases were dried (magnesium sulfate) and evaporated in vacuo. The residue was recrystallized from heptane (20 mL) to afford 0.6 g of (2E)-5-tert-Butoxycarbonylamino-3,5-dimethylhex-2-enoic acid.

¹H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) d 1.29 (s, 6H); 1.44 (s, 9H); 2.23 (s, 3H); 2.62 (s, 2H); 4.45 (s, 1H); 5.66 (s, 1H).

((3E)-1,1,3-Trimethyl-4-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-5 (((tetrahydrofuran-2-yi)methyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)but-3-enyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester:

(2E)-5-tert-Butoxycarbonylamino-3,5-dimethylhex-2-enoic acid (0.3 g; 1.17 mmol)

was dissolved in methylene chloride (10 mL). 1-Hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (0.12 g; 0.85 mmol) and N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (0.17 g; 0.89 mmol) were added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at room temperature.

15 (2R)-N-Methyl-2-methylamino-3-(2-naphthyl)-N-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-(((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)carbamo-yl)ethyl)propionamide (0.37 g; 0.78 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (0.15 mL; 0.85 mmol) were added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 12 hours at room temperature. Methylene chloride (50 mL) was added and the reaction mixture was washed with water (50 mL), an aqueous
 solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (saturated; 30 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen sulfate (10 %; 30 mL), water (30 mL), and dried (magnesium sulfate). The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was chromatographed on silica (2.5 x 30 cm) using ethyl acetate/heptane (2:1) as eluent to afford 0.21 g of

((3E)-1.1.3-trimethyl-4-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-

25 (((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-

naphthyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)but-3-enyl)carbamic acid tert-butylester.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)(rotamers; selected peaks) d: 1.15; 1.21; (two s; 6H); 1.30; 1.41 (two s: 9H).

5

((3E)-1,1,3-Trimethyl-4-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-2-phenyl-1(((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)but-3-enyl)carbamic acid tert-butylester (0.20 g; 0.28 mmol) was

dissolved in methylene chloride (3 mL). Trifluoroacetic acid (3 mL) was added and
the reaction mixture was stirred for 6 min at room temperature. Methylene chloride
(50 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate/sodium carbonate (pH
9; 50 mL) and solid sodium hydrogen carbonate were added to the reaction mixture
to pH 8. The organic phase was dried (magnesium sulfate) and evaporated in

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)(rotamers; selected peaks) d : 1.36; 1.41 (two s; 6H); 4.38; 5.12; 5.31; 6.25 (four m; 2H).

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ESMS: m/z:613.7 (M+H)\*

HPLC: R, = 34.47 (Method A1)

25

#### Example 10

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-((1R)-2-benzyloxy-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide:

(2R)-3-Benzyloxy-2-(tert-butoxycarbonylmethylamino)propionic acid:

(2R)-3-Benzyloxy-2-tert-butoxycarbonylaminopropionic acid (7.0 g; 23.7 mmol) was dissolved in dry tetrahydrofuran and iodomethane (11.9 mL; 189 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was cooled to 0°C and sodium hydride (60 % in mineral oil)

10 (2.73 g; 71 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was left 3 days without stirring at 0°C. Citric acid (5 %) was added until pH 2.5. Tetrahydrofuran was removed in vacuo and the residue was extracted with methylene chloride (3 x 100 mL). The

residue was dissolved in diethyl ether (20 mL) and dicyclohexylamine (10 mL) and heptane (100 mL) were added. The reaction mixture was left 3 days without stirring at 0°C. The reaction mixture was filtered to afford 5.78 g of (2R)-3-benzyloxy-2-(tert-butoxycarbonylmethylamino)propionic acid.

organic phase was dried (magnesium sulfate) and evaporated in vacuo. The

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) d 1.40; 1.42 (two s, 9H); 2.91; 2.97 (two s, 3H); 3.90, 3.91 (two s,

2H); 4.55 (two d, 2H); 3.83; 4.90 (two t; 1H); 7.25-7.38 (arom. 5H).

N-((1R)-2-Benzyloxy-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)N-methylcarbamic acid tert-butyl ester:

(2R)-3-Benzyloxy-2-(tert-butoxycarbonylmethylamino)propionic acid (0.39 g; 1.25 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (10 mL). 1-Hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (0.16 g; 1.14 mmol) and N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide

10 hydrochloride (0.23 g; 1.20 mmol) were added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at room temperature.

N-methyl-2-methylamino-3-phenyl-propionamide (0.2 g; 1.04 mmol, prepared as in example 1) and diisopropylethylamine (0.2 mL; 1.14 mmol) were added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 12 hours at room temperature. Methylene chloride (30 mL) was added. The reaction mixture was washed with water (50 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (saturated, 30 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen sulfate (10 %, 30 mL) and water (30 mL) and dried (magnesium sulfate). The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was chromatographed on silica (2.5 x 30 cm) using ethyl acetate/heptane (2:1) as eluent to afford 0.241 g of N-((1R)-2-benzyloxy-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamic acid tert-butyl ester.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks) d 1.42; 1.45 (two s; 9H); 2.71; 2.78 (two d, 3H); 2.5 2.84; 2.92 (two s; 3H); 4.11; 4.30 (two d; 1H); 4.43; 4.57 (two t; 1H)

(2R)-3-Benzyloxy-N-methyl-2-(methylamino)-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)propionamide:

- 5 N-((1R)-2-Benzyloxy-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)-carbamoyl)ethyl)N-methylcarbamic acid tert-butyl ester (0.23 g; 0.476 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (3 mL) and trifluoroacetic acid (3 mL) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 10 min at room temperature. Methylene chloride (50 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate/sodium
  10 carbonate (pH 9) and sodium hydrogen carbonate (solid) were added to the reaction mixture until pH 9. The organic phase was dried (magnesium sulfate) and evaporated in vacuo to afford 0.182 g of (2R)-3-Benzyloxy-N-methyl-2-(methylamino)-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)propionamide.
- 15 <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected data for major rotamer) d 2.18 (d, 3H); 2.92-2.95 (d and s, 6H); 3.31-3.45 (m, 4H); 3.65 (t, 1H); 4.45 (d, 1H); 4.48 (d, 1H); 4.65 (dd; 1H).
- ((3E)-4-(N-((1R)-2-Benzyloxy-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-1,1-dimethylbut-3-enyl)carbamic acid tert-butvl ester:

(2E)-5-(tert-Butyloxycarbonylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid (0.12 g; 0.49 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (10 mL). 1-Hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (0.07 g; 0.49 mmol) and N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (0.1 g; 0.51 mmol) were added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at room temperature. (2R)-3-Benzyloxy-N-methyl-2-(methyl-amino)-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-propionamide (0.17 g; 0.44 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (0.084 mL; 0.49 mmol) were added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 12 hours at room temperature. The reaction mixture was extracted with an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (saturated; 30 mL) and an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen sulfate (10 %; 30 mL) and dried (magnesium sulfate). The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was chromatographed on silica (2.5 x 30 cm) using methylene chloride/ethyl acetate (1:1) as eluent to afford 0.275 g of ((3E)-4-(N-((1R)-2-benzyloxy-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-1,1-dimethylbut-3-enylocarbamic acid tert-butyl ester.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected data for major rotamer) d 1.25 (s, 3H); 1.27 (s, 3H); 20 1.41 (s, 9H); 2.05 (s, 3H); 2.78 (d, 3H); 3.07 (s, 3H); 4.32 (d, 1H); 4.41 (d, 1H); 5.05 (dd, 1H); 5.51 (dd, 1H); 6.30 (d; J=17 Hz; 1H); 6.79 (m, 1H).

((3E)-4-(N-((1R)-2-Benzyloxy-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-25 phenylethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-1,1-dimethylbut-3-enyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (0.275 g; 0.452 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (3 mL) and trifluoroacetic acid (3 mL) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 7 min at room temperature. Methylene chloride (30 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate/sodium carbonate (pH 9; 30 mL) and sodium hydrogen

5 carbonate (solid) were added to the reaction mixture until pH 8. The organic phase was dried (magnesium sulfate) and evaporated in vacuo to afford 0.13 g of the title compound.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>s</sub>) (selected data for major rotamer) d 1.27 (s, 3H); 1.28 (s; 3H); 2.84 <sup>10</sup> (d, 3H); 2.95 (s, 3H); 3.08 (s, 3H); 4.32 (d; 1H); 4.40 (d, 1H); 5.12 (dd, 1H); 6.34 (d, J=18Hz, 1H).

ESMS: m/z 509.7 (M+H)+

15 HPLC: R<sub>t</sub> = 23.45 min (Method A1)

# Example 11

(2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-((1R)-1-20 ((cyclopropylmethyl)carbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-methyl-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide:

(2-((N-(1R)-1-(N-(1R)-1-(Cyclopropylmethylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)methoxy)-1,1-dimethylethyl)carbamic acid tert-butylester:

(2-tert-Butoxycarbonylamino-2-methylpropoxy) acetic acid (0.36 g; 1.49 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (5 mL). 1-Hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (0.2 g; 1.49 mmol) and N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (0.3 g; 1.56 mmol) were added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at room temperature.

(2R)-N-((1R)-1-((Cyclopropylmethyl)carbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-methyl-2-methylamino-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide (0.60 g; 1.35 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (0.26 mL; 1.49 mmol) were added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 12 hours at room temperature. Methylene chloride (30 mL) was added. The reaction mixture was washed with an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (saturated; 30 mL) and an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen sulfate (10 %; 30 mL) and dried (magnesium sulfate). The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was chromatographed on silica (3.5 x 40 cm) using ethyl acetate/heptane (1:1) as eluent to afford 0.64 g of (2-((N-((1R)-1-(N-20) ((1R)-1-((cyclopropylmethyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-

 ((TK)-1-((cyclopropylmethyl)carbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)methoxy)-1,1-dimethylethyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (rotamers, selected peaks) d: -0.11 (m 1H); 0.19 (m, 1H); 0.45 (m, 1H); 0.95; 1.17; 1.25; 1.27; 1.40; 1.43; 1.58 (seven s, 15H); 2.29; 2.81; 2.91;

3.03 (four s, 6H).

- 5 methylethyl)carbamic acid tert-butylester (0.64 g; 0.951 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (3 mL) and trifluoroacetic acid (3 mL) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 5 min. Methylene chloride (25 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate/sodium carbonate (pH 9; 25 mL) and sodium hydrogen carbonate (solid) were added to the reaction mixture to pH 8. The organic phase
  10 was dried (magnesium sulfate) and evaporated in vacuo to afford 0.48 g of the title compound.
- <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (rotamers, selected peaks) d : 0.55; 0.57; 0.80; 0.82 (four s, 6H); 2.09; 2.62; 2.75; 2.84 (four s; 6H); 3.68; 3.82 (two d, 2H together with a singlet at 3.69); 4.92; 5.22; 5.30; 5.38; 5.65 (five dd, 3H);

ESMS: m/z 572.0 (M+H)+

HPLC: R<sub>t</sub> = 35.52 min (Method A1)

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#### Example 12

(2R)-2-(((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)methylamino)-N-((1R)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)-25 1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl)-N-methyl-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide:

(2R)-2-(N-tert-Butoxycarbonyl-N-methylamino)-3-(2-fluorophenyl)propionic acid:

(The N-methylation in this and other examples in this invention may be performed as in Can. J. Chem. 1977, 55, 906).

(2R)-2-tert-Butoxycarbonylamino-3-(2-fluorophenyl)propionic acid (5.0 g; 17.5 mmol) was dissolved in dry tetrahydrofuran. Iodomethane (7.2 mL; 115 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was cooled to 0°C. Sodium hydride (60% susp. in oil; 1.41 g; 42.0 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 12 hours at room temperature. Ethyl acetate (50 mL) was added and water (20 mL) was added dropwise. The ethyl acetate was removed in vacuo and the residue was diluted with ether (30 mL) and water (100 mL). The organic phase was extracted with an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (aqueous; 50 mL). To the combined aqueous layers was added citric acid (5 %) until pH 3 and ethyl acetate (3 x 50 mL) was added and the phases were separated. The combined organic layers were washed with water (2 x 50 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium

thiosulfate (5 %; 2 x 50 mL) and water (50 mL) and dried (magnesium sulfate). The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was dissolved in diethyl ether (10 mL). Dicyclohexylamine (9.0 mL) was added. The reaction mixture was filtered to afford 5.57 g of (2R)-2-(N-tert-butoxycarbonyl-N-methylamino)-3-2-

5 fluorophenyl)propionic acid as a dicyclohexylammonium salt.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) d 1.27; 1.35 (two s, 9H); 2.21; 2.25 (two s, 3H); 3.03 (m, 2H); 4.26; 4.37 (two dd, 1H); 6.9-7.3 (arom 4H).

N-((1R)-2-(2-Fluorophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamic acid tert-butylester:

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(2R)-2-(N-tert-Butoxycarbonyl-N-methylamino)-3-(2-fluorophenyl)propionic acid as a dicyclohexylammonium salt (5.57 g; 18.73 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (30 mL) and washed with an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen sulfate (10 %; 30 mL). The organic phase was dried (magnesium sulfate) and filtered. 1-Hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate (2.53 g; 18.73 mmol) and N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (3.75 g; 19.6 mmol) were added to the filtrate and the mixture was stirred for 15 min at room temperature. Methylamine (40% in methanol; 0.53 g; 17.0 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (3.2 mL; 18.7 mmol) were added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 12 hours at room temperature. The reaction mixture was washed with an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (50 mL) and an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen sulfate (10 %; 50 mL) and dried (magnesium sulfate). The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was chromatographed on silica (3.5 x 40 cm) using ethyl

acetate/heptane (2:1) as eluent to afford 2.4 g of N-((1R)-2-(2-Fluorophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamic acid tert-butyl ester.

H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) d: 1.25; 1.35; 1.38 (three s, 9H); 2.74 (s, 3H); 2.75 (d, 3H); 2.80-5 3.55 (m, 2H); 4.35; 4.82; 5.00; 5.12 (four dd; 6.9-7.3 (arom, 4H).

(2R)-3-(2-Fluorophenyl)-N-methyl-2-(methylamino)-propionamide:

- N-((1R)-2-(2-Fluorophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamic acid tert-butylester (2.4 g; 7.73 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride. Trifluoroacetic acid (10 mL) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 30 min at room temperature. Methylene chloride (30 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate/sodium carbonate (pH 9; 30 mL) and sodium hydrogen carbonate (solid) were added to the reaction mixture until pH 8. The organic phase was dried (magnesium sulfate) and evaporated in vacuo to afford 1.1 g of (2R)-3-(2-fluorophenyl)-N-methyl-2-(methylamino)- propionamide.
- 20 H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) d 2.31 (s, 3H); 2.80 (d, 3H); 2.86 (dd, 1H); 3.17 (dd, 1H); 3.28 (dd, 1H); 7.0-7.30 (arom. 4H).

N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-2-(2-Fluorophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl)-N25 methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)-ethyl)-N-methylcarbamic acid tert-butyl ester.

Tert-Butoxycarbonylaminoacetic acid (0.18 g; 2.39 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (20 mL). 1-Hydroxybenzotriazole (0.32 g; 2.39 mmol) and N-(3-5 dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (0.55 g; 2.87 mmol) were added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at room temperature.

(2R)-3-(2-Fluorophenyl)-N-methyl-2-(methylamino)propionamide (1.0 g; 4.78 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (0.9 mL; 5.26 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 12 hours at room temperature. A mixture of 2-(tert-

- butoxycarbonylmethylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionic acid (0.78 g; 2.39 mmol), 1-hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (0.33 g; 2.39 mmol) and N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (0.55 g; 2.87 mmol) were dissolved in methylene chloride (20 mL) and added to the reaction mixture. The reaction mixture was stirred for 12 hours at room temperature. Methylene chloride (50 mL) was added
   and the reaction mixture was washed with water (30 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen sulfate (10 %; 30 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate/sodium carbonate (pH 9; 30 mL) and water (30 mL) and dried (magnesium sulfate). The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was chromatographed on silica (2.5 x 30 cm) using ethyl acetate/heptane (2:1) as eluent
   to afford 0.86 g of N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butylester.
  - H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks, rotamers) d: 1.34 (s, 9H); 2.35 (s, 3H); 2.78 (s, 3H); 5.03-5.45 (four m, 2H).

(2R)-N-((1R)-2-(2-Fluorophenyl)-1-methylcarbamoylethyl)-N-methyl-2-methylamino-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide:

N-((1R)1-(N-((1R)-2-(2-Fluorophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl)-N-methyl-carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamic acid tert-butylester (0.85 g; 1.63 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (5 mL). Trifluoroacetic acid (5 mL) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at room temperature.

Methylene chloride (25 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate/sodium carbonate (pH 9; 25 mL) and sodium hydrogen carbonate (solid) were added to the reaction mixture until pH 8. The organic phase was dried (magnesium sulfate) and evaporated in vacuo to afford 0.669 g of (2R)-N-((1R)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl)-N-methyl-2-methylamino-3-(2-

15 naphthyl)propionamide.

H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks, rotamers) d : 2.02 (d, 3H); 2.57 (s, 3H); 3.78 (dd, 1H); 5.55 (dd, 1H)

20 (2-((((1R)-1-(((1R)-2-(2-Fluorophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl)methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-methylcarbamoyl)methoxy)-1,1-dimethylethyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester:

(2-tert-Butoxycarbonylamino-2-methylpropoxy) acetic acid (0.19 g; 0.78 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (10 mL). 1-Hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (0.12 g;

- 5 0.86 mmol) and N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N´-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (0.17 g; 0.90 mmol) were added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at room temperature. (2R)-N-((1R)-2-(2-Fluorophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl)-N-methyl-2-methylamino-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide (0.33 g; 0.78 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (0.17 mL; 0.86 mmol) were added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 12 hours at room temperature. Methylene chloride (50 mL) was added and the reaction mixture was washed with water (50 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen sulfate (10 %; 50 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (saturated; 50 mL), water (50 mL) and dried (magnesium sulfate). The solvent was removed in vacuo to afford 0.47 g of
- 15 (2-((((1R)-1-(((1R)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methylcarbamoyl)-ethyl)-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)methyl-carbamoyl)methoxy)-1,1-dimethylethyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester.

H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (rotamers, selected peaks for major isomer) d 1.03 (s, 3H); 1.06 20 (s, 3H); 2.78 (s, 3H); 2.80 (d, 3H); 3.98 (s, 3H); 4.95 (d, 1H); 5.00 (d, 1H); 5.70 (dd, 1H), 5.85 (dd, 1H).

(2-((((1R)-1-(((1R)-2-(2-Fluorophenyl)-1(methylcarbamoyl)-ethyl)methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-methylcarbamoyl)methoxy)-1,1-dimethylethyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (0.46 g; 0.707 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (3 mL).

Trifluoroacetic acid (3 mL) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 5 min at room temperature. Methylene chloride (25 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate/sodium carbonate (pH 9; 25 mL) and sodium hydrogen carbonate (solid) were added to the reaction mixture until pH 8. The organic phase was dried (magnesium sulfate) and evaporated in vacuo to afford 0.275 g of the title compound.

H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks, rotamers) d : 0.76; 0.99 (two d, 6H); 2.30; 2.80 (two d, 3H); 2.47; 2.78; 2.94; 2.97 (four s, 6H); (3.90 (d), 3.94(s), 4.05 (d), 2H); 1.0 5.27; 5.37; 5.67; 5.86 (four dd, 2H); 6.96-7.82 (arom. 12H).

PDMS: m/z 550.7 (M+H)+

HPLC: R<sub>t</sub> = 31.28 min (Method A1)

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## Example 13

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid ((1R)-1-(((1R)-2-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl)methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)methylamide:

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2-tert-Butoxycarbonylamino-3-(4-fluorophenyl)propionic acid (5.0 g: 17.7 mmol) was

dissolved in dry tetrahydrofuran. lodomethane (8.8 mL; 141 mmol) was added and 5 the reaction mixture was cooled to 0°C. Sodium hydride (2.1 g; 53.0 mmol) was slowly added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 12 hours at room temperature. Ethyl acetate (50 mL) was added and water (20 mL) was added dropwise to the reaction mixture. The ethyl acetate was removed in vacuo and the residue was diluted with diethyl ether (30 mL) and water (100 mL). The organic 10 phase was extracted with a saturated aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (50 mL). Citric acid (5 %) was added to the combined aqueous phases until pH 3, which were then extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 50 mL) and the phases were separated. The organic phase was washed with water (2 x 50 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium thiosulfate (5 %: 2 x 50 mL) and water (50 mL) and 15 dried (magnesium sulfate). The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was dissolved in diethyl ether (10 mL), Dicyclohexylamine (10 mL) was added. Methylene chloride (30 mL) was added and the mixture was heated until the precipitate was dissolved. Diethyl ether (20 mL) and heptane (20 mL) were added and the reaction mixture was left 12 hours without stirring. The reaction mixture was 20 filtered to afford 5.7 g of (R)-2-(N-tert-butoxycarbonyl-N-methylamino)-3-(4-

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (mixture of rotamers) d : 1.21; 1.31 (two s, 9H); 2.75; 2.84 (two s, 3H); 2.86-3.02 (m, 1H); 3.28-3.42 (m, 1H); 4.65; 4.85 (two dd, 1H); 6.85-7.00 (m, 25); 2H); 7.10-7.25 (m, 2H).

fluorophenyl)propionic acid as a dicyclohexylammonium salt.

((1R)-2-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl)-methylcarbamic acid tert-butylester:

The dicyclohexylammoniumsalt of

- 5 (R)-2-(N-tert-butoxycarbonyl-N-methylamino)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)propionic acid (3.00 g; 10.1 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (30 mL) and washed with an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen sulfate (10 %; 30 mL). The organic phase was dried (magnesium sulfate) and filtered. 1-Hydroxybenzotriazole (1.40 g; 10.1 mmol) and N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (2.0 g; 10.6 mmol) were added to the filtrate and the reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at room temperature. Methylamine (40 % in methanol; 0.75 g; 9.17 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (1.7 mL; 10.1 mmol) were added and the reaction mixture
- with an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (sat; 50 mL) and an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen sulfate (10 %; 50 mL) and dried (magnesium sulfate). The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was chromatographed on silica (3 x 40 cm) using ethyl acetate/heptane (2:1) as eluent to afford 1.06 g of ((1R)-2-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl)-methylcarbamic acid tert-butylester.

was stirred for 12 hours at room temperature. The reaction mixture was washed

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) d : 1.29; 1.37 (two s, 9H); 2.74 (s, 3H); 2.8 (s, 3H); 2.82-2.95 (m, 1H); 3.36-3.48 (m, 1H); 4.63; 4.86 (m, 1H); 5.89; 6.14 (two s, 1H); 6.9-7.0 (m, 2H); 7.1-7.21 (m, 2H).

25 (2R)-3-(4-Fluorophenyl)-N-methyl-2-(methylamino)propion-amide:

((1R)-2-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl)-methylcarbamic acid tert-butylester (1.0 g; 3.22 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (5 mL). Trifluoroacetic acid (5 mL) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 30 min at room temperature. Methylene chloride (30 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate/sodium carbonate (pH 9; 30 mL) and sodium hydrogen carbonate (solid), were added to the reaction mixture, until pH 9. The organic phase was dried (magnesium sulfate) and evaporated in vacuo to afford 0.62 g of (2R)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-methyl-2-methylaminopropionamide.

¹H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) d : 1.31 (s, 1H); 2.29 (s, 3H); 2.65-2.73 (m, 1H); 2.82 (d, 3H); 3.12-3.20 (m, 2H); 6.96-7.02 (m, 2H); 7.11 (s, 1H); 7.14-7.20 (m, 2H).

((1R)-1-(((1R)-2-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl)methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-15 naphthyl)-ethyl)methylcarbamic acid tert-butylester:

20 (2R)-2-(tert-Butoxycarbonylmethylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionic acid (1.0 g; 3.1 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (20 mL). 1-Hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (0.43 g; 3.1 mmol) and N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide

hydrochloride (0.63 g; 3.3 mmol) were added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at room temperature.

(2R)-3-(4-Fluorophenyl)-N-methyl-2-(methylamino)propionamide (0.6 g; 2.9 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (0.54 mL; 3.1 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture 5 was stirred for 12 hours at room temperature. Methylene chloride (30 mL) was added and the reaction mixture was washed with water (30 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen sulfate (10 %; 30 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate/sodium carbonate (pH 9; 30 mL) and water (30 mL) and dried (magnesium sulfate). The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was

10 chromatographed on silica (4.0 x 30 cm) using ethyl acetate/heptane (2:1) as eluent to afford 1.07 g of ((1R)-1-(((1R)-2-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-ethyl)methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)methylcarbamic acid tert-butylester.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks for major rotamer) d : 1.34 (s, 9H); 2.23 (d, 3H); 2.76 (s, 3H); 2.87 (s, 3H); 5.70 (dd, 1H); 5.95 (dd, 1H).

(2R)-N-((1R)-2-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-ethyl)-N-methyl-2-methyl-amino-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide:

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((1R)-1-(((1R)-2-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-ethyl)methylcarbamoyl)-2(2-naphthyl)ethyl)methylcarbamic acid tert-butylester. (1.0 g; 1.92 mmol) was
dissolved in methylene chloride (5 mL). Trifluoroacetic acid (5 mL) was added and
the reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at room temperature. Methylene chloride
25 (25 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate/sodium carbonate (pH

9; 25 mL) and sodium hydrogen carbonate (solid) was added to the reaction mixture until pH 8. The organic phase was dried (magnesium sulfate) and evaporated in vacuo to afford 0.75 g of (2R)-N-((1R)-2-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methylcarbamoylethyl)-N-methyl-2-methylamino-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide.

 $^1$ H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) d : 1.81 (s, 3H); 2.07 (d, 3H); 2.54 (s, 3H); 2.68-2.77 (m, 1H); 2.88-2.97 (m, 1H); 3.18 (dd, 1H); 3.27 (dd, 1H); 3.8 (dd, 1H); 4.95 (s, 1H); 5.43 (dd, 1H); 6.72 (t, 1H); 6.90 (t, 2H); 7.12 (dd, 2H); 7.32 (d, 1H); 7.42-7.50 (m, 2H); 7.62 (s, 1H); 7.70-7.83 (m, 2H).

(4(((1R)-1(((1R)-2(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-ethyl)methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)methylcarbamoyl)-1,1-dimethylbut-3-enyl)carbamic acid tert-butylester:

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(2E)-5-(tert-Butyloxycarbonylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid (0.22 g; 0.89 mmol, prepared as in example 1) was dissolved in methylene chloride (10 mL). 1-Hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (0.13 g; 0.98 mmol) and N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (0.2 g; 1.02 mmol) were added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at room temperature.

(2R)-N-((1R)-2-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl)-N-methyl-2-methyl-

amino-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide (0.38 g; 0.89 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (0.17 mL; 0.98 mmol) were added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 12 hours

25 at room temperature.

Methylene chloride (50 mL) was added and the reaction mixture was washed with water (50 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen sulfate (10 %; 50 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate/sodium carbonate (pH 9; 50 mL) and water (50 mL) and dried (magnesium sulfate). The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was chromatographed on silica (4 x 30 cm) using ethyl acetate/heptane (2:1) as eluent to afford 0.34 g of (4-(((1R)-1-(((1R)-2-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methylcarbamoylethyl)methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)-ethyl)methylcarbamovl)-1.1-dimethylbut-3-enyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester.

¹H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks for major rotamer) d : 0.85 (s, 3H); 0.87 (s, 3H); 1.42 (s, 9H); 2.12 (d, 3H); 2.72 (s, 3H); 2.96 (s, 3H); 5.75 (dd, 1H); 5,92 (dd, 1H); 6.12 (dd, 1H).

(4-(((1R)-1-(((1R)-2-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-methylcarbamoyl-ethyl)methylcarbamoyl)-215 (2-naphthyl)ethyl)methyl-carbamoyl)-1,1-dimethylbut-3-enyl)carbamic acid
tert-butylester (0.33 g; 0.51 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (3 mL).
Trifluoroacetic acid (3 mL) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 5 min
at room temperature. Methylene chloride (25 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium
hydrogen carbonate/sodium carbonate (pH 9; 25 mL) and sodium hydrogen
20 carbonate (solid) were added to the reaction mixture until pH 9. The organic phase
was dried (magnesium sulfate) and evaporated in vacuo to afford 0.18 g of the title
compound.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks for major rotamer) d : 1.15 (s, 6H); 2.14 (d, 3H); 2.5 (2.73 (s, 3H); 3.09 (s, 3H); 5.23 (dd, 1H); 5.90 (dd, 1H); 6.12 (dd, 1H).

PDMS: m/z 547.4 (M+H)\*

HPLC: R<sub>t</sub> = 32.05 min (Method A1)

# Example 14

(2R)-2-(((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)methylamino)-N-((1R)-2-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl)-N-methyl-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide:

(2-((((1R)-1-(((1R)-2-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-methyl-carbamoylethyl)-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-methylcarbamoyl)methoxy)-1,1-dimethylethyl)carbamic acid tert-butylester:

(2-tert-Butoxycarbonylamino-2-methylpropoxy)acetic acid (0.22 g; 0.89 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (10 mL). 1-Hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (0.13 g; 0.98 mmol) and N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (0.20 g; 1.02 mmol) were added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at room temperature. (2R)-N-((1R)-2-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl)-N-methyl-2-methylamino-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide (0.38 g; 0.89 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (0.17 mL; 0.98 mmol) were added and the reaction mixture

was stirred for 12 hours at room temperature. Methylene chloride (50 mL) was added and the reaction mixture was washed with water (50 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate/sodium carbonate (pH 9; 50 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen sulfate (10 %; 50 mL) and water (50 mL) and 5 dried (magnesium sulfate). The solvent was removed in vacuo to afford 0.53 g of (2-((((1R)-1-(((1R)-2-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-methylcarbamoylethyl)-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)methylcarbamoyl)-methoxy)-1,1-dimethylethyl)carbamic acid tert-butylester.

¹H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks for major rotamer) d : 1.20 (s, 3H); 1.25 (s, 3H); 1.44 (s, 9H); 2.18 (d, 2H); 2.59 (s, 3H); 2.74 (s, 3H); 2.77 (d, 3H); 4.02 (s), 2H); 5.25 (dd, 1H); 5.82 (dd, 1H).

(2-((((1R)-1-(((1R)-2-(4-Fluorophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-ethyl)methylcarbamoyl)15 2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-methylcarbamoyl)-methoxy)-1,1-dimethylethyl)carbamic acid tert-butylester (0.53 g; 0.81 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (3 mL).

Trifluoroacetic acid (3 mL) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 5 min at room temperature. Methylene chloride (25 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate/sodium carbonate (pH 9; 25 mL) and sodium hydrogen
20 carbonate (solid) were added to the reaction mixture until pH 9. The organic phase was dried (magnesium sulfate) and evaporated in vacuo to afford 0.26 g of the title compound.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks for major rotamer) d 0.99 (s, 3H); 1.09 (s, 3H); 2.25 (d, 3H); 2.28 (s, 3H); 2.95 (s, 3H); 3.90 (s, 2H); 5.31 (dd, 1H); 5.83 (dd, 1H).

PDMS: m/z 550.6 (M+H)\*

HPLC: r, = 31.83 min (A1)

## Example 15

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(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid ((1R)-2-(biphenyl-4-yl)-1-(methyl-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamovl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)methylamide:

(2R)-3-(1,1'-Biphenyl-4-yl)-2-(N-tert-butoxycarbonyl-N-methylamino)propionic acid:

3-(1,1'-Biphenyl-4-yl)-2-tert-butoxycarbonylaminopropionic acid (5.0 g; 14.66 mmol) was dissolved in dry tetrahydrofuran (45 mL). Iodomethane (7.3 mL; 117.3 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was cooled to 0° C. Sodium hydride (1.75 g; 44.0 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 5 days at room temperature. Ethyl acetate (50 mL) was added and water (20 mL) was added dropwise. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was dissolved in an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (saturated; 50 mL) and washed with diethyl ether (30 mL). The aqueous phase was acidified to pH 3 using citric

acid (5 %) and extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 50 mL). The organic phase was washed with an aqueous solution of sodium thiosulfate (5 %; 75 mL) and dried (magnesium sulfate). The solvent was removed in vacuo to afford 3.85 g of (2R)-3-(1,1-biphenyl-4-yl)-2-(N-tert-butoxycarbonyl-N-methylamino)propionic acid.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl3) d (mixture of rotamers)1.47 (s, 4.5H), 1.49 (s, 4.5H), 2.54 (s, 1.5H, 2.56 (s, 1.5H), 3.00-3.40 (bm, 1H), 3.45-3.91 (bm, 1H), 4.53-4.55 (m, 0.5H), 4.55-4.58 (m, 0.5H), 7.3-7.6 (m, 9H).

10 ((1R)-2-(1,1'-Biphenyl-4-yl)-1-(methyl-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)methylcarbamic acid tert-butylester:

(2R)-3-(1,1'-Biphenyl-4-yl)-2-(N-tert-butoxycarbonyl-N-methylamino)propionic acid

15 (1.50 g; 4.23 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (20 mL). 1-Hydroxy-7azabenzotriazole (0.57 g; 4.23 mmol) and N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (0.89 g; 4.65 mmol) were added and the reaction
mixture was stirred for 15 min at room temperature.

N-Methyl-2-methylamino-3-phenylpropionamide (0.81 g; 4.23 mmol) and
diisopropylethylamine (0.73 mL; 4.23 mmol) were added and the reaction mixture
was stirred for 12 hours at room temperature. Methylene chloride (50 mL) was
added and the reaction mixture was washed with water (50 mL), an aqueous
solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (sat; 50 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium
hydrogen sulfate (10 %; 50 mL) and water (50 mL) and dried (magnesium sulfate).

The solvent was removed <u>in vacuo</u> and the residue was chromatographed on silica  $(4 \times 25 \text{ cm})$  using ethyl acetate/heptane (2:1) as eluent to afford 1.02 g of ((1R)-2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)-1-(methyl-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)methylcarbamic acid tert-butyl ester.

'H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks for major rotamer) d : 1.15 (s, 6H); 1.31 and 1.34 (two s; 9H); 2.24 (d, 3H); 2.80 (s, 3H); 2.98 (s, 3H); 4.98 (m, 1H); 5.38 (m, 1H).

3-(1,1'-Biphenyl-4-yl)-N-methyl-2-methylamino-N-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-10 phenylethyl)propionamide:

((1R)-2-(1,1'-Biphenyl-4-yl)-1-(methyl-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)methyl-carbamic acid tert-butylester (1.0 g; 1.8 mmol) was

15 dissolved in methylene chloride (4 mL). Trifluoroacetic acid (4 mL) was added and
the reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at room temperature. Methylene chloride
(40 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate/sodium carbonate (pH
9; 40 mL) and sodium hydrogen carbonate (solid) were added to the reaction
mixture until pH 9. The organic phase was dried (magnesium sulfate) and the

20 solvent was removed in vacuo to afford 0.76 g of (2R)-3-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)-Nmethyl-2-methylamino-N-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)propionamide.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks for major rotamer) d : 1.71 (s, 3H); 2.58 (s, 3H); 2.69 (d, 3H); 5.52 (dd, 2H).

((3E)-4-(((1R)-2-(1,1'-Biphenyl-4-yl)-1-(methyl-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)methyl-carbamoyl)-1,1-dimethylbut-3-enyl)carbamic acid tert-butylester:

(2E)-5-(tert-Butvloxycarbonylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid (0.24 g; 0.98 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (10 mL). 1-Hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (0.13 g; 0.98 mmol) and N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N´-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride 10 (0.2 g; 1.02 mmol) were added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at room temperature. (2R)-3-(1,1'-Biphenyl-4-yl)-N-methyl-2-methylamino-N-((1R)-1methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)propionamide (0.38 g; 0.89 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (0.17 mL; 0.98 mmol) were added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 12 hours at room temperature. Methylene chloride (50 mL) was added and the reaction mixture was washed with water (50 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen sulfate (10 %; 50 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate/sodium carbonate (pH 9; 50 mL) and water (50 mL) and dried (magnesium sulfate). The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was chromatographed on silica (4 x 20 cm) using ethyl acetate/heptane (2:1) as eluent 20 to afford 0.46 g of ((3E)-4-(((1R)-2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)-1-(methyl-((1R)-1methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)-carbamoyl)ethyl)methylcarbamoyl)-1,1dimethylbut-3-enyl)-carbamic acid tert-butylester.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks for major rotamer) d : 1.22 (s, 3H); 1.23 (s, 3H);

1.42 (s, 9H); 2.75 (d, 3H); 2.82 (s, 3H); 2.98 (s, 3H); 5.54 (dd, 1H); 5.82 (dd, 1H); 6.12 (d, J=17Hz, 1H).

((3E)-4-(((1R)-2-(1,1'-Biphenyl-4-yl)-1-(methyl-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-

5 phenylethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)methyl-carbamoyl)-1,1-dimethylbut-3-enyl)carbamic acid tert-butylester (0.45 g; 0.69 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (10 mL). Trifluoroacetic acid (10 mL) was added and the reaction mixture was strirred for 5 min at room temperature. Methylene chloride (50 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate/sodium carbonate (pH 9; 50 mL) and sodium hydrogen carbonate (solid) were added to the reaction mixture until pH 9. The organic phase was dried (magnesium sulfate) and evaporated in vacuo to afford 0.22 g of the title compound.

 $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl<sub>2</sub>) (selected peaks for major rotamer) d : 1.18 (s, 6H); 2.75 (d, 3H); 2.78 (s, 3H); 2.97 (s, 3H); 5.45 (dd, 1H); 5.75 (dd, 1H); 6.08 (d, J=17Hz, 1H).

ESMS: m/z 555.8 (M+H)\*

HPLC: R, = 34.45 min (Method A1).

20

## Example 16

(2E)-5-Amino-3,5-dimethylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide:

((3E)-1,1,3-Trimethyl-4-(methyl-((1R)-1-(methyl-((1R)-1-methyl carbamoyl-2-5 phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl) ethyl)carbamoyl)but-3-enyl)carbamic acid tert butylester:

- 10 (2E)-5-tert-Butoxycarbonylamino-3,5-dimethylhex-2-enoic acid (0.30 g; 1.17 mmol.) was dissolved in methylene chloride (10 mL). 1-Hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazol (0.16 g; 1.17 mmol) and N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (0.26 g; 1.28 mmol) were added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at room temperature.
- 15 N-Methyl-2-methylamino-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide ( 0.47 g; 1.67 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (10 mL) and added. Diisopropylethylamine (0.20 mL; 1.66 mmol) was added and the reaction was stirred for 12 hours at room temperature. Methylene chloride (10 mL) was added and the reaction was washed with water (10 mL), an aqueous

solution of sodium hydrogen sulfate (10%; 10 mL) and an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (pH 8; 10 mL) and dried (magnesium sulfate). The solvent was removed  $\underline{\text{in vacuo}}$  and the residue was chromatographed on silica (3 x 30 cm) using ethyl acetate/methylene chloride (1:1) as eluent to afford 0.37 g of

5 ((3E)-1,1,3-trimethyl-4-(methyl-((1R)-1-(methyl-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl) ethyl)carbamoyl)but-3-enyl)carbamic acid tert butylester.

10 ¹H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks for major rotamer) d : 1.16 (s, 3H); 1.17 (s; 3H); 1.42 (s, 9H); 1.68 (s, 3H); 2.75 (d, 3H); 2.76 (s, 3H); 2.95 (s, 3H); 5.21 (dd, 1H); 5.51 (s, 1H); 5.59 (dd, 1H).

((3E)-1,1,3-Trimethyl-4-(methyl-((1R)-1-(methyl-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-215 phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl) ethyl)carbamoyl)but-3-enyl)carbamic acid
tert butylester (0.37 g; 0.56 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (2 mL) and
trifluoroacetic acid (2 mL) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 5 min at
room temperature. Methylene chloride (2 mL), water (5mL) and sodium hydrogen
carbonate (solid) were added to the reaction until pH = 9. The aqueous phase was
20 extracted with methylene chloride (3 x 10 mL) and the combined organic phases
were dried (magnesium sulfate). The solvent was removed in yacuo to afford 0.17 g
of the title compound.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks for major rotamer) d : 1.18 (s, 3H); 1.19 (s, 3H); 2.5 (1.67 (s, 3H); 2.75 (d, 3H); 2.76 (s, 3H); 2.95 (s, 3H); 5.52 (dd, 1H); 5.62 (s, 1H); 5.86 (dd, 1H).

HPLC:  $R_t = 31.78 \text{ min (Method A1)}$ 

30 PDMS: m/z 542.8 (M+H)\*

# Example 17

5 2-((2R)-2-(N-((2R)-2-(N-((2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionylamino)-1,1-dimethylethyl acetate:

Ethyl 2-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)acetate

(tert-Butoxycarbonylamino)acetic acid (4.00 g, 22.8 mmol) was dissolved in dichloromethane (8 ml). Ethanol (1.60 ml, 27.40 mmol) and 4-

20 dimethylaminopyridine (0.31 g, 25.1 mmol) were added. The solution was cooled to 0 °C. N-(3-Dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (4.81 g, 25.11 mmol) was added. The solution was stirred for 16 h, while warming up to room temperature. It was diluted with ethyl acetate (150 ml) and 10% aqueous sodium hydrogen sulfate solution (100 ml). The phases were separated. The aqueous

phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (4 x 50 ml). The combined organic layers were washed with saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate solution (150 ml) and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica (100 g), using ethyl sacetate/heptane (1:4) as eluent, to give 4.25 g of ethyl 2-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)acetate.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): d 1.30 (t, 3 H); 1.47 (s, 9 H); 3.90 (d, 2 H); 4.21 (q, 2 H); 5.06 (br, 1 H).

2-Hydroxy-2-methylpropylcarbamic acid tert-butyl ester

Ethyl 2-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)acetate (4.17 g, 20.52 mmol) was dissolved in tetrahydrofuran (60 ml). The solution was cooled to -78 °C. A 22% solution of methyl magensium chloride in toluene/tetrahydrofuran (purchased from Chemmetallgesellschaft, 27.1 ml, 67.72 mmol) was added dropwise. The reaction mixture was stirred for 1.5 h at -78 °C and then warmed to room temperature. A 10% aqueous solution of ammonium chloride (200 ml) was added dropwise. The phases were separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 100 ml). The combined organic layers were washed with saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate solution (200 ml) and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica (110 g), using ethyl acetate/heptane (1:1) as eluent, to give 1.31 g of 2-hydroxy-2-methylpropylcarbamic acid tert-butyl ester.

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): d 1.21 (s, 6 H); 1.45 (s, 9 H); 1.34 (d, 2 H); 5.00 (br, 1 H).

20

2-(tert-Butoxycarbonylamino)-1,1-dimethylethyl acetate

$$H_3C$$
 $CH_3$ 
 $O$ 
 $H_3C$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $O$ 
 $O$ 
 $CH_4$ 

2-Hydroxy-2-methylpropylcarbamic acid tert-butylester (510 mg, 2.69 mmol) was dissolved in dichloromethane (7 ml). The solution was cooled to 0 °C.
 Ethyldiisopropylamine (0.70 ml, 4.04 mmol), 4-dimethylaminopyridine (33 mg, 0.27

mmol), and acetic acid anhydride (0.33 ml, 3.50 mmol) were added successively. The reaction mixture was stirred for 16 h, while slowly warming up to room temperature. It was diluted with ethyl acetate (30 ml) and extracted with 1N hydrochloric acid (30 ml). The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 20 ml). The combined organic layers were washed with saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate solution (50 ml) and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica (100 g), using ethyl acetate/heptane (1:2) as eluent, to give 550 mg of 2-(tert-

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): d 1.45 (s, 9 H); 1.46 (s, 6 H); 2.00 (s, 3 H); 3.35 (d, 2 H); 4.96 (br, 1 H).

25 2-Amino-1,1-dimethylethyl acetate hydrochloride

butoxycarbonylamino)-1,1-dimethylethyl acetate.

2-(tert-Butoxycarbonylamino)-1,1-dimethylethyl acetate (508 mg, 2.2 mmol) was dissolved in ethyl acetate (6 ml). 3 M hydrogen chloride in ethyl acetate (4 ml, 12 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 20 h at room temperature.

5 The precipitation was filltered off and washed with diethyl ether (50 ml). It was dried in vacuo to give 246 mg of 2-amino-1,1-dimethylethyl acetate hydrochloride.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (DMSO d<sub>s</sub>); d 1.45 (s, 6 H); 2.00 (s, 3 H); 3.09 (s, 2 H); 8.25 (br, 3 H).

2-((2R)-2-(N-(tert-Butoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionylamino)-1,1-dimethylethyl acetate

(2R)-2-(N-(tert-Butoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid (391 mg, 1.4 mmol) was dissolved in N,N-dimethylformamide (6 ml). 1-Hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate (189 mg, 1.4 mmol) and N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride were added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 10 min at room temperature. 2-Amino-1,1-dimethylethyl acetate hydrochloride (237 mg, 1.4 mmol) was added as a solid. Ethyldiisopropylamine (0.53 ml, 3.1 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 20 h at room temperature. It was diluted with ethyl acetate (200 ml) and washed with 1N hydrochloric acid. The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 50 ml). The combined organic layers were washed with saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate solution (100 ml) and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was

purified by flash chromatography on silica (80 g), using ethyl acetate/heptane (1:1) as eluent, to give 442 mg of 2-((2R)-2-(N-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionylamino)-1,1-dimethylethyl acetate.

- <sup>5</sup> 'H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): d 1.30 and 1.35 (both s, together 6 H); 1.41 (s, 9 H); 1.98 (s, 3 H); 2.70 3.05 (m, 4 H); 3.30 3.65 (m, 3 H); 4.75 4.95 (m, 1 H); 6.65 (br, 1 H); 7.15 7.35 (m, 5 H).
- 10 1,1-Dimethyl-2-((2R)-2-methylamino-3-phenylpropionylamino)ethyl acetate:

- 2-((2R)-2-(N-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionylamino)-1,1-dimethylethyl acetate (426 mg, 1.1 mmol) was dissolved in dichloromethane (2 ml) and cooled to 0 °C. Trifluoroacetic acid (2 ml) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at 0°C. The solvent was removed in vacuo at 20°C. The residue was dissolved in dichloromethane (50 ml) and the solvent was removed in
- vacuo. This latter procedure was repeated two times. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica (45 g), using dichloromethane/methanol/25% aqueous ammonia (100:10:1) as eluent, to give 312 mg of 1,1-dimethyl-2-((2R)-2-methylamino-3-phenylpropionylamino)ethyl acetate.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): d 1.43 (s, 6 H); 2.00 (s, 3 H); 2.30 (s, 3 H); 2.67 (dd, 1 H); 3.24 (m, 2 H); 3.53 (ABX, 2 H); 7.15 - 7.45 (m, 5 H); 7.61 (br, 1 H).

2-((2R)-2-(N-((2R)-2-(N-tert-Butoxycarbonyl-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)-5 propionyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionylamino)-1,1-dimethylethyl acetate:

(2R)-2-(N-(tert-Butoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionic acid (373 mg, 1.13 mmol) was dissolved in N,N-dimethylformamide (2 ml) and 10 dichloromethane (2 ml). 1-Hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (153 mg, 1.13 mmol) was added. The solution was cooled to 0°C. N-(3-Dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (217 mg, 1.13 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 10 min at 0 °C. 1,1-Dimethyl-2-((2R)-2-methylamino-3phenylpropionylamino)-ethyl acetate (301 mg, 1.03 mmol) was dissolved in 15 dichloromethane (2 ml) and added. Ethyldiisopropylamine (0.18 ml, 1.03 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 20 h, while it was warming up to room temperature. It was diluted with ethyl acetate (100 ml) and washed with 1 N hydrochloric acid. The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 30 ml). The combined organic layers were washed with saturated sodium hydrogen 20 carbonate solution (100 ml) and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica (85 g), using ethyl acetate/heptane (1:1) as eluent, to give 547 mg of 2-((2R)-2-(N-((2R)-2-(N-tert-butoxycarbonyl-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionyl)-Nmethylamino)-3-phenylpropionylamino)-1,1-dimethylethyl acetate.

 $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, selected values): d 0.98 and 1.23 (both s, together 9 H); 1.95 and 2.03 (both s, together 3 H); 2.18 and 2.25 (both s, together 3 H); 5.05 and 5.35 - 5.55 (both m, together 2 H).

5 1,1-Dimethyl-2-((2R)-2-(N-methyl-N-((2R)-2-methylamino-3-(2-naphthyl)propion-yl)amino)-3-phenylpropionylamino)ethyl acetate:

2-((2R)-2-(N-((2R)-2-(N-tert-Butoxycarbonyl-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)10 propionyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionylamino)-1,1-dimethylethyl acetate (511 mg, 0.85 mmol) was dissolved in dichloromethane (2 ml) and cooled to 0 °C.
17 Trifluoroacetic acid (2 ml) was added, and the solution was stirred for 15 min at 0°C.
17 The solvents were removed in vacuo without warming. The residue was dissolved in dichloromethane (50 ml), and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The latter
15 procedure was repeated two times. The crude product was purified by flash chromatogrpahy on silica (30 g), using dichloromethane/methanol/25% aqueous ammonia (100:10:1) as eluent, to give 160 mg of 1,1-dimethyl-2-((2R)-2-(N-methyl-N-((2R)-2-methylamino-3-(2-naphthyl)propionyl)amino)-3-phenyl-propionylaminolethyl acetate.

20

 $^1$ H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, selected values): d 0.82 and 0.90 (s and m, together 6 H); 1.86 and 1.91 (both s, together 3 H); 2.01 and 2.35 (both s, together 3 H); 2.75 and 2.95 (both s, together 3 H); 4.60 and 5.50 (both dd, together 1 H).

2-((2R)-2-(N-((2R)-2-(N-((2E)-5-(tert-Butoxycarbonylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionylamino)-1.1-dimethylethyl acetate:

(2E)-5-(tert-Butoxycarbonylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid (81 mg, 0.33 mmol) was dissolved in N,N-dimethylformamide (2 ml) and dichloromethane (2 ml). 1-Hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (45 mg, 0.33 mmol) was added. The solution was 10 cooled to 0 °C. N-(3-Dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (69 mg, 0.36 mmol) was added. A solution of 1,1-dimethyl-2-((2R)-2-(N-methyl-N-((2R)-2-methylamino-3-(2-naphthyl)propionyl)amino)-3-phenylpropionylamino)ethyl acetate (152 mg, 0.30 mmol) in dichloromethane (2 ml) and ethyldiisopropylamine (0.05 ml, 0.30 mmol) were added successively. The solution was stirred for 16 h, while warming up to room temperature. It was diluted with ethyl acetate (150 ml), washed with 1 N hydrochloric acid (100 ml) and saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate solution, and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica (40 g), using ethyl acetate/heptane (first 1:1 (250 ml), then 2:1) to give 221 mg of 2-((2R)-20 2-(N-((2R)-2-(N-((2E)-5-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoyl)-Nmethylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionylamino)-1.1-dimethylethyl acetate.

 $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, selected values): d 5.25, 5.45, 5.60, and 5.90 (all dd, together 2  $_{25}$  H); 5.92 - 6.07 (m, 1 H); 6.60 - 6.85 (m, 1 H).

2-((2R)-2-(N-((2R)-2-(N-((2E)-5-(tert-Butoxycarbonylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoyl)N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionylamino)1,1-dimethylethyl acetate (199 mg, 0.27 mmol) was dissolved in dichloromethane (2
ml). The solution was cooled to 0 °C. Trifluoroacetic acid (2 ml) was added. The solution was stirred for 15 min at 0 °C. The solvent was removed in vacuo at 20 °C. The residue was dissolved in dichloromethane (50 ml) and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The latter procedure was repeated two times. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica (25 g), using
dichloromethane/methanol/25% aqueous ammonia (100:10:1) as eluent, to give 75

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, selected values): d 0.95, 0.96, 0.98, 0.99, 1.16, 1.20, 1.35, and 1.40 (all s, together 12 H); 1.90 and 1.95 (both s, together 3 H); 2.83 and 2.84 (both s, together 3 H); 2.98 and 3.03 (both s, together 3 H); 5.25, 5.45, 5.57, and 5.90 (all dd, together 2 H); 6.95 - 6.10 (m, 1 H); 6.65 - 6.90 (m, 1 H).

HPLC: (A1) R<sub>t</sub> = 36.15 min.

mg of the title compound.

20

MS: 630±1 [M+1]\*

## Example 18

25 (2E)-5-Amino-2-benzyl-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide:

(2E)-2-Benzyl-5-(tert butoxycarbonylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid methyl-(1-5 (methyl-(1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl amide:

(2E)-2-Benzyl-5-tert-butoxycarbonylamino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid (0.125 g; 0.38 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (10 mL). 1-Hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (0.05 g; 0.37 mmol) and N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (0.08 g; 0.41 mmol) were added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at room temperature. (2R)-N-Methyl-2-methylamino-N-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl))propionamide (0.151 g; 0.37 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (5 mL) and added. Diisopropylethylamine (0.064 mL; 0.37 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 12 hours at room temperature. Methylene chloride (5 mL) was added. The reaction mixture was washed with water (10 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen sulfate (10%;

10 mL), and an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (pH 8; 10 mL) and dried (magnesium sulfate). The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was chromatographed on silica (2 x 20 cm) using ethylacetat/methylene chloride 1:1 as eluent to afford 0.08 g of (2E)-2-Benzyl-5-(tert-butoxy-carbonylamino)-5-methylhex-5 2-enoic acidmethyl-(1-(methyl-(1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)-thyl amide.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR: (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)(selected peaks for major rotamer) d 0.96 (s, 3H); 1.11 (s, 3H); 1.38 (s, 9H); 2.65 (d, 3H); 2.71 (s, 3H); 2.99 (s, 3H); 4.80 (m, 1H); 5.30 (m, 3H); 10 5.80 (t, 1H).

(2E)-2-Benzyl-5-(tert butoxycarbonylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid methyl-(1-(methyl-(1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-napthyl)ethyl amide (0.10 g; 0.14 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (2 mL) and trifluoroacetic acid (1 mL) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 5 min at room temperature. Methylene chloride (3 mL) and sodium hydrogen carbonate (solid) were added until pH 8. The aqueous phase was extracted with methylene chloride (3 x 10 mL) and the combined organic phases were dried (magnesium sulfate). The solvent was removed in vacuo to afford 0.09 g of the title compound.

<sup>1</sup>H - NMR: (CDCl<sub>9</sub>) (selected peaks for major rotamer) d 0.89 (s, 3H); 0.92 (s, 3H); 2.38 (d, 3H); 2.45 (s, 3H); 2.95 (s, 3H); 5.21 (m, 1H); 5.45 (m, 1H).

ESMS: m/z 618.2 (M+H)\*

25

 $HPLC: R_t = 37.53 \min (Method A1)$ 

# Example 19

30 (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(1-naphthyl)ethyl)amide:

Methyl-((1R)-1-(methyl-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(1-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamic acid tert-butylester:

- 10 (2R)-2-(tert-Butoxycarbonylmethylamino)-3-(1-naphthyl)- propionic acid (2.00 g; 6.07 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (10 mL). 1-Hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (0.83 g; 6.07 mmol) and N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (1.28 g; 6.68 mmol) were added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at room temperature. (2R)-N-Methyl-2-methylamino-3-phenyl-propionamide (1.17 g; 6.07 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (10 mL) and added. Diisopropylethylamine (1.04 mL; 6.07 mmol) was added. The
  - (10 mL) and added. Diisopropylethylamine (1.04 mL; 6.07 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 12 hours at room temperature. Methylene chloride (20 mL) was added. The reaction mixture was washed with water (20 mL), an

aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen sulfate (10 %; 20 mL), and an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (saturated 20 mL) and dried (magnesium sulfate). The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was chromatographed on silica (3 x 30 cm) using ethyl acetat/methylene chloride 1:1 as eluent to afford 5 0.77 g of methyl-((1R)-1-(methyl-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(1-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamoyl-2-

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR: (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks for major rotamer) d 1.39 (s, 9H); 2.30 (s, 3H); 2.75 (s, 3H); 3.68 (dd, 1H); 5.35 (dd, 1H).

(2R)-N-Methyl-2-methylamino-N-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)-3-(1-naphthyl)propionamide:

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Methyl-((1R)-1-(methyl-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(1-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamic acid tert butyl ester (0.77 g; 1.52 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (4 mL) and trifluoroacetic acid (4 mL) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 30 min at room temperature. Water (5 mL) and methylene chloride (5 mL) were added. An aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate was added until pH 8. The organic phase was extracted with methylene chloride (3 x 10 mL) and dried (magnesium sulfate). The solvent was removed in vacuo to afford 0.64 g of (2R)-N-methyl-2-methylamino-N-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)-3-(1-naphthyl)propionamide.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR: (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)(selected peaks for major rotamer) d 1.69 (s, 3H); 2.05 (s, 3H); 2.57 (d, 3H); 3.91 (dd, 1H); 5.45 (dd, 1H).

((3E)-1,1-Dimethyl-4-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methyl-drapamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(1-naphthyl)-ethyl)carbamoyl)but-3-enyl)carbamic acid tert butylester:

(2E)-5-(tert-Butoxycarbonylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid (0.19 g; 0.80 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (10 mL). 1-Hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (0.108 g; 0.795 mmol) and N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (0.17 g; 0.87 mmol) were added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at room temperature. (2R)-N-Methyl-2-methylamino-N-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)-3-(1-naphthyl)propionamide (0.32 g; 0.80 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (10 mL) and added. Diisopropylethylamine (0.14 mL; 0.80 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 12 hours at room temperature. Methylene chloride (5 mL) was added. The reaction mixture was washed with water (30 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen sulfate (10 %; 30 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (saturated; 30 mL) and dried (magnesium sulfate). The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was chromatographed on silica (3 x 30 cm) using ethylacetat/methylene chloride 1:1 as

eluent to afford 0.26 g of ((3E)-1,1-dimethyl-4-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(1-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)but-3-enyl)carbamic acid tert butylester.

- <sup>5</sup> 'H-NMR : (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)(selected peaks for major rotamer) d 1.31 (s, 3H); 1.32 (s, 3H); 1.48 (s, 9H); 2.45 (d, 3H); 2.65 (s, 3H); 2.92 (s, 3H); 5.22 (dd, 1H); 6.03 (dd, 1H); 6.14 (d, 1H).
- 10 ((3E)-1,1-Dimethyl-4-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(1-naphthyl)-ethyl)carbamoyl)but-3-enyl)carbamic acid tert butylester (0.25 g; 0.40 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (3 mL) and trifluoroacetic acid (2 mL) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 5 min at room temperature. Methylene chloride (5 mL) and solid sodium hydrogen carbonate
  15 were added until pH 8. The reaction mixture was washed with methylene chloride (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic phases were dried (magnesium sulfate) and evaporated in vacuo to afford 0.21 g of the title compound.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR: (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks for major rotamer) d 1.22 (s, 3H); 1.23 (s, 3H); 2.82 (d, 3H); 2.92 (s, 3H); 3.08 (s, 3H); 5.22 (dd, 1H); 5.92 (dd, 1H); 6.12 (d, 1H).

ESMS : m/z 529.2 (M+H)\*

HPLC:  $R_t = 30.90 \text{ min}$  (Method A1)

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### Example 20

 $\label{eq:continuous} (2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-30 methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)-3-(1-naphthyl)propionamide:$ 

5 (1,1-Dimethyl-2-((N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(1-naphthyl)-ethyl)carbamoyl)methoxy)ethyl)carbamic acid tert butylester:

- 10 (2-tert-Butoxycarbonylamino-2-methylpropoxy)acetic acid (0.14 g; 0.54 mmol)(prepared as in example 33) was dissolved in methylene chloride (10 mL). 1-Hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (0.07 g; 0.54 mmol) and N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride were added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at room temperature. (2R)-N-Methyl-2-methylamino-N-((1R)-1-
- methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)-3-(1-naphthyl) propionamide (0.21; 0.54 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (10 mL) and added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 12 hours at room temperature. Methylene chloride (10 mL) was added. The reaction mixture was washed with water (30 mL), an aqueous solution of

sodium hydrogen sulfate (10%; 20 mL) and an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (saturated; 20 mL) and dried (magnesium sulfate). The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was chromatographed on silica (2 x 20 cm) using methylene chloride/ethyl acetate (1:1) as eluent to afford 0.27 g of (1.1-

5 dimethyl-2-((N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(1-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)methoxy)ethyl)carbamic acid tert butylester.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR: (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks for major rotamer) d 1.39 (s, 3H); 1.40 (s, 3H); 1.45 (s, 9H); 2.52 (s, 3H); 2.71 (d, 3H); 2.98 (s, 3H); 5.27 (dd, 1H); 5.95 (dd, 1H).

(1,1-Dimethyl-2-((N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(1-naphthyl)-ethyl)carbamoyl)methoxy)ethyl)carbamic acid tert-butylester (0.26 g; 0.41 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (3 mL) and trifluoroacetic acid (2 mL) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 5 min at room temperature. Methylene chloride (5 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (saturated) and sodium hydrogen carbonate (solid) were added until pH 8. The aqueous phase was extrated with methylene chloride (3 x 15 mL) and the combined organic layers were dried (magnesium sulfate). The solvent was removed in vacuo to afford 0.25 g of the title compound.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR: (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks for major rotamer) d 1.18 (s, 3H); 1.23 (s, 3H); 2.48 (s, 3H); 2.53 (s, 3H); 2.99 (s, 3H); 4.54 (dd, 1H); 5.25 (dd, 1H).

25 ESMS: m/z 533.2 (M+H)+

HPLC: R<sub>t</sub> = 30.68 min (Method A1)

### Example 21

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(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid-((1R)-2-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)-1-(methyl-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)-methylamide:

(2R)-3-(Benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)-2-(tert-butoxycarbonylmethylamino)propionic acid:

(2R)-3-(Benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)-2-tert-butoxycarbonylamino- propionic acid (2.65 g; 8.25 mmol) was dissolved in dry tetrahydrofuran. Methyl iodide was added and the reaction mixture was cooled to 0  $^{\circ}$ C. Sodium hydride (60 % in mineral oil, 0.80 g, 24.8 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 48 hours at room

- temperature. Ethyl acetate (25 mL) and water (10 mL) were added dropwise. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was dissolved in ether (15 mL) and water (15 mL). The organic phase was washed with an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (saturated; 20 mL). To the aqueous phase was added citric acid (5 %) until pH 3 and extracted with ethyl acetate (4 x 20 mL). The combined
- organic phases were washed with water (2 x 30 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium thiosulfate (5 %; 30 mL) and water (30 mL) and dried (magnesium sulfate). The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was dissolved in ether (10 mL). Dicyclohexylamine (5 mL) was added. The precipitated crystals were filtered off, washed with ether (2 x 10 mL) and dissolved in water (30 mL). An aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen sulfate (10 %; 20 mL) and ethyl acetate (40 mL) were added.

The aqueous phase was extrated with ethylacetate (4 x 30 mL) and dried (magnesium sulfate). The solvent was removed in vacuo to afford 3.75 g of (2R)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)-2-(tert-butoxycarbonyl methylamino)propionic acid.

5 ¹H-NMR: (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks for major rotamer) d 1.45 (s, 9H); 2.81 (s, 3H); 3.21-3.61 (m, 2H); 4.88 (dd, 1H); 7.18 (s, 1H).

((1R)-2-(Benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)-(methyl-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenyl10 ethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)methylcarbamic acid tert butylester:

(2R)-3-(Benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)-2-(tert-butoxycarbonyl- methylamino)propionic acid

(2.00 g; 5.96 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (10 mL). 1-Hydroxy-7azabenzotriazole (0.81 g; 5.96 mmol) and N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (1.26 g; 6.56 mmol) were added. The reaction
mixture was stirred for 15 min at room temperature. (2R)-

N-Methyl-2-methylamino-3-phenylpropionamide (1.15 g; 5.96 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (10 mL) and added. Diisopropylethylamine (1.02 mL; 5.96 mmol) were added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 48 hours. Methylene chloride (10 mL) was added. The reaction was washed with water (30 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen sulfate (10 %; 30 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (saturated; 30 mL) and dried (magnesium sulfate).

25 The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was chromatographed on silica

 $(3 \times 30 \text{ cm})$  using ethyl acetate/methylene chloride (1:1) as eluent to afford 0.89 g of ((1R)-2-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)-1-(methyl-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)methyl carbamic acid tert-butylester.

<sup>5</sup> H-NMR: (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks for major rotamer) d 1.43 (s, 9H); 2.26 (d, 3H); 2.75 (s, 3H); 2.76 (s, 3H); 4.96 (dd, 1H); 5.05 (dd, 1H).

(2R)-3-(Benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)-N-methyl-2-methylamino-N-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)propionamide:

((1R)-2-(Benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)-1-(methyl-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)-methylcarbamic acid tert-butylester (0.89 g; 1.70 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (3 mL) and trifluoroacetic acid (2 mL) was added.

- 15 The reaction mixture was stirred for 45 min at room temperature. Water (5 mL) was added. Methylene chloride (5 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (saturated) and sodium hydrogen carbonate (solid) was added until pH 8. The aqueous phase was extracted with methylene chloride (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic phases were dried (magnesium sulfate) and evaporated in vacuo to afford 0.66 g of (2R)-3-(Benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)-N-methyl-2-methylamino-N-((1R)-
  - <sup>1</sup>H-NMR: (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks for major rotamer) d 1.71 (s, 3H); 2.38 (s, 3H); 2.62 (d, 3H); 3.82 (dd, 1H); 5.47 (dd, 1H).

1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)propionamide.

((3E)-4-(((1R)-2-(Benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)-1-(methyl-(1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)-methylcarbamoyl)-1,1-dimethylbut-3-enyl)carbamic acid tert-butylester:

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(2E)-5-(tert-Butyloxycarbonylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid (0.19 g; 0.78 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (10 mL). 1-Hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (0.11 g; 0.78 mmol) and N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide (0.16 g; 0.86 mmol) were added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at room temperature.

3-(Benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)-N-methyl-2-methylamino-N-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)propionamide ( 0.32 g ; 0.78 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride ( 10 mL) and added. Diisopropylethylamine (0.13 mL; 0.78 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 12 hours at room temperature. Methylene chloride (10 mL) was added. The reaction was washed with water (20 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen sulfate (10 %; 20 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (saturated; 20 mL) and dried (magnesium sulfate). The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was chromatographed on silica (2 x 20 cm) using ethylacatate/methylene chloride (1:1) as eluent to afford 0.26 g of ((3E)-4-(((1R)-2-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)-1-(methyl-(1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)methylcarbamoyl)-1,1-dimethylbut-3-enyl)carbamic acid tert-butylester.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR: (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks for major rotamer) d 1.25 (s, 3H); 1.27 (s, 3H); 1.38 (s, 9H); 2.47 (s, 3H); 2.72 (d, 3H); 2.98 (s, 3H); 5.06 (dd, 1H); 5.67 (dd, 1H); 6.08 (d, 1H).

((3E)-4-(((1R)-2-(Benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)-1-(methyl-(1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenyl-ethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)-methylcarbamoyl)-1,1-dimethylbut-3-enyl)carbamic acid tert-butylester was dissolved in methylene chloride (3 mL) and trifluoroacetic acid (2 mL) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 5 min at roomtemperature.

10 Water (5 mL) was added. Methylene chloride (8 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (saturated), sodium hydrogen carbonate (solid) was added until pH 8. The aqueous phase was extracted with methylene chloride (3 x 10 mL) and the combined organic phases were dried (magnesium sulfate). The solvent was removed in vacuo to give 0.13 g of the title compound.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR: (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks for major rotamer) d 1.25 (s, 6H); 2.47, (s, 3H); 2.75 (d, 3H); 2.96 (s, 3H); 4.98 (dd, 1H); 5.89 (dd, 1H); 6.10 (d, 1H).

PDMS: m/z 535.7 (M+H)\*

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HPLC: R, = 30.87 min (Method A1)

#### Example 22

(2R)-2-(((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)methyl- amino)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)propionamide:

(2-((((1R)-2-(Benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)-((methyl-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-

10 phenylethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)methyl carbamoyl)methoxy)-1,1-dimethylethyl)carbamic acid tert butyl ester:

15 (2-tert-Butoxycarbonylamino-2-methylpropoxy)acetic acid (0.193 g; 0.78 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (10 mL). 1-Hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (0.11 g; 0.78 mmol) and N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (0.16 g; 0.86 mmol) were added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at

room temperature. (2R)-3-(Benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)-N-methyl-2-methylamino-N-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)propionamide (0.32 g; 0.78 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (10 mL) and added. Disopropylethylamine (0.13 mL; 0.78 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 12 hours at room temperature. Methylene chloride (10 mL) was added. The reaction was washed with water (30 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen sulfate (10 %; 20 mL) and an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (saturated; 20 mL) and dried (magnesium sulfate). The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was chromatographed on silica (3 x 30 cm) using ethyl acetate/methylene chloride (1:1) as eluent to afford 0.44 g of (2-((((1R)-2-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)-1-((methyl-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-ethyl)methyl carbamoyl)methoxy)-1,1-dimethylethyl)carbamic acid tert butyl ester.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR: (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks for major rotamer) d 1.25 (s, 3H); 1.28 (s, 3H); 1.5 1.42 (s, 9H); 2.70 (s, 3H); 2.78 (d, 3H); 2.97 (s, 3H); 4.99 (dd, 1H); 5.88 (dd, 1H).

(2-((((1R)-2-(Benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)-1-((methyl-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)methyl- carbamoyl)methoxy)-1,1-dimethylethyl)carbamic acid tert butyl ester (0.435 g; 0.68 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (3 mL) and trifluoroacetic acid (2 mL) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 5 min at room temperature. Water (5 mL) was added. Methylene chloride (8 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (saturated) and solid sodium hydrogen carbonate was added until pH 8. The aqueous phase was washed with methylene chloride (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic phases were dried (magnesium sulfate) and evaporated <u>in vacuo</u> to afford 0.36 g of the title compound.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR: (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks for major rotamer) d 1.25 (s, 6H); 2.65 (s, 3H); 2.75 (s, 3H); 2.98 (s, 3H); 4.68 (dd, 1H); 5.79 (dd, 1H).

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PDMS: m/z 538.1 (M+H)\*

#### 5 Example 23

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid methyl-((1R)-1-(methyl-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-(((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)-methyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(1-naphthyl)ethyl)-amide:

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(2R)-2-(tert-Butoxycarbonylmethylamino)-3-(1-naphthyl)-propionic acid:

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2-tert-Butoxycarbonylamino-3-(1-naphthyl)propionic acid (5.0 g; 0.015 mol) was dissolved in tetrahydrofuran (40 mL). Iodomethane (7.6 mL; 0.12 mol) was added. The reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C and sodium hydride was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 48 hours. Ethyl acetate (50 mL) and water (20 mL) were added dropwise. The solvent was removed in vacuo and ether (30 mL) and

water (20 mL) were added. The organic phase was washed with an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (pH 8; 30 mL). To the aqueous phases was added citric acid (5%) to pH 3. The aqueous phase was extrated with ethylacetate (3 x 30 mL). The combined organic phases were washed with water (2 x 40 mL), an aqueous solution of sodiumthiosulfate (5 %; 40 mL) and water (40 mL) and dried (magnesium sulfate). The solvent was removed in vacuo and ether (10 mL) and dicyclohexylamine (8.5 mL) were added. The precipitated crystals were filtered off and dissolved in water (20 mL). Hydrochloric acid was added to pH 2. The reaction mixture was extrated with ethyl acetate (4 x 40 mL), dried (magnesium sulfate) and evaporated in vacuo to afford 3.97 g of (2R)-2-(tert-butoxycarbonyl methylamino)-3-(1-naphthyl)propionic acid.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR: (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) d 1.01 (s, 9H); 2.76 (s, 3H); 3.32 (dd, 1H); 3.93 (dd, 1H); 4.95 (dd, 1H); 7.30-8.10 (7 arom. H)

Methyl-((1R)-1-(methyl-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-(((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)-methyl)-carbamoyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(1-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamic acid tert-butylester:

20 (2R)-2-(tert-Butoxycarbonylmethylamino)-3-(1-naphthyl)-propionic acid (0.68 g; 2.06 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (10 mL). 1-Hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazol (0.28 g; 2.06 mmol) and N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (0.43 g; 2.26 mmol) were added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at room temperature.

(2R)-2-Methylamino-3-phenyl-N-((2-tetrahydrofuranyl)-methyl)propionamide (0.54 g; 2.058 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (10 mL) and added.

Diisopropylethylamine (0.35 mL; 2.06 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 12 hours at room temperature. Methylene chloride (10 mL) was

added. The reaction mixture was washed with water (30 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen sulfate (10%; 30 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (pH 8; 30 mL) and dried (magnesium sulfate). The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was chromatographed on silica (5 x 50 cm) using ethyl acetate/methylene chloride 1:1 as eluent to afford 1.08 g of methyl-((1R)-1-(methyl-10 ((1R)-2-phenyl-1-(((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(1-naphtyl)ethyl)carbamic acid tert butylester.

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR:}$  (CDCl $_{3}$ ) (selected peaks for major rotamer) d 0.71 (s, 9H); 1.64 (s, 3H);

2.25 (s, 3H); 2.83 (d, 2H); 2.85 (s, 3H); 5.15 (dd, 1H); 5.44 (dd, 1H).

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(2R)-N-Methyl-2-methylamino-3-(1-naphthyl)-N-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-(((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)-propionamide:

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Methyl-((1R)-1-(methyl-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-(((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(1-naphtyl)ethyl)carbamic acid tert butylester (0.84 g; 1.46 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (3 mL) and trifluoroacetic acid (2 mL) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 5 min at roomtemperature. Water

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(3 mL) and methylene chloride (5 mL) was added. Sodium hydrogen carbonate (solid) was added until pH 8. The reaction mixture was extracted with methylene chloride (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layers were dried (magnesium sulfate) and evaporated in vacuo to afford 0.68 g of (2R)-N-methyl-2-methylamino-3-(1-naphtyl)-N-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl-methyl)-carbamoyl)ethyl)propionamide.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR: (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks for major rotamer) d 1.75 (s, 3H); 2.08 (s, 3H); 2.40 (d, 2H); 2.95 (d, 3H); 4.45 (m, 1H); 5.45-5.50 (m, 2H).

((3E)-1,1-Dimethyl-4-(methyl-((1R)-1-(methyl-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-(((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl)-2(1-naphtyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)but-3-enyl)carbamic acid tert butylester:

(2E)-5-(tert-Butoxycarbonylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid (0.344 g; 1.41 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (10 mL). 1-Hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (0.19 g; 1.41 mmol) and N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (0.298 g; 1.56 mmol) were added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at room temperature. (2R)-N-Methyl-2-methylamino-3-(1-naphthyl)-N-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-(((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)-propionamide (0.67 g; 1.42 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (10 mL) and added. Diisopropyletylamine (0.242 mL; 1.41 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 12 hours at room temperature. Methylene chloride ( 20 mL) was added. The reaction mixture

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10 %;30 mL), an aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (pH 8 ; 30 mL) and dried (magnesium sulfate). The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was chromatographed on silica (3 x 30 cm) using methylene chloride/ethyl acetat (1:1) as eluent to afford 0.81 g of ((3E)-1,1-dimethyl-4-(methyl-((1R)-1-(methyl-4-(meth

5 ((1R)-2-phenyl-1-(((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2(1-naphtyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl)but-3-enyl)carbamic acid tert butylester.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR: (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks for major rotamer) d 1.28 (s, 9H); 1.47 (s, 6H); 2.90 (d, 3H); 6.06 (d, 1H).

((3E)-1,1-Dimethyl-4-(methyl-((1R)-1-(methyl-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-(((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl)-2(1-naphtyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)but-3-enyl)carbamic acid tert butylester (0.80 g; 1.15 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (3 mL) and trifluoroacetic acid (2 mL) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 5 min at room temperature. Methylene chloride (5 mL) and sodium hydrogen carbonate were added until pH 8. The reaction mixture was extracted with methylene chloride (3 x 10 mL). The combind organic phases were dried (magnesium sulfate) and evaporated in vacuo to afford 0.50 g of the title compound.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR: (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks for major rotamer) d 1.25 (s, 6H); 2.25 (d, 2H); 2.08 (s, 3H); 2.89 (d, 3H); 3.18 (s, 3H); 5.90 (dd, 1H); 6.65 (d, 1H).

PDMS: m/z 599.8 (M+H)\*

HPLC: R<sub>t</sub> = 33.50 (Method A1)

## Example 24

3-((2R)-2-(N-((2R)-2-(N-((2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionylamino)propyl acetate:

N-((1R)-1-(3-hydroxypropylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamic acid tert-butylester:

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3-Aminopropan-1-ol (0.39 mL, 5.12 mmol) was added at room temperature to a solution of N-tert-butoxycarbonyl-N-methyl-D-phenylalanine (1.30 g, 4.65 mmol) in N,N-dimethylformamide (40 mL). 1-Hydroxybenzotriazole monohydrate (0.63 g, 4.65 mmol) and N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride 1s (0.89 g, 4.65 mmol) were added successively. The reaction mixture was stirred for 22 h at room temperature. It was diluted with 10% sodium hydrogensulfate solution (300 mL) and extracted with ethyl acetate (4 x 100 mL). The combined organic

(300 mL) and extracted with ethyl acetate (4 x 100 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica (45 g) with dichloromethane/methanol (10:1) to give 1.01 g of N-((1R)-1-(3-

20 dichloromethane/methanol (10:1) to give 1.01 g of N-((1R)-1-(3hvdroxypropylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamic acid tert-butylester. <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): d 1.30 and 1.40 (both s, together 9 H); 1.65 and 1.72 (both br, together 2 H); 2.77 (s, 3 H); 2.90 - 3.75 (m, 6 H); 4.75 and 4.86 (both m, together 1 H); 6.50 (m, 1 H); 7.10 - 7.25 (m, 5 H).

3-((2R)-2-(N-tert-Butoxycarbonyl-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionylamino)propyl acetate:

- 10 A solution of N-((1R)-1-(3-hydroxypropylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butylester (965 mg, 2.86 mmol) in dichloromethane (10 mL) was cooled to 0°C. 4-(dimethylamino)pyridine (35 mg, 0.29 mmol), triethylamine (0.60 mL, 4.29 mmol), and acetic acid anhydride (0.32 mL, 3.43 mmol) were added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 5 hours, while it was warming slowly to room
- 15 temperature. The reaction mixture was diluted with dichloromethane (100 mL) and washed with 10% sodium hydrogensulfate solution. The aqueous phase was extracted with dichloromethane (2 x 50 mL). The organic phases were combined and washed with saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate solution. They were dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo, and the crude product
- was purified by flash chromatography on silica (90 g) with ethyl acetate/dichloromethane (1:3 to 1:1) to give 890 mg of 3-((2R)-2-(N-tert-butoxycarbonyl-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionylamino)propyl acetate.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) d 1.25 and 1.39 (both s, together 9 H); 1.85 (m, 2 H); 2.06 and 2.5 (both s, together 3 H); 2.76 (s, 3 H); 2.95 (m, 1 H); 3.35 (m, 3H); 4.00 - 4.20 (m, 2 H); 4.70 - 4.87 (both m, together 1 H); 6.22 and 6.37 (both br, together 1 H); 7.10 - 7.35 (m, 5 H).

3-((2R)-2-(Methylamino)-3-phenylpropionylamino)propyl acetate:

- s A solution of 3-((2R)-2-(N-tert-butoxycarbonyl-N-methylamino)-3-phenyl-propionylamino)propyl acetate (862 mg, 2.28 mmol) in dichloromethane (3 mL) was cooled to 0°C. Trifluoroacetic acid (3 mL) was added. The solution was stirred for 10 min. The solvents were removed in vacuo without warming. The residue was dissolved in dichloromethane (50 mL) and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The procedure was repeated twice. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica (70 g) with dichloromethane/methanol/25% ammonia in water (100:10:1) to give 602 mg of 3-((2R)-2-(methylamino)-3-phenylpropionylamino)propyl acetate.
- 15 <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) d 1.85 (m, 2 H); 2.07 (s, 3 H); 2.80 (s, 3 H); 2.72 (dd, 1 H); 3.20 (m, 2 H); 3.35 (m, 2 H); 4.10 (t, 1 H); 7.15 7.40 (m, 6 H).
  - 3-((2R)-2-(N-((2R)-2-(N-(tert-Butoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionyl)-N-methylamino)-3-
- 20 phenylpropionylamino)propyl acetate:

(2R)-2-(N-(tert-Butoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)-propionic acid (659 mg, 2.0 mmol) was dissolved in N,N-dimethylformamide (3 mL) and dichloromethane (3 mL). The solution was cooled to 0°C. 1-Hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (272 mg, 2.0 mmol) was added. After 10 min N-(3-

- s dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (460 mg, 2.4 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 10 min. A solution of 3-((2R)-2-(methylamino)-3-phenylpropionylamino)propyl acetate (567 mg, 2.0 mmol) in dichloromethane (4 mL) was added. The solution was stirred for 16 hours, while the temperature rose to room temperature. The reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate (150 mL). It was extracted with 10% sodium hydrogensulfate solution (150 mL). The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 50 mL) and the organic phases were combined and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica (70 g) with ethyl acetate/heptane (2:1) to give 973 mg of 3-((2R)-2-(N-((2R)-2-15 (N-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)-propionyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionylamino)propyl acetate.
  - <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): d 4.99, 5.11, 5.18, 5.35, and 5.42 (all dd, together 2 H); 5.75 and 6.15 (both t, together 1 H).

3-((2R)-2-(N-((2R)-2-Methylamino-3-(2-naphthyl)propionyl)-N-methylamino)-3phenylpropionylamino)propyl acetate:

25 At 0°C, trifluoroacetic acid (3 mL) was added to a solution of 3-((2R)-2-(N-((2R)-2-

(N-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionyl)-N-methylamino)3-phenylpropionylamino)propyl acetate (885 mg, 1.50 mmol) in dichloromethane (3 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred for 5 min. The solvents were removed in vacuo at 20°C. The residue was dissolved in dichloromethane (40 mL). The procedure was repeated twice. The crude product was purified by flash

chromatography on silica (45 g) with dichloromethane/methanol/25% solution of ammonia in water (100:10:1) to give 497 mg of 3-((2R)-2-(N-((2R)-2-methylamino-3-(2-naphthyl)propionyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionylamino)propyl acetate.

¹H-NMR (DMSO-d<sub>e</sub>): d 1.65 (m, 2 H); 2.01 and 2.02 (both s, together 3 H); 4.67 and 5.35 (both dd, together 1 H).

3-((2R)-2-(N-((2R)-2-(N-((2E)-5-(tert-Butoxycarbonylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoyl)15 N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionylamino)propyl acetate:

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(2E)-5-tert-Butoxycarbonylamino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid (277 mg, 1.14 mmol) and 1-hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (155 mg, 1,14 mmol) were dissolved in dichloromethane (3 mL) and N,N-dimethylformamide (3 mL). The solution was cooled to 0 °C. N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (254 mg, 1.32 mmol) was added. The solution for stirred for 10 min at 0°C, before a

solution of 3-((2R)-2-(N-((2R)-2-methylamino-3-(2-naphthyl)propionyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionylamino)propyl acetate in dichloromethane (3 mL) was added. The solution was stirred for 18 hours, while it was warming up slowly to room temperature. It was diluted with ethyl acetate (100 mL) and extracted with

5 10% sodium hydrogensulfate solution. The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate solution (100 mL) and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatogrpahy on silica (45 g) with ethyl acetate/heptane (2:1) to give 427 mg of
 3-((2R)-2-(N-((2R)-2-(N-((2E)-5-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionyl)-N-methylamino)-3-

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): d 1.80 (m, 2 H); 4.10 (m, 2 H); 6.05 (m, 1 H); 6.75 (m, 1 H).

phenylpropionylamino)propyl acetate.

3-((2R)-2-(N-((2R)-2-(N-((2E)-5-(tert-Butoxycarbonylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoyl)N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionylamino)propyl acetate (412 mg, 0.58 mmol) was dissolved in
dichloromethane (2 mL). The solution was cooled to 0 °C. Trifluoroacetic acid (2
20 mL) was added. The solution was stirred for 8 min at 0 °C, and the solvents were
removed in vacuo with a water bath temperature of 20°C. The residue was
dissolved in dichloromethane (30 mL) and the solvent was removed in vacuo. This
latter procedure was repeated twice. The crude product was purified by flash
chromatography on silica (35 g) with dichloromethane/methanol/25% ammonia in
25 water (100:10:1). The product was dissolved in ethyl acetate (3 mL) and 3M
hydrogen chloride in ethyl acetate (0.7 mL) was added. The solvent was removed
in vacuo and the product was dried over night in vacuo to give 0.21 g of title
compound as a hydrochloride.

 $^{1}$ H-NMR (DMSO-d<sub>e</sub>) (selected values) d 1.70 (m, 2H); 4.00 (m, 2H).

MS: found: 616.3 ± 1 [M+1]\*

HPLC:  $R_T = 20.47 \text{ min (method A1)}$ 

#### Example 25

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-(3-hydroxypropyl-carbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methyl-10 amide:

3-((2R)-2-(N-((2R)-2-(N-((2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-anphthyl)propionyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionylamino)propyl acetate hydrochloride (140 mg, 0.21 mmol) was dissolved in 1,4-dioxane (3 mL). A solution of lithium hydroxide (18 mg, 0.74 mmol) in water (1.5 mL) was added. Water was added until a clear solution was obtained. The reaction mixture was stirred for 16 h at room temp. It was diluted with water (30 mL) and extracted with tert-butylmethyl ether. The combined organic layers were dried over magnesium sulfate and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in water (15 mL) and acetic acid (0.8 mL) and the resulting solution was lyophilized to give 105 mg of the acetate salt of the title compound.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (DMSO-d<sub>e</sub>) (selected peaks): d 0.95 (s, 6 H); 1.55 (m, 3H); 3.42 (m, 2H).

HPLC:  $R_T = 30.97 \text{ min (method A1)}$ 

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# Example 26

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(0.3-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)methoxy)methyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide:

L5

# (2R)-2-(Methylamino)-3-phenylpropan-1-ol:

(2R)-2-(Methylamino)-3-phenylpropan-1-ol was prepared analogue to M. J. McKennon and A. I. Meyers J. Org. Chem. 1993 (58), 3568 - 3571. m.p. 69 - 69°C (lit: A. I. Meyers, J. Org. Chem. 1993 (58), 3568 - 3571: 71 - 74 °C; A. Karim, A. Mortreux, F. Petit, G. Buono, G. Pfeiffer, C. Siv, J. Organomet. Chem. 1986, 317, 93: 68 °C, for (2S)-2-(methylamino)-3-phenylpropan-1-ol) N-((1R)-1-Hydroxymethyl-2-phenylethyl)-N-methyl carbamaic acid tert-butylester:

(2R)-2-(Methylamino)-3-phenylpropan-1-ol (6.00 g, 36.3 mmol) was dissolved in Tetrahydrofuran (80 mL). 1N sodium hydroxide solution (36.3 mL, 36.3 mmol) was added. A solution of di-tert.-butyl dicarbonate (9.50 g, 43.6 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (60 mL) was slowly added at room temperature. The solution was stirred 16 h at room temperature. Water (200 mL) and ethyl acetate (200 mL) were added. The
 phases were separated. The aqueous phase was washed with ethyl acetate (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuum. The product was purified on silica (170 g) with ethyl aceate/heptane (1:1) to give 7.85 g (81%) of N-((1R)-1-hydroxymethyl-2-phenylethyl)-N-methyl carbamaic acid tert-butylester.

1H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>); d = 1.32 - 1.40 (br, 9H); 2.55 - 2.95 (m, 5 H); 3.65 - 3.67 (br, 2 H); 4.10 - 4.35 (br, 1H); 7.05 - 7.35 (m, 5 H).

25 ((2R)-2-(tert-Butoxycarbonylmethylamino)-3-phenylpropoxyl)acetic acid ethyl ester:

N-((1R)-1-Hydroxymethyl-2-phenylethyl)-N-methyl carbamaic acid (3.98 g, 15.0 mmol) was dissolved in 1,2-dichloroethane (150 mL). The solution was warmed to 75 - 80 °C. Rhodium(II) acetate (0.1 g, 0.4 mmol) was added. During a period of 6 hours a solution of ethyl diazoacetate (2.4 mL, 22.5 mmol) in dichloromethane (100 mL) was added. After 3 h another portion of rhodium(II) acetate (0.1 g, 0.4 mmol) was added. After addition of ethyl diazoacetate, the solution was cooled to room temperature. It was filtered through a plug of celite. The solvent was removed in vacuum. The crude product was chromatographed on silica (100 g) to give 1.53 g of ((2R)-2-(tert-butoxycarbonylmethylamino)-3-phenylpropoxyl)acetic acid ethyl ester.

1H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): d = 1.28 (m, 3 H); 1.39 and 1.48 (both s, together 9H); 2.65 - 2.95 (m, 9 H); 3.58 (m, 1 H); 3.67 (br, 1H); 3.98 - 4.27 (m, 4 H); 4.35 - 4.55 (br, 1H); 7.10 - 7.30 (m, 5 H).

((2R)-2-(tert-Butoxycarbonylmethylamino)-3-phenylpropoxy)-acetic acid:

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((2R)-2-(tert-butoxycarbonylmethylamino)-3-phenylpropoxyl)-acetic acid ethyl ester (0.60 g, 1.71 mmol) was dissolved in dioxane (5 mL). A solution of lithium hydroxide

( 0.05g, 2.20 mmol) in water (2 mL) was added. The solution was stirred at room temperature for 56 hours. Ethyl acetate (10 mL) and water (2 mL) were added. The phases were separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (10 mL). The combined organic layers were extracted with 1N sodium hydroxide

solution (20 mL). The combined aqueous phases were acidified with a 1M sodium hydrogensulfate solution (pH 2) and extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 20 mL). These ethyl acetate layers were combined and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuum to give 0.38 g of crude ((2R)-2-(tert-

butoxycarbonylmethylamino)-3-phenylpropoxy) acetic acid, which was used for the 10 following steps.

1H-NMR (DMSO  $d_8$ ): d = 1.15 and 1.27 (both s, together 9H); 2.55 - 2.70 (m, 5 H); 3.45 - 3.65 (m, 2 H); 4.00 - 4.10 (m, 2 H); 4.30 - 4.50 (m, 1H); 7.15 - 7.35 (m, 5 H); 13.60 (br, 1H).

N-Methyl-N-((1R)-1-(((3-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)methoxy)methyl-2-phenylethyl)carbamcic acid tert-butylester:

$$\begin{array}{c|c} H_3C & CH_3 & O & \\ H_3C & O & N & O \\ CH_3 & O & O \end{array}$$

20

15

At -13 °C, isobutyl chloroformate (0.80 mL, 6.19 mmol) was added slowly to a solution of ((2R)-2-(N-tert-butoxycarbonyl-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropoxy)acetic acid (2.0 g, 6.18 mmol) and N-methylmorpholine (0.68 mL, 6.18 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (25 mL). The solution was stirred for 15 min at this temperature.

25 Acetamidoxim (0.92 g, 12.36 mmol) was added as a solid. Immediately after addition, N-methylmorpholine (0.68 mL, 6.18 mmol) was given to the reaction mixture. It was stirred for 45 min at -13°C, 3.5 h at room temperature and 16 hours at reflux. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and diluted with

ethyl acetate (100 mL). It was extracted with water and 10% sodium hydrogensulfate solution (10 mL/40 mL). The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (2x 50 mL). The combined organic phases were washed with saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and dried over magnesium sulfate.

- 5 The solvent was removed in vacuo. The crued product was purified on silica (90 g) with ethyl acetate/heptane (1:1) as eluent to give 1.17 g of N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(((3-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)methoxy)methyl-2-phenylethyl)carbamcic acid tert-butylester.
- ¹H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) d 1.31 and 1.39 (both s, together 9H); 2.43 (s, 3H); 2.65 2.95 (m, 5H); 3.65 (m, 1H); 3.76 (m, 1H); 4.43 and 4.53 (both br, together 1H); 4.70 4.80 (m, 2H); 7.10 7.35 (m, 5H).
- 15 3-Methyl-5-(((2R)-2-(methylamino)-3-phenylpropoxy)methyl)-1,2,4-oxadiazole:

- 20 N-Methyl-N-((1R)-1-(((3-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)methoxy)methyl-2-phenyl-ethyl)carbamcic acid tert-butylester (1.13 g; 3.13 mmol) was dissolved in dichloromethane (3 mL). The solution was cooled to 0°C. Trifluoroacetic acid (3 mL) was added. The solution was stirred at 0 °C for 5 min. The solvent was removed in vacuo without warming. The residue was dissolved in dichloromethane (100 mL)
- 25 and the solvent was removed in vacuo. This procedure was repeated twice. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica (70 g) with dichloromethane/methanol/25% aqueous ammonia (100:10:1) to give 0.75 g of 3-methyl-5-(((2R)-2-(methylamino)-3-phenylpropoxy)methyl)-1,2,4-oxadiazole.

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<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) d 2.40 (s, 3H); 2.45 (s, 3H); 2.75 (dd, 1H); 2.85 (dd, 2H); 2.93 (m, 1H); 3.48 (dd, 1H); 3.56 (dd, 1H); 4.70 (AB, 2H); 7.15 - 7.35 (m, 5H)).

N-Methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(((3-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)methoxy)methyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamic acid tert-butylester:

(2R)-2-(N-tert-Butoxycarbonyl-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionic acid (701 mg, 2.68 mmol) was dissolved in dichloromethane (4 mL) and N,N-dimethylformamide (4 mL). The solution was cooled to 0°C. 1-Hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (365 mg, 2.68 mmol) and N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (617 mg, 3.22 mmol) were successively added. The solution was stirred for 15 min at 0 °C. A solution of 3-methyl-5-(((2R)-2-(methylamino)-3-phenylpropoxy)methyl)-1,2,4-oxadiazole (701 mg, 2.68 mmol) in dichloromethane (4 mL) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 16hours, while the temperature slowly rose to room temperature. It was diluted with ethyl acetate (100 mL) and extracted with a mixture of saturated sodium chloride solution (50 mL) and water (50 mL). The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and dried over magensium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on

(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(((3-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)methoxy)methyl)-2-phenylethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamic acid tert-butylester.

5 ¹H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) d 0.95, 1.02, 1.13, and 1.26 (all s, together 9H); 2.35 - 2.45 (m, 3H); 7.00 - 7.80 (m, 12H).

(2R)-2-(Methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(((3-methyl-10 1,2,4-oxaidazol-5-vl)methoxy)methyl)-2-phenylethyl)amide:

N-Methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(((3-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)methoxy)methyl)-2-phenylethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamic acid tertbutylester (1.21 g, 2.12 mmol) was dissolved in dichloromethane (4 mL). The
solution was cooled to 0 °C. Trifluoroacetic acid (4 mL) was added. The solution
was stirred for 12 min at 0 °C. The solvent was removed in vacuo without warming.
The residue was dissolved in dichloromethane (150 mL), and the solvent was

20 removed in vacuo. This latter procedure was repeated twice. The crude product was purified by flash chromatogrpahy on silica (70 g) with dichloromethane/methanol/25% aqueous ammonia (200:10:1) to give 497 mg of (2R)-2-(methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(((3-methyl-1,2,4-oxaidazol-5-yl)methoxy)methyl)-2-phenylethyl)amide.

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<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (DMSO d<sub>a</sub>) d 1.67 and 1.92 (both s, together 3H); 2.32 and 2.34 (both s, together 3H); 2.71 and 2.86 (both s, together 3H); 4.60 and 4.79 (both s, together 2H); 7.05 - 7.90 (m. 12H).

(3E)-1,1-Dimethyl-4-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(((3-methyl-1,2,4-oxadizol-5-yl)methoxy)methyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)but-3-enylcarbamic acid tert-butylester:

(2E)-5-(tert-Butoxycarbonylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid (258 mg, 1.06 mmol) was dissolved in dichloromethane (3 mL) and N,N-dimethylformamide (3 mL). 1-Hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (144 mg, 1.06 mmol) was added. The solution was cooled to 0 °C. N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (260 mg, 1.36 mmol) was added. The solution was stirred for 15 min at 0 °C. A solution of (2R)-2-(methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(((3-methyl-1,2,4-oxaidazol-5-yl)methoxy)-methyl)-2-phenylethyl)amide (456 mg, 0.97 mmol) in dichloromethane (3 mL) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 16 h, at room temperature. The reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate (150 mL). It was washed with saturated sodium chloride solution (150 mL). The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic phases were washed with saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatogrphy on silica (60 g) with ethyl acetate/heptane (2:1) to give 514 mg of (3E)-1,1-dimethyl-4-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-((1

methyl-1,2,4-oxadizol-5-yl)methoxy)methyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)but-3-enylcarbamic acid tert-butylester.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) d 1.05 - 1.50 (m, 15H); 6.05 (m, 1H); 6.55 and 6.74 (both m, 5 together 1H); 7.05 - 7.85 (m, 12H).

(3E)-1,1-Dimethyl-4-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(((3-methyl-1,2,4-oxadizol-5-yl)methoxy)methyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)but-3-enylcarbamic acid tert-butylester (464 mg, 0.66 mmol) was dissolved in dichloromethane (2 mL). The reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C. Trifluoroacetic acid (2 mL) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 7 min at 0 °C. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in dichloromethane (50 mL), and the solvent was removed in vacuo. This latter procedure was repeated two times. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica (30 g) with dichloromethane/methanol/25% aqueous ammonia (100:10:1). The product was dissolved in ethyl acetate (3 mL) and 3 M

ammonia (100:10:1). The product was dissolved in ethyl acetate (3 mL) and 3 M hydrogen chloride in ethyl acetate (0.7 mL) was added. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate (50 mL) and the solvent was removed in vacuo to give 285 mg of the title compound as a hydrochloride.

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HPLC: R<sub>f</sub> = 35.40 min (Method A1)

¹H-NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) d 1.03, 1.04, and 1.15 (all s, together 6H);2.35 and 2.36 (both s, together 3H).

25

MS: 598.3 ([M+1]\*)

C<sub>35</sub>H<sub>44</sub>N<sub>5</sub>CIO<sub>4</sub> · 2H<sub>2</sub>O calc. C62.72 H7.22 N10.45 30 found C62.72 H7.04 N10.30

## Example 27

5 2- Methyl-piperidine-4-carboxylic acid N-{1-[N-methyl-N-(1-(3-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamoyl]-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl} amide:

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(R) N-Methyl-N-[1-(3-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl]carbamic acid tertbutyl ester:

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iso-Butylchloroformate (1.22 g, 9.0 mmol) was dropwise added to a solution of (R) N-methyl-N-tert-butoxycarbonyl-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine (3.0 g, 9 mmol) and N-  $\,$ 

methylmorpholine (0.91 g, 9.0 mmol) in dichloromethane (40mL) at -20  $^{\circ}$ C. After 15 min at -20  $^{\circ}$ C acetamidoxim (1.33 g, 18 mmol) was added followed by addition of N-methyl-morpholine (0.91 g, 9 mmol). After 30 min at -20  $^{\circ}$ C the reaction mixture was heated to 20  $^{\circ}$ C and diluted with N,N-dimethylformamide (40 mL). The

- 5 dichloromethane was evaporated in vacuo and the reaction mixture was heated at 120°C for 16 hours. The reaction mixture was poured into water (120 mL) and extracted with ethyl acetate (180 mL). The organic phases were collected, washed with water (40 mL) and dried (magnesium sulfate). The solution was concentrated in vacuo to give 3.5 g of crude (R) N-methyl-N-[1-(3-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)-2-10 (2-naphtyl)ethyl]carbamic acid tertbutyl ester that was used without further purification.
- (R) N-Methyl-N-{1(3-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl}amine 15 hydrochloride:

(R) N-Methyl-N-[1-(3-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)-2-(2-naphtyl)ethyl]carbamic acid tertbutyl ester (3.3 g, 9.0 mmol) was dissolved in a saturated solution of hydrogen chloride in ethyl acetate (75 mL). After 3 hours at 20 °C the reaction mixture was filtered to give 1.52 g of (R) N-methyl-N-[1-(3-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl}amine hydrochloride.

m.p. 198-202 °C.

1H-NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) d 2.35(s, 3H); 2.68(s, 3H); 3.43(dd, 1H); 3.80(dd, 1H); 5.29(dd, 1H); 7.30(d, 1H); 7.45-7.90(m, 7H).

HPLC: R<sub>i</sub>= 16.3 min (Method A1)

Calculated for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>17</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>1</sub>,HCl: C, 63.26; H, 5.97; N, 13.83%; found:

5 C, 63,37; H, 6.11; N, 13.53%.

{(1R)-1-{N-Methyl-N-[(1R)-1-(3-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl}-carbamoyl}-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl}carbamic acid tertbutyl ester:

- N-(3-Dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (1.12 g, 5.85 mmol) and 1-hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (0.8 g, 5.85 mmol) were added to a solution of (R) N-tert-butoxycarboryl-3-(2-naphthyl)alanine (1.84 g, 5.85 mmol) in N,N-dimethylformamide (45 mL). After 30 min at 20 °C a mixture of (R) N-methyl-N-[1-(3-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl]amine hydrochloride (1.27 g,
- 4.18 mmol) and triethylamine (0.42 g, 4.18 mmol) in N,N-dimethylformamide (15 mL) were added. After 18 hours at 20 °C the reaction mixture was poured on water (200 mL) and extracted several times with ethyl acetate (110 mL). The combined organic phases were washed with aqueous citric acid (10%, 40 mL), a saturated solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (3x40 mL) and water (3x40 mL). After
- 20 drying (magnesium sulfate) the solvent was concentrated in vacuo to give 2.4 g of crude {(1R)-1-{N-methyl-N-[(1R)-1-(3-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl]carbamoyl]-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl]carbamic acid tertbutyl ester which was used for the next step without further purification.

(2R)-2-Amino-N-methyl-N-[(1R)-1-(3-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)-2-(2-naphthyl)-ethyl]-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide (as a trifluoroacetate):

5 {(1R)-1-{N-Methyl-N-[(1R)-1-(3-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl]-carbamoyl]-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl]carbamic acid tertbutyl ester (2.4 g, 4.2 mmol) was dissolved in a mixture of trifluoroacetic acid (40 mL) and dichlororhethane (40 mL) at 20°C. After 10 min the reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo and coevaporated from dichloromethane (80 mL). The residue was crystallised from ethyl acetate to give 1.19 g of (2R)-2-amino-N-methyl-N-[(1R)-1-(3-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)-2-(2-naphthyl)-ethyl]-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide, trifluoroacetic

mp 190-191°C.

acid.

15

 $^{1}$ H-NMR (DMSO-d<sub>e</sub>) d 2.33(s, 3H); 2.88(s, 3H); 3.00-3.15(m, 2H); 3.45(dd, 1H); 3.65(dd, 1H); 4.71(t, 1H); 7.25-7.95(m, 14H).

HPLC: R<sub>t</sub>= 24.3 min (Method A1)

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Calculated for  $C_{29}H_{28}N_4O_2$ ,  $CF_3COOH$ : C, 64.35; H, 5.05; N, 9.68%; found: C, 64,30; H, 5.13; N, 9.44%.

2-Methylpiperidine-1,4-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester:

A suspension of 2-chloro-4-carboxy-6-methylpyridine (5.1 g, 3.0 mmol) in hydrochloric acid (1N, 50 mL) was hydrogenated over palladium on charcoal (20%, 0.95 g) at 150psi of hydrogen at 60°C for 18 hours. The reaction mixture was filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was dissolved in aqueous sodium hydroxide (1N, 53 mL) and a solution of di-tert-butyloxocarbonyl (6.35 g, 29.1 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (30 mL) was added. After 3 days at room temperature the reaction mixture was extracted with diethyl ether (50 mL) at pH 10. The aqueous phase was adjusted to pH 2 with sulfuric acid (1N, 30 mL) and extracted with ethyl acetate (30 mL). The organic phase was washed with water (4x15 mL), dried (magnesium sulfate) and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was chromatographed on silica (105 g) using ethyl acetate and heptane (1:1) as eluent to give 1.8 g of 2-methylpiperidine-1,4-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester.

- $^{1}$ H-NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) d 1.13(d, 3H); 1.42(s, 9H); 1.70(m, 1H); 1.95(m, 2H); 2.60(m, 1H); 3.12(m, 1H); 3.31(s, 1H); 3.77(m, 1H); 4.15(m, 1H); 12.25 (s, 1H). Calculated for  $C_{12}H_{21}N_1O_4$ : C, 59.24; H,8.70; N, 5.76%; found:
- C, 59.39; H,9.13; N, 5.58%.

M.p. 109-112°C

25

4-(1-{Methyl-[1-(3-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-methylpiperidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester:

N-(3-Dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (0.46 g, 2.42 mmol) and 1-hydroxy-benzotriazole monohydrate(0.37 g, 2.41 mmol) were added to a solution of 2-methylpiperidine-1,4-dicarboxylic acid-1-tert-butylester (0.59 g, 2.42 mmol) in N,N-dimethylformamide (8 mL). After 30 min at 20°C a solution of (2R)-2-amino-N-methyl-N-[(1R)-1-(3-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl]-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide (as a trifluoroacetate) (1.0 g, 1.73 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (0.22 g, 1.73 mmol) in N,N-dimethylformamide (4 mL) was added. After 18h at 20°C the reaction mixture was poured on water (100 mL) and extracted several times with ethyl acetate (total 60 mL). The collected organic phases were washed with aqueous citric acid (10%, 20 mL), a saturated solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (20 mL) and water (3x20 mL). After drying (magnesium sulfate) the solution was concentrated in vacuo to give 1.25g of crude 4-(1-{methyl-[1-(3-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl]carbamoyl}-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl}-2-methylpiperidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester that was used for the next step without further purification.

HPLC: R,= 35.8min (Method A1)

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4-(1-(Methyl-[1-(3-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl]carbamoyl}-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-methylpiperidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester (1.25

g, 1.81 mmol) was dissolved in a mixture of trifluoroacetic acid (5 mL) and dichloromethane (5 mL). After 10 min at  $20^{\circ}$ C the reaction mixture was quenched with a saturated solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (45 mL) and extracted with dichloromethane (60 mL). The organic phases were collected, dried (magnesium

5 sulfate) and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was chromatographed on silica gel (105 g) using a 10% mixture of ammonia in ethanol and dichloromethane (1:9) as eluent to give 0:90 g of the title compound, which was finally lyophilysed in 10% acetic acid.

10 HPLC: Rt= 24.3min (Method A1)

PDMS: calculated: 589.7 [M] found: 589.5 ± 1 [M+1]

## 15 Example 28

4-Amino-cyclohexanecarboxylic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-[N- methyl-N-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl]carbamoyl]-2-(2-naphtyl)ethyl)amide:

4-tert-Butoxycarbonylamino-cyclohexanecarboxylic acid:

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To a suspension of 4-aminocyclohexane carboxylic acid (3.0 g, 20.95 mmol) in dioxan (40 mL) and water (20 mL) was added 20 ml of a 1 M sodium hydroxide solution. Di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (5.0 g, 23.05 mmol) was added and the mixture was stirred overnight. The mixture was concentrated in vacuo to 30 ml of solvent and 60 ml of ethyl acetate was added and the mixture was cooled to 0°C. The mixture was acidified to pH 2 with sodium bisulfate and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 100 ml). The combined organic phases were washed with water (100 ml) and dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo to give 4.13 g of 4-tert-butoxycarbonylamino cyclohexaneçarboxylic acid.

1H-NMR (DMSO-d<sub>e</sub>): d<sub>H</sub> 1.3 (s, 9H) 1.3-1.6 (m, 5H) 1.9 (m, 3H), 2.3 (m, 1H) 6.7 (m, 15 1H)

(4-[N-Methyl-N-{(1R)-1-(N-methyl-{(1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl]-carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphtyl)ethyl]carbamoyl]cyclohexyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester:

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To a suspension of 4-tert-butoxycarbonylamino cyclohexanecarboxylic acid (115 mg, 0.47) in 5 ml of dichloromethane was added 1-hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (64 mg, 0.47 mmol) in 0.5 ml N,N-dimethylformamide. 1-Ethyl-3-(3-

dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride (100 mg, 0.52) was added and the solution was stirred for 20 min. Diisopropylethylamine (120 mg, 0.94 mmol) and N-methyl-2-methylamino-N-(1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)-3-(2-

- naphthyl)propionamide (191 mg, 0.47 mmol) in 5 ml of dichloromethane was added and the mixture was alloved to stand overnight at room temperature. The mixture was washed with water (5 ml), sodium bicarbonate (5 ml) water (2 x 5 ml) and brine (5 ml), dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was chromatographed on silica (20 g) with ethyl acetate as eleuent to give 242 mg of (4-[N-Methyl-N-{(1R)-1-(N-methyl-{(1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-
- 10 phenylethyl]carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphtyl)ethyl}-carbamoyl]cyclohexyl)carbamic acid tertbutyl ester.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃): d 1.0-1.8 (m, 8H) 1.5 (d, 9H) 2.4 (s, 3H) 2.7-3.3 (m, 4H) 2.9 (s, 3H) 3.0 (s, 3H) 3.7 (m, 1H) 4.6 (m, 1H) 5.2-5.8 (m, 2H) 7.0-7.8 (m, 12H)

4-Amino-cyclohexanecarboxylic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-[N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl]-carbamoyl]-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide:

- To a solution of (4-[N-Methyl-N-{(1R)-1-(N- methyl-[(1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl]carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)-ethyl]carbamoyl]cyclohexyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (240 mg, 0.38 mmol) in 1 ml dichloromethane was added 0.5 ml trifluoroacetic acid and the mixture was stirred for 5 min. Sodium bicarbonate was added until gas evolution has ceased, and the mixture was extracted with
- 25 dichloromethane (3 x 15 ml). The combined organic phases were washed with

brine (5 ml), dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was chromatographed on silica (16 g) with dichloromethane/methanol (4:1). The obtained product was dissolved in 3 ml of methanol and added 40 ml of water and 0.5 ml of acetic acid and lyophilized to give 99 mg of the title compound.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (DMSO-d<sub>e</sub>),( free base): d 1.2-1.5 (m, 8H) 2.05 (s, 3H) 2.65 (d, 3H) 2.7 (s, 3H) 2.5-3.3 (m, 6H) 5.4 (m, 1H) 5.6 (m, 1H) 7.1-7.8 (m, 12H)

HPLC: R<sub>t</sub> = 30.2 min (method A1)

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### Example 29

N-Methyl-N-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)-2-(N-methyl-N-15 {[(2-piperidinyl)methoxy]acetyl}amino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propinamide:

2-(Carboxymethoxymethyl)piperidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butylester:

To a solution of N-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-2-hydroxymethylpiperidine in 500 ml of dichloroethane was added 180 mg of rhodium(II)acetate and the mixture was

heated to 80 °C. Ethyldiazoacetate (3.7 ml, 35 mmol) in 180 ml dichloroethane was added (during approx. 1 hour) and stirred at 80 °C for 6 hours. Another portion of ethyldiazoacetate (1.25 ml, 12 mmol) in 40 ml of dichloroethane was added (over 20 min) and the mixture was refluxed at 80 °C for 7 h. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and washed with sodium bicarbonate (150 ml) and brine (100 ml), dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was chromatographed on silica (100 g) with pentane:ethyl acetate (4:1) as eluent to give 2.64 g of 2-(((ethoxycarbonyl)methoxy)methyl)piperidine-1-carboxyl acid tert-butylester. The obtaining product was taken up in 40 ml of 1 M LiOH in water:methanol (1:3) and stirred at room temperature for 30 min. The mixture was concentrated in vacuo and water (20mL) was added and the solution was washed with ether (20mL). The aqueous phase was acidified to pH 4 with 1 M aqueous hydrogen chloride and extracted with ethyl acetate (50 ml), dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo to give 2.41 g of 2-

15 (carboxymethoxymethyl)piperidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butylester.

MHz-<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): d 1.45 (s, 9H) 1.55 (m, 2H) 1.85 (m, 2H) 3.1 (m, 2H) 3.6 (m, 1H) 3.8 (m, 2H) 4.15 (s, 2H)

2-([N-Methyl-N-{(1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-[(1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl]-carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamoyl]methoxymethyl)piperidin-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester:

To a solution of 2-(carboxymethoxymethyl)piperidine-1-carboxylic acid tertbutylester (225 mg, 0.82 mmol) in 5 ml of dichloromethane was added 1-hydroxy-7azabenzotriazole (112 mg, 0.82 mmol) and 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylamino-

- 5 propyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride (173 mg, 0.90 mmol) and the mixture was to stired for 30 min. N-Methyl-2-methylamino-N-(1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide (332 mg, 0.82 mmol) in dichloromethane (5mL) was added followed by diisopropylethylamine (0.14 ml, 0.82 mmol) and the mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature. The mixture was washed with water (5 ml) aqueous sodium bicarbonate (5 ml), water (2 x 5 ml), brine (5 ml), dried over
- aqueous sodium bicarbonate (5 ml), water (2 x 5 ml), brine (5 ml), dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was chromatographed on silica (20 g) with ethyl acetate to give 416 mg of 2-([N-methyl-N-{(1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-{(1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl]carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl]carbamoyl]methoxymethyl)piperidin-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester.
  - <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>s</sub>) (selected peaks): d 1.45 (s, 9H) 2.45 (d, 3H) 2.75 (d, 3H) 2.90 (d, 3H) 3.0 (s, 2H)
- To a solution of 2-([N-methyl-N-[(1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-[(1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl]carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl]carbamoyl]methoxymethyl)piperidin-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester (388 mg, 0.60 mmol) in dichloromethane (1mL) was added trifluoroacetic acid (1mL) and the mixture was stirred for 10 min at room temperature. Then saturated sodium bicarbonate was added until pH 8 and the organic phase was separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with dichloromethane (2 x 10 ml) and the combined organic phases were washed with brine (5 ml), dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo. The crude

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to give 273 mg of the title compound.

product was chromatographed on silica (15 g) with dichloromethane:methanol (9:1)

EI/SPMS: 559.5 (M+)

HPLC: R, = 32.0 (Method A1)

#### Example 30

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(2R)-N-Methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-2-(methyl[{piperidin-4-yloxy}acetyl]amino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide:

4-(Carboxymethoxy)piperidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester:

$$H_3C$$
 $H_3C$ 
 $O$ 
 $O$ 
 $O$ 

To a solution of 4-hydroxy-piperidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester (5.0 g, 25 mmol) and rhodium(II)acetate (180 mg) in 500 ml dichloroethane at 80°C was added (over 90 min) ethyl diazoacetate (4.2 ml, 50 mmol) in 220 ml dichloroethane. The mixture was stirred for 7 h and quenched with aqueous sodium bicarbonate (2 x 100 ml). The organic phase was isolated and washed with brine (2 x 100 ml), dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was chromatographed on silica (80g) in petroleum ether:ethyl acetate (4:1) to give 3.4 g

of 4-(ethoxycarbonylmethoxy)piperidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butylester. The product was taken up in 40 ml of a 1 M lithium hydroxide solution in water:methanol (1:3) and stirred for 60 min. The mixture was concentrated <u>in vacuo</u> and dissolved in 20 ml of water, acidified to pH 4 with 1 M aqueous hydrogen chloride and

sextracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 30 ml). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (10 ml), dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated <u>in vacuo</u> to give 1.79 g of 4-(carboxymethoxy)piperidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): d 1.45 (s, 9H) 1.55 (m, 2H) 1.9 (m, 2H) 3.1 (m, 2H) 3.6 (m, 1H) <sub>10</sub> 3.8 (m, 2H) 4.2 (s, 2H)

A solution of 4-(carboxymethoxy)piperidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester (228 15 mg, 0.88 mmol), 1-hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (120 mg, 0.88 mmol) and 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride (186 mg, 0.97 mmol) was stirred for 30 min at room temperature. N-Methyl-2-methylamino-N-(1methylcarbamovI-2-phenylethyl)-3-(naphthalen-2-yl)propionamide (355 mg, 0.88 mmol) in 5 ml of dichloromethane was added followed by diisopropylethylamine (0.2 20 ml, 1.14 mmol) and the mixture was stirred for 2 days at room temperature. The mixture was washed with water (5 ml) aqueous sodium bicarbonate (5 ml), water (2 x 5 ml), brine (5 ml), dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was chromatographed on silica (30 g) with ethyl acetate as eluent to give 391 mg of 4-([N-methyl-N-{(1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-[(1R)-1-(methyl carbamoyl)-2-25 phenylethyllcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyllcarbamoyllmethoxylpiperidin-1carboxylic acid tert-butylester. The product was taken up in 50% trifluoromethane/dichloromethane and allowed to stand for 10 min. Then saturated sodium bicarbonate was added until pH was about 8 and the organic layer was separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with dichloromethane (2 x 10 ml) and 30 the combined organic phases were washed with brine (5 ml), dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was chromatographed on silica (15 g) with dichloromethane:methanol (9:1) to give 327 mg of the title compound.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks): d 3.75 (q, 2H) 5.5 (m, 1H) 5.8 (t, 1H) 7.0-7.8 (m, 12H)

5 EI/SPMS: 544.5 (M+)

HPLC: R, = 28.9 (Method A1)

## 10 Example 31

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A solution of 2-t-butoxycarbonylamino-2-methylpropanol (5.0 g, 26.46 mmol) and rhodium(II)acetate (90 mg) in dichloroethane (500 mL) was heated to 80 °C. Ethyldiazoacetate (4.0 g, 34.78 mmol) was slowly added over a period of 1 hr., and the mixture was stirred at reflux for 3 hr. Another 90 mg of rhodium(II)acetate was added and the mixture was refluxed for another 5 hr. The mixture was cooled overnight and 500 ml of saturated sodium bicarbonate was added, the yellow organic layer was separated and washed twice with saturated sodium bicarbonate (2 x 200 ml). The organic layer was dried over magnesium sulfate and

25 concentrated in vacuo. The yellow oil was taken up in 200 ml of 1 M Lithium

hydroxide in methanol:water (3:1) and stirred overnight. The solvent was removed in vacuo to a minimum and water was added (pH>9) and the mixture was washed with ether. Then 1 M hydrogen chloride was added until pH<4 and the mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate, dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo to give 2.5 g (38%) of (2-t-butoxycarbonylamino-2-methylpropoxy) acetic acid as a clear oil

H¹-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz) d 1.3 (s, 6H); 1.45 (s, 9H); 3.5 (s, 2H); 4.15 (s, 2H); 9.9 (b, 1H).

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A solution of (2-tert-butoxycarbonylamino-2-methylpropoxy) acetic acid (184 mg, 0.74 mmol), 1-hydroxy-7-azobenzotriazole (101 mg, 0.74 mmol) and 1-ethyl-3dimethylaminopropyl carbodiimide hydrocloric acid (157 mg, 0.82 mmol) in 9 ml of methylene chloride and 1 ml of DMF was stirred for 15 min. Then N-methyl-2-15 methylamino-N-(1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)-3-(naphthalen-2-yl)propionamide (300 mg, 0.74 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (96 mg, 0.74 mmol) in 1 ml of methylene chloride were added and allowed to stir overnight. The mixture was washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate, dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo. The mixture was chromatographed on 100 ml of silica gel 20 with ethyl acetate to give 360 mg (76 %) of 2-[1-methyl-2-(2-(t-butoxycarbonyl) amino-(2-methylpropoxy))acetylamino]-N-(1-methyl-1-((1-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2phenylethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl))propionamide. The obtained mixture was taken up in 1 ml of TFA and 1 ml of methylene chloride and stirred at 0°C for 5 min. Then saturated sodium bicarbonate was slowly added to the cooled solution and the 25 organic layer was separated, washed with sodium bicarbonate, dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo to give 185 mg (47% from (2-tbutoxycarbonylamino-2-methylpropoxy) acetic acid) of 2-[1-methyl-2-(2-amino-(2methylpropoxy))acetylamino]-N-(1-methyl-1-((1-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2phenylethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl))propionamideas an oil. The obtained oil was dissolved in 30 dissolved in 0.1 N acetic acid (50 ml) and lyophilized to give an amorph white powder.

H¹-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz, free amine) d 0.9 (d, 3H); 1.05 (d, 3H); 2.35 (s, 3H); 2.75 (s, 3H); 2.8 (s, 3H); 2.9 (s, 2H); 3.0 (s,2H); 3.0-2.7 (m, 2 H); 3.25 (m, 2H); 3.7 (t, 1H); 5.1 (dd, J=20 Hz, 1H); 5.8 (t, 1H, amine); 7.8-6.9 (m, 12H).

HPLC: Rt = 30.65 min in A1; 97 % purity

Calculated for C<sub>31</sub>H<sub>40</sub>N<sub>4</sub>O<sub>4</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>COOH, H<sub>2</sub>0: C, 64.9 %; H, 7.6 %; N, 9.1 %; Found: 10 C, 64.2 %; H, 7.6 %; N, 8.5 %

#### Example 32

(2R)-2-(N-((2R)-2-(N-((2E)-5-((2R)-2-Hydroxypropylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoyl)-N15 methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-3phenylpropionamide;

20

(2R)-2-(N-((2R)-2-(N-((2E)-5-((2R)-2-(tert-Butyldimethylsilyloxy)propylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-3-phenylpropionamide;

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide (318 mg, 0.60 mmol) was dissolved in methanol (20 ml) and glacial acetic acid (0.48 ml, 8.4 mmol). 3 Å mol sieves (9 g) and a solution of (2R)-2-(tert-

butyldimethylsilyloxy)propanal (1.33 g, 7.06 mmol) in methanol (10 ml) were added successively. Sodium cyanoborohydride (220 mg, 3.53 mmol) was added as a solid. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 45 min, before a second batch of sodium cyanoborohydride (220 mg, 3.53 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 16 h at room temperature. The mol sieves was

15 filtered off through a plug of celite. The celite was washed with methanol (200 ml). The solvents of the combined filtrates were removed in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in 1 N sodium hydroxide solution (50 ml) and tert-butyl methyl ether (50 ml). The phases were separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with tert-butyl methyl ether (3 x 50 ml). The combined organic layers were dried over magnesium

sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica (35 g), using ethyl acetate/heptane/triethylamine (20:10:1) as eluent, to give 99 mg of (2R)-2-(N-((2R)-2-(N-((2E)-5-((2R)-2-(tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)propylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-3-phenylpropionamide.

15

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, selected values): d 0.04, 0.05, and 0.10 (all s, together 6 H); 0.85 and 0.91 (both s, together 9 H); 3.86 (m, 1 H); 6.04 and 6.08 (both d, together 1 H); 6.89 (m, 1 H).

5 MS: 701.2 [M+1].

HPLC: The RP-analysis was performed using UV detections at 214, 254, 276, and 301 nm on a 218TP54 4.6 mm x 250 mm 5m C-18 silica column (The Seperations Group, Hesperia), which was eluted at 1 mL/min at 42°C. The column was equilibrated with 5% acetonitrile in a buffer consisting of 0.1% aqueous trifluoro acetic acid eluted by a gradient of 0% to 90% of 0.1% trifluoro acetic acid in acetonitrile during 50 min:  $R_t = 37.25$  min.

(2R)-2-(N-((2R)-2-(N-((2E)-5-((2R)-2-(tert-Butyldimethylsilyloxy)propylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-3-phenylpropionamide (99 mg, 0.14 mmol) was dissolved in tetrahydrofuran (2 ml). Tetra-n-butylammonium fluoride (0.18 ml of a 1.1 M solution in tetrahydrofuran, 0.2 mmol) was added. The solution was stirred for 3 h, before another portion of tetra-n-butylammonium fluoride (0.23 ml of a 1.1 M solution in tetrahydorfuran, 0.25 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 2.5 h at room temperature and diluted with ethyl acetate (50 ml). It was extracted with 10% sodium carbonate solution (30 ml). The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (20 ml). The organic layers were combined and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash-chromatography on silica (30 g), using dichloromethane/methanol/25% aqueous ammonia (100:10:1) as eluent, to give 28 mg of the title compound.

30 ¹H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, selected values): d 3.65 and 3.72 (both m, together 1 H); 5.15 and 5.30 (both dd, together 1 H); 5.60 and 5.90 (both dd, together 1 H); 6.03 and 6.05 (both d, together 1 H); 6.78 (m, 1 H).

MS: 587.2 [M+1].

HPLC: R<sub>t</sub> = 27.47 (A1).

R, = 27.12 (B1).

For biological testing it was transferred into the acetate by liophilization from  $0.5\,\mathrm{M}$  10 acetic acid (20 ml).

# Example 33

(2E)-5-Amino-N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-benzyl-2-((methylsulfonyl)amino)ethyl)-N15 methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-5-methyl-N-methylhex-2-enamide;

20

N-((1R)-1-Benzyl-2-(benzylamino)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamic acid tert-butylester;

5 A solution of oxalyl chloride (3.16 ml, 36.17 mmol) in dichloromethane (50 ml) was cocoled to -78 °C. A solution of dimethylsulfoxide (3.42 ml, 48.22 mmol) in dichloromethane (50 ml) was added dropwise. The reaction mixture was stirred for 5 min at -78 °C. A solution of N-((1R)-1-(hydroxymethyl)-2-phenylethyl)-Nmethylcarbamic acid tert-butylester (6.40 g, 24.11 mmol) in dichloromethane (100 10 ml) was added dropwise over a period of 10 min. The solution was stirred for 25 min at -78 °C. Ethyldiisopropylamine (16.68 ml, 96.44 mmol) was added dropwise at -78 °C. The solution was warmed to -35 °C, and immediately cooled to -78 °C. Glacial acetic acid (6.07 ml, 106.08 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and diluted with dichloromethane (150 ml). It was ushed with saturated sodium chloride solution (2 x 200 ml) and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was dissolved in methanol (200 ml). Benzylamine (2.6 ml, 24.1 mmol) was added. Glacial acetic acid (6.0 ml, 106 mmol) and 3 Å mol sieves (32 g) were added. Sodium cyanoborohydride (1.00 g, 15.9 mmol) was added as a solid. The reaction 20 mixture was stirred for 1h, before another portion of sodium cyanoborohydride (0.97 g, 15.4 mmol) was added. The mixture was first stirred for 16 h at room temperature and successively left 3 days without stirring. The mol sieves was filtered off through a plug of celite. The celite was washed with methanol (200 ml). The solvent was removed in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in 1 N sodium hydroxide 25 solution/diethyl ether (250 ml/250 ml). The phases were separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with diethyl ether (2 x 100 ml). The combined organic layers were dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica (230 g), using

dichloromethane/methanol/25% aqueous ammonia (first 100:10:1, then 50:10:1) as eluent, to give 4.54 g of N-((1R)-1-benzyl-2-(benzylamino)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamic acid tert-butylester.

5 ¹H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): d 1.28 and 1.36 (both br, together 9 H); 2.50 - 2.90 (m, 8 H); 3.70 (d, 1 H); 3.88 (d, 1 H); 4.45 and 4.65 (both br, together 1 H); 7.10 - 7.40 (m, 10 H).

MS: 355.2 [M+H]+.

10

N-((1R)-1-Aminomethyl-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamic acid tert-butylester;

15

A suspension of 20% palladium hydroxide on charcoal (4.63 g) and N-((1R)-1-benzyl-2-(benzylamino)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamic acid tert-butylester (4.40 g, 12.4 mmol) was kept for 8 h under a hydrogen atmosphere at (pressure: 1 atm). The reaction mixture was flushed with nitrogen and filtered through a plug of celite. The solvent was removed. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica (110 g), using dichloromethane/methanol/25% aqueous ammonia as eluent, to give 830 mg of N-((1R)-1-aminomethyl-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamic acid tert-butylester.

25

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): d 1.29 and 1.36 (both s, together 9 H); 1.40 (s, 2 H); 2.60 - 2.90 (m, 7 H); 4.20 and 4.38 (both br, together 1 H); 7.10 - 7.35 (m, 5 H).

 $N-((1R)-1-Benzyl-2-((methylsulfonyl)amino)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamic\ acid\ tert-butylester;$ 

5

N-((1R)-1-Aminomethyl-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamic acid tert-butylester (830 mg, 3.14 mmol) was dissolved in dichloromethane (15 ml). Triethylamine (0.44 ml, 3.14 mmol) was added. The solution was cooled to -78 °C. A solution of methanesulfonyl chloride (0.24 ml, 3.14 mmol) in dichloromethane (2 ml) was added dropwise. The reaction mixture was stirred for 16 h, while it was warming up to room temperature. It was diluted with dichloromethane (100 ml) and washed with saturated sodium chloride solution (100 ml). It was dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica (65 g), using ethyl acetate/heptane (2:1) as eluent, to give 990 mg of N-((1R)-1-Benzyl-2-((methylsulfonyl)amino)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamic acid tert-butylester.

20

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): d 1.30 and 1.40 (both br, together 9 H); 2.60 - 3.00 (m, 5 H); 2.93 (br, 3 H); 3.15 - 3.50 (m, 2 H); 4.40 (br, 1 H); 4.50 and 4.70 (both br, together 1 H); 7.05 - 7.35 (m, 5 H).

25

N-((2R)-2-Methylamino-3-phenylpropyl)methansulfonamide;

At 0 °C, trifluoroacetic acid (5 ml) was added to a solution of N-((1R)-1-benzyl-2-((methylsulfonyl)amino)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamic acid tert-butylester (913 mg, 2.67 mmol) in dichloromethane (5 ml). The reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at 0 °C. The solvent was removed in vacuo without warming. The residue was dissolved in dichloromethane (50 ml) and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The latter procedure was repeated two times. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica (20 g), using dichloromethane/methanol/25% aqueous ammonia as eluent, to give 658 mg of N-((2R)-2-methylamino-3--phenylpropyl)methansulfonamide.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, selected values): d 2.39 (s, 3 H); 2.70 - 3.00 (m, 4 H); 2.95 (s, 3 H); 3.22 (dd, 1 H), 7.15 - 7.35 (m, 5 H).

N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-Benzyl-2-((methylsulfonyl)amino)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamic acid tert-butylester;

15

(2R)-2-(N-(tert-Butoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionic acid (1.05 g, 3.2 mmol) was dissolved in N,N-dimethylformamide (2 ml) and dichloromethane (2 ml). Hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (434 mg, 3.2 mmol) was added as a solid. The

- solution was cooled to 0 °C. N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N´-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (612 mg, 3.2 mmol) was added. The solution was stirred for 5 min at 0 °C. A solution of N-((2R)-2-methylamino-3-phenylpropyl)methansulfonamide (703 mg, 2.9 mmol) in dichloromethane (2 ml) was added. Ethyldiisopropylamine (0.50 ml, 2.90 mmol) was added. The solution was stirred for 27 h, while it was warming
- up to room temperature. It was diluted with ethyl acetate (200 ml) and extracted with 1 N hydrochloric acid (100 ml). The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (50 ml). The combined organic layers were washed with saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on
- silica (45 g), using ethyl acetate/heptane (2:1) as eluent, to give 1.037 g of N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-Benzyl-2-((methylsulfonyl)amino)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamic acid tert-butylester.

 $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl $_{3}$ , selceted values): d 1.30 and 1.34 (both br, together 9 H); 7.00 - 20 7.90 (m, 12 H).

N-((2R)-2-(N-Methyl-N-((2R)-2-methylamino-3-(2-naphthyl)propionyl)amino)-3-phenylpropyl)methanesulfonamide;

At 0 °C, trifluoroacetic acid (4 ml) was added to a solution of N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-5 benzyl-2-((methylsulfonyl)amino)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamic acid tert-butylester (997 mg, 1.8 mmol) in dichloromethane (4 ml). The solution was stirred for 15 min at 0 °C. The solvent was removed in vacuo at 20 °C. The residue was dissolved in dichloromethane and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The latter procedure was repeated two times. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica (45 g), using

dichloromethane/methanol/25% aqueous ammonia as eluent, to give 646 mg of N-((2R)-2-(N-methyl-N-((2R)-2-methylamino-3-(2-naphthyl)propionyl)amino)-3-phenylpropyl)methanesulfonamide.

15 ¹H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, selected values): d 1.87, 2,33, 2.38, 2,50, 2.62, 2.80, 2.82, 2.88, and 2,92 (all s, together 9 H); 3.62 and 3.76 (both dd, together 1 H); 4.56 and 4.72 (both br, together 1 H); 4.84 and 5.02 (both br, together 1 H); 6.90 - 7.95 (m, 12 H).

MS: 454.2 [M+H]+.

20

(3E)-4-(N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-Benzyl-2-(methylsulfonylamino)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-1,1-dimethylbut-3-envlcarbamic acid tert-butyl ester;

butyl ester.

5 (2E)-5-tert-Butoxycarbonylamino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid (352 mg, 1.45 mmol) was dissolved in N,N-dimethylformamide (2 ml) and dichloromethane (2 ml). Hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (197 mg, 1.45 mmol) was added as a solid. The solution was cooled to 0 °C. N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (278 mg, 1.45 mmol) was added. The solution was stirred for 15 min at 0 °C. A solution of N-((2R)-2-(N-methyl-N-((2R)-2-methylamino-3-(2-naphthyl)propionyl)amino)-3-phenylpropyl)methanesulfonamide (598 mg, 1.32 mmol) in dichloromethane (2 ml) and ethyldiisopropylamine (0.23 ml, 1.32 mmol) were added successively. The solution was stirred for 18 h, while it was warming up to room temperature. It was diluted with ethyl acetate (100 ml) and extracted with 1
 15 N hydrochloric acid. The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (50 ml). The combined organic layers were washed with saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate solution (100 ml) and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on sillca (60 g), using ethyl acetate/heptane (2:1) as eluent to give 740 mg of (3E)-4-

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, selected values): d 2.60, 2.80, 2.89, 2.92, 3.06, and 3.17 (all s, together 9 H); 6.06 and 6.25 (both d, together 1 H); 6.82 and 6.96 (both m, together

20 (N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-benzyl-2-(methylsulfonylamino)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-1,1-dimethylbut-3-enylcarbamic acid tert1 H); 7.00 - 7.85 (m, 12 H).

(3E)-4-(N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-Benzyl-2-(methylsulfonylamino)ethyl)-Nmethylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-1,1-dimethylbut-3enylcarbamic acid tert-butyl ester (729 mg, 1.07 mmol) was dissolved in
dichloromethane (3 ml). The solution was cooled to 0 °C. Trifluoroacetic acid (3 ml)

dichloromethane (3 ml). The solution was cooled to 0  $^{\circ}$ C. Trifluoroacetic acid (3 ml) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at 0  $^{\circ}$ C. The solvents were removed in vacuo at 20  $^{\circ}$ C. The residue was dissolved in dichloromethane (100 ml)

and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The latter procedure was repeated two times. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica (60 g), using dichloromethane/methanol/25% aqueous ammonia as eluent, to give 440 mg of the title compound as free base.

15 1H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>,selected values): d 1.10, 1.11, 1.1.14, and 1.15 (all s, together 6 H); 2.64, 2.71, 2.88, 2.90, 3.06, 3.18 (all s, together 9 H); 4.76 and 5.00 (both br, together 1 H); 4.95 and 5.09 (both dd, together 1 H); 6.08 and 6.28 (both d, together 1 H); 6.83 and 7.00 (both m, together 1 H).

20 MS: 579.0 [M+H]\*.

HPLC:  $R_t = 31.98 \text{ min (A1)}.$  $R_t = 27.53 \text{ min (B1)}.$ 

25 For biological testing the title compound was transferred into its acetate by liophilization from 40 ml 0.5 M aqueous acetic acid.

Example 34

30

3-(1-Aminoethyl)benzoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R))-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide:

3-(1-(N-tertbutoxycarbonyl)aminoethyl)benzoic acid:

Ammonium acetate (10.6 g, 138 mmol) was evaporated from dry ethanol (100 mL), and redissolved in dry methanol (100 mL) over molecular sieves (3Å, 3 g). 3-Acetylbenzonitrile (2.0 g, 13.8 mmol) was added. After 30 minutes at room temperature sodium cyanoborohydride (0.87 g, 138 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 18 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo and redissolved in water (100 mL).

- 15 Concentrated hydrochloric acid was added until pH 2, and the aqueous solution was extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 100 mL). The aqueous phase was adjusted to pH 11 with solid potassium hydroxide, and extracted with dichloromethane (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic phases were dried (magnesium sulfate) and concentrated in vacuo. A concentrated solution of
- 20 hydrogen chloride in ethyl acetate added (100 mL) was, and the solution was concentrated in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in ethanol (25 mL)

and sulphuric acid (9N, 25 mL) was added. After 16 hours at room temperature and 2 hours at reflux temperature the ethanol was removed by evaporation in vacuo and the residual aqueous mixture was adjusted to pH > 8 using solid potassium hydroxide. Ditertbutyldicarbonate (2.0 g) dissolved

- 5 in tetrahydrofuran (100 mL) was added at 0°C. After 18 hours at room temperature the reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo and redissolved in water (100 mL). Solid citric acid was added until pH 5. The reaction mixture was extracted with dichloromethane (2 x 100 mL), and the combined organic phases was dried (magnesium sulfate) and concentrated in vacuo.
- 10 The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (3 x 40 cm) using ethanol and dichloromethane (1:9) as eluent to give 1.1 g of 3-(1-(N-tertbutoxycarbonyl)aminoethyl)benzoic acid.
- 15 3-(1-(N-tert-Butyloxycarbonyl)aminoethyl)benzoic acid (132 mg, 0.50 mmol), 1-hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (68 mg, 0.50 mmol) and 1-ethyl-3(3dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride (96 mg, 0.50 mmol) were dissolved in N,N-dimethylformamide(3 mL) and stirred for 15 min. (2R)-N-Methyl-N-((1R)-2-phenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl)-2-methylamino-
- 20 3-(2-naphtyl)propionamide (100 mg, 0.25 mmol) dissolved in dichloromethane (6 mL) was added followed by addition of disopropylethylamine (0,085 mL, 0.50 mmol) and the mixture was stirred for 20 hours.
- The reaction mixture was evaporated in a stream of nitrogen and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate (25 mL). The mixture was washed with aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate (2 x 25 mL, 5%) and aqueous potassium hydrogen sulfate (25 mL, 5%). The organic phase was dried (sodium sulfate) and evaporated in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in dichloromethane (2.5 mL), cooled to 0-4° C and treated with trifluoroacetic
- 30 acid (2.5 mL) for 10 minutes at 0-4° C. The volatiles were removed with a stream of nitrogen an the oily residue was dissolved in 0,1 % triflouroacetic acid in acetonitrile and water (7:3, 10 mL) and diluted with water (290 mL).

This solution was submitted to semipreperative HPLC purification using a 25x200 mm C18 column and using a linear gradient of 25-40% acetonitrile in water containing 0.1M ammonium sulfate (pH 2.5). The product was purified in three runs and after ion exchange on a Waters Seppak C18 the seffluent was lyophilised to give the title compound.

PD-MS: Calculated 551.7 (M+1); Found 551.3 (M+1)

HPLC: Rt = 31.8 min (Method A1)

Rt = 33.93 min (Method B1)

Example 35

10

5-Amino-5-methyl-hex-2-enoic acid ((1R)-1-(((1R)-1-(((2R)-2-hydroxypropylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl) 15 methylamide:

20 The title compound was prepared analogously to example 1.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): (selected peaks for major rotamer) d 1.09 (d, 3H); 1.19 (s, 6H); 2.97 (s, 3H); 2.99 (s, 3H); 5.15 (dd, 1H); 5.53 (dd, 1H); 6.12 (d, 1H)

25 HPLC: r<sub>t</sub>= 31.8 min. (A1)

PDMS: m/z 573.7 (M+H)+

# 5 Example 36

(4-(1-Aminocyclobutyl)but-2-enoic acid ((1R)-1-(((1R)-1-(1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)methylamid e:

10

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 1. (4-15 (1-Aminocyclobutyl)but-2-enoic acid was prepared as in R. Graf, Org. Synth. 46, 51 (1966) and example 1.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃): (selected peaks for major rotamer) d 2.26 (s, 3H); 2.98 (s, 3H); 3.00 (s, 3H); 5.15 (dd, 1H); 5.57 (dd, 1H); 6.11 (d, 1H).

20

HPLC: r<sub>t</sub>= 32.2 min. (A1)

#### Example 37

5-Amino-5-methyl-hex-2-enoic acid ((1R)-1-(((1R)-1-((2S)-

5 2-hydroxypropylcarbamoyl)-2-(2thienyl)ethyl)methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)methylamide.

This compound was prepared analogously to example 1.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): (selected peaks for major rotamer) d 1.10 (d, 3H); 1.14 (s, 3H; 1.15 (s, 3H); 2.18 (d, 2H); 2.95 (s, 3H); 3.05 (s, 3H); 5.28 (dd, 1H); 5.72 (dd, 1H); 5.07 (d, 1H).

HPLC: r,= 30.4 min. (A1)

#### Example 38

20

10

(2R)-2-(N-[(2R)-2-(N-[(2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl]-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionyl]-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-3-phenylpropionamide:

(2-(tert-Butoxycarbonylamino)butoxy)acetic acid:

To a solution of (1-(hydroxymethyl)propyl)carbamic acid tert-butylester (7.2 g, 39 mmol) in 1,2-dichloroethane (500 ml) rhodium(II)acetate (180 mg) was added and the mixture was heated to 80 °C. Ethyldiazoacetate (6.0 ml, 57 mmol) in 1,2-dichloroethane (180 ml) was added over a period of 60 min and the mixture was

- neated at 80 °C for 6 hours. Then another portion of ethyldiazoacetate (2.0 ml, 19 mmol) in 1,2-dichloroethane (40 ml) was added and the mixture was refluxed for 7 hours. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and washed with sodium bicarbonate (2 x 100 ml) and brine (100 ml), dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was chromatographed on silica (300 g)
- butoxycarbonylamino)butoxy)acetic acid ethylester. The product was dissolved in of 1 M lithium hydroxide in water/methanol 1:3 (40 ml) and stirred at room temperature for 4 hours. The mixture was concentrated in vacuo and water (100 mL) was added and the solution was washed with ether (20 mL). The aqueous phase was acidified

15 with pentane/ethyl acetate 7:3 as eluent to give 4.3 g of (2-(tert-

20 to pH 4 with 1 M aqueous hydrogen chloride and extracted with ethyl acetate (200 ml), dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo to give 2.46 g of (2-(tert butoxycarbonylamino)butoxy)acetic acid.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>a</sub>): d 0.95 (t, 3H) 1.45 (s, 9H) 1.60 (m, 3H) 3.55 (m, 2H) 4.10 (s, 2H)

To a solution of (2-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)butoxy)acetic acid (1.1 g, 4.5 mmol) in dichloromethane (20 ml) were added 1-hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (612 mg, 4.5 mmol) and 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride (9.5 mg, 5.0 mmol) and the mixture was stirred for 30 min. (2R)-N-methyl-2-methylamino-N-((1R)-1-methyl-carbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide (605 mg, 1.5 mmol) in dichloromethane (10 ml) was added followed by diisopropylethylamine (0.33 ml, 2.0 mmol) and the mixture was stirred for 2 hours at room temperature. The mixture was washed with water (10 ml), saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate (10 ml), water (2 x 10 ml), brine (10 ml), dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was chromatographed on silica (40 g) with ethyl acetate/heptane 4:1 to give 766 mg of (1-[{N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-[N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-carbamoyl]-2-(2-naphthyl)carbamoyl}methoxymethyl]-propyl)carbamic acid tert-butylester. The obtained product was taken up in 50% trifluoroacetic acid in dichloromethane (5 ml)

and the phases were separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with dichloromethane (2 x 10 ml) and the combined organic phases were washed with brine (5 ml), dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated <u>in vacuo</u> to give (2R)-2-(N-[(2R)-2-(N-[(2-aminobutoxy)acetyl]-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionyl]-Nmethylamino)-N-methyl-3-phenylpropionamide as an oil. The product was

and stirred for 10 min. Then saturated sodium bicarbonate was added until pH 8

25 redissolved in water (30 ml) and acetic acid (2 ml) was added and the mixture was lyophilized to give 645 mg of the acetate salt of the title compound as an amorphous powder.

LC-MS: 533.0 (M+H)\*

30 HPLC: R, = 31.1 (Method A1)

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (DMSO) (selected peaks): d 0.6-0.8 (m, 3H) 2.65 (d, 3H) 2.75 (s, 3H) 5.35 (dd, 1H) 5.65 (dd, 1H) 7.1-7.9 (arom, 12H)

## Example 39

(2S)-2-(((Carboxy)methoxy)methyl)pyrrolidin-1-carboxylic acid tert-butylester

To a solution of N-t-butyloxycarbonyl-(S)-prolinol (5.0 g, 25 mmol) in 1,2-dichloroethane (500 ml) rhodium(II)acetate (180 mg) was added and the mixture was heated to 80 °C. Ethyldiazoacetate (3.9 ml, 37 mmol) in 1,2-dichloroethane (180 ml) was added over a period of 90 min and the mixture was heated at 80 °C for 3 hours. Then another portion of ethyldiazoacetate (1.3 ml, 12 mmol) in 1,2-dichloroethane (40 ml) was added and the mixture was refluxed for 6 hours. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and washed with saturated sodium

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butylester.

bicarbonate (2 x 100 ml) and brine (100 ml), dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated <u>in vacuo</u>. The crude product was chromatographed on silica (300 g) with petrol ether/ethyl acetate 4:1 as eluent to give 4.7 g of (2S)-2- (((ethoxycarbonyl)methoxy)methyl)pyrrolidin-1-carboxylic acid tert-butylester. The obtained product was taken up in 50 ml of 1 M lithium hydroxide in water/methanol 1:3 and stirred at room temperature overnight. The mixture was concentrated <u>in vacuo</u>, water (20 mL) was added and washed with ether (20 mL). The aqueous phase was acidified to pH 4 with 1 M aqueous hydrogen chloride and extracted with ethyl acetate (200 ml), dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated <u>in vacuo</u> to give 3.6 g of (2S)-2-(((carboxy)methoxy)methyl)pyrrolidin-1-carboxylic acid tert-

'H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): d 1.45 (2, 9H) 1.90 (m, 4H) 3.55 (t, 2H) 3.60 (m, 3H) 4.10 (s, 2H) 10.6 (s, 1H)

To a solution of (2S)-2-(((carboxy)methoxy)methyl)-pyrrolidin-1-carboxylic acid tert-butylester (1.2 g, 4.5 mmol) in dichloromethane (20 ml) were added 1-hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (612 mg, 4.5 mmol) and 1-ethyl-3-(3-

dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride (950 mg, 4.95 mmol) and the mixture was stirred for 30 min. (2R)-N-Methyl-2-methylamino-N-((1R)-1- (methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide (605 mg, 1.5 mmol) in dichloromethane (10 mL) was added followed by diisopropylethylamine (0.33 ml, 2.0 mmol) and the mixture was stirred for 2 hours at room temperature. The mixture was washed with water (10 ml), aqueous sodium bicarbonate (10 ml), water (2 x 10 ml), brine (10 ml), dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was chromatographed on silica (40 g) with ethyl acetate/heptane 4:1 to give 760 mg of (2S)-2-{[N-methyl-N-{(1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-{(1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl]carbamoyl)-2-{2-

30 naphthyl)ethyl)carbamoyl]methoxymethyl)pyrrolidine-1-carboxylic acid tertbutylester. The obtained product was taken up in 50% trifluoroacetic acid in methylene chloride (5 ml) and stirred for 10 min. Then saturated sodium 10

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bicarbonate was added until pH 8 and the phases were separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with dichloromethane (2 x 10 ml) and the combined organic phases were washed with brine (5 ml), dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo. The product was redissolved in water (30 ml) and acetic acid (2 ml) was added and the mixture was liophilized to give 720 mg of the acetate salt of the title compound as an amorphous powder.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (DMSO) (selected peaks): d 0.75 (m, 1H) 1.35 (m, 1H) 1.6 (m, 1H) 1.7 (m, 1H) 2.65 (d, 3H) 2.75 (d, 3H) 3.95 (d,2H) 5.35 (dd, 1H) 5.55 (dd, 1H)

LC-MS: 544.8 (M+H)+

HPLC: R<sub>t</sub> = 31.1 (Method A1)

### Example 40

3-((2R)-2-(N-((2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-na phthyl)propionyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionylamino)propyl acetate

To a solution of (2-t-butoxycarbonylamino-2-methylpropoxy) acetic acid (504 mg, 2.0 mmol) in dichloromethane (10 ml) were added 1-hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (278 mg, 2.0 mmol) and 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide

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hydrochloride (429 mg, 2.3 mmol) and the mixture was stirred for 30 min. 3-((2R)-2-(N-((2R)-2-methylamino-3-(2-naphthyl)propionyl)-N-methylamino)-3phenylpropionylamino)-propyl acetate (500 mg, 1.0 mmol) in dichloromethane (10 mL) was added followed by diisopropylethylamine (0.23 ml, 1.32 mmol) and the 5 mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature. The mixture was washed with water (10 ml), aqueous sodium bicarbonate (10 ml), water (2 x 10 ml), brine (10 ml), dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was chromatographed on silica (60 g) with ethyl acetate/heptane 4:1 to give 623 mg of 3-((2R)-2-(N-((2R)-2-(N-((2-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-2-methylpropoxy) acetyl)-Nnethylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionylamino)propyl acetate as an oil. The obtained product was taken up in 50% trifluoroacetic acid in dichloromethane (3 ml) and stirred for 10 min. Then saturated sodium bicarbonate was added until pH 8 and the organic phase was separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with dichloromethane (2 x 10 ml) and the combined 15 organic phases were washed with brine (5 ml), dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo. The product was redissolved in water (30 ml) and the mixture was liophilized to give 434 mg of the title compound as an amorphous

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks): d 1.1 (s, 3H) 1.2 (s, 3H) 2.0 (s, 3H) 2.15 (s, 3H) 5.7 (m, 2H) 5.25 (m, 1H)

LC-MS: 619.6 (M+H)\* HPLC: R<sub>t</sub> = 33.2 (Method A1)

#### Example 41

25

powder.

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-(dimethylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-

30 2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide:

(2R)-N,N-Dimethyl-2-methylamino-3-phenylpropionamide

To a solution of (2R)-2-(tert-butoxycarbonylmethylamino)- 3-phenylpropionic acid (10.0 g, 36.0 mmol) in dichloromethane (200 ml) was added 1-hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (6.8 g, 50.0 mmol) and 1-ethyl-3-(3-

- dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride (10.0 g, 55.0 mmol) and the mixture was stirred for 30 min. Then dimethylamine hydrochloride (4.1 g, 50.0 mmol) in dichloromethane (100 ml) and diisopropylethylamine (19.0 ml, 110 mmol) were added and the mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature. The mixture was washed with water (100 ml) aqueous sodium bicarbonate (100 ml),
- 15 water (2 x 100 ml), brine (100 ml), dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was chromatographed on silica (400 g) with dichloromethane/methanol 20:1 to give 6.3 g of (2R)-2-(N-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid N,N-dimethylamide. The product was dissolved in 50% trifluoroacetic acid in dichloromethane (5 ml) and stirred for 10
- min. Then saturated sodium bicarbonate was added until pH 8 and the phases were separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with dichloromethane (2 x 10 ml) and the combined organic phases were washed with brine (5 ml), dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo to give 4.58 mg of (2R)-N,N-

dimethyl-2-methylamino-3-phenylpropionamide.

'H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): d 2.3 (s, 3H) 2.7 (s, 3H) 2.9 (s, 3H) 2.8-3.4 (m, 2H) 4.45 (m, 1H) 7.1-7.3 (m, 5H)

N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-(dimethylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamic acid tert-butylester

To a solution of (2R)-(N-tert-butoxycarbonyl-N- methylamino)-3-

- (2-naphthyl)propionic acid (8.78 g, 26.6 mmol) in dichloromethane (30 ml) were added 1-hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (3.62 g, 26.6 mmol) and 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride (5.54 mg, 28.9 mmol) and the mixture was stirred for 30 min. Then (2R)-N,N-dimethyl-2-methylamino-3-phenylpropionamide (4.58 g, 22.2 mmol) in dichloromethane (15 ml) and
   diisopropylethylamine (4.94 ml, 28.9 mmol) were added and the mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature. The mixture was washed with water (20 ml), aqueous sodium bicarbonate (20 ml), water (2 x 20 ml), brine (20 ml), dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was chromatographed on silica (400 g) with ethyl acetate/heptane 1:4 to give 6.64 g of
   N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-(dimethylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamic acid tert-butylester.
  - $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks for rotamers): d 1.1 and 1.4 (two s, 9H) 2.2, 2.3, 2.7 and 2.8 (four s, 6H) 2.35 and 2.6 (two s, 3H) 2.9 and 3.0 (two s, 3H)

A solution of N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-(dimethylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamic acid tert-butylester (6.6 g, 12.8 mmol) in 50% trifluoroacetic acid/dichloromethane (15 ml) was stirred for 10

- 5 min. Then saturated sodium bicarbonate was added until pH 8 and the organic phase was separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with dichloromethane (2 x 20 ml) and the combined organic phases were washed with brine (10 ml), dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo to give 4.2 g of (2R)-N-((1R)-1-dimethylcarbamoyl-2- phenylethyl)-N-methyl-2-methylamino-3-(2-
- 10 naphthyl)propionamide.

was used without further purification.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): d 2.7 (s, 3H) 2.75 (s, 3H) 2.85 (s, 3H) 2.9-3.15 (m, 4H) 3.7 (t, 1H) 5.8 (t, 1H) 7.1-7.8 (arom, 12H)

- To a solution of (2E)-5-(tert-butyloxycarbonylamino)- 5-methylhex-2-enoic acid (0.5 g, 2.1 mmol) in dichloromethane (5 ml) was added trifluoroacetic acid (5 ml) and stirred for 60 min and concentrated in vacuo. Then a 10% aqueous solution of sodium carbonate (30 ml) and dioxane (30 ml) were added followed by 9H-fluorenylmethyl-succinimidyl carbonate (0.67 g, 2.1 mmol) and stirred overnight.
- The mixture was washed with petrol ether (2 x 20 ml) and the aqueous layer was acidified with 4N sulphoric acid (pH~3) and extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 50 ml). The combined organic layers were washed with 1N sulfuric acid, water (4 x 20 ml), brine (20 ml), dried (Magnesiumsulfate) and concentrated in vacuo. The obtained product was precipitated from dichloromethane/ether and filtered to give 280 mg of (2E)-5-(((9H-flouren-9-yl)methoxy)carbonylamino)-5-methyl-hex-2-enoic acid, which

To a solution of (2E)-5-(((9H-flouren-9-yl)methoxy)- carbonylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid (280 mg, 0.77 mmol) in dichloromethane (5 ml) were added 1-hydroxy-7-

30 azabenzotriazole (126 mg, 0.92 mmol) and 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride (207 mg, 1.08 mmol) and the mixture was stirred for 30 min. Then 2R)-N-((1R)-1-dimethylcarbamoyl-2-

phenylethyl)-N-methyl-2-methylamino-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide (386 mg, 0.92 mmol) in dichloromethane (5 ml) and diisopropylethylamine (0.17 ml, 1.00 mmol) were added and the mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature. The mixture was washed with water (20 ml), saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate (20

- 5 ml), water (2 x 20 ml), brine (20 ml), dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was chromatographed on silica (400 g) with ethyl acetate/heptan 1:1 to give 401 mg of ((3E)-4-(N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-dimethylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl-1,1-dimethylbut-3-enyl)carbamic acid 9H-flouren-9-ylmethyl
- ester. The obtained product was dissolved in 20% piperidine in dimethylformamide (10 ml) and stirred for 30 min. The mixture was chromatographed on silica (20 g) with dichloromethane/methanol/ammonia 89:10:1 to give 228 mg of (2E)-5-amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-(dimethylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide as an oil. The product was redissolved in water (30 ml) and acetic acid (2 ml) was added and the mixture was lyophilized to give 645 mg of the acetate salt of the title compound as an amorphous powder.

LC-MS: 543.0 (M+H)\*
20 HPLC: R<sub>t</sub> = 32.9 (Method A1)

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (DMSO) (selected peaks): d 1.0 (s, 6H) 1.8 (s, 6H) 2.4 (s, 3H) 2.7 (s, 3H) 2.8 (s, 3H)

# 25 Example 42

5-Amino-5-methyl-hex-2-enoic acid (1-[[2-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-methylcarbamoylethyl]methylcarbamoyl]-2-(2-naphthyl)eth yl)methylamide.

10

{4-[(1-[[2-(2-Fluorophenyl)-1-methylcarbamoylethyl]methylcarbamoyl}-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)methylcarbamoyl]-1,1-dimethyl-but-3-enyl}carbamic acid tert-butyl ester.

- 15 (2E)-5-(tert-Butyloxycarbonylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid (0.19 g; 0.783 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (10 ml).
  - 1-Hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (0.12 g; 0.861 mmol) and N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (0.17 g; 0.900 mmol) was

added and the reaction mixture was stirred 15 min at room temperature.

N-[2-(2-Fluorophenyi)-1-methylcarbamoylethyl]-N-methyl-2-methylamino-3-(2-napht hyl)propionamide (0.33 g; 0.783 mmol) and diisopropyl ethylamine (0.15 ml; 0.861 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred 12 hours at room

- 5 temperature.
  - Methylene chloride (50 ml) was added and the reaction mixture was washed with water (50 ml), sodium hydrogen sulfate (10 %; 50 ml), sodium hydrogen carbonate (sat; 50 ml), water (50 ml) and dried (magnesium sulfate). The solvent was removed in vacuo to afford 0.366 g of
- 10 {4-[(1-[[2-(2-Fluorophenyl)-1-methylcarbamoylethyl]methylcarbamoyl]-2-(2-naphthyl )ethyl)methylcarbamoyl]-1,1-dimethyl-but-3-enyl]carbamic acid tert-butyl ester.
  - {4-[(1-[[2-(2-Fluorophenyl)-1-methylcarbamoylethyl]methylcarbamoyl}-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)methylcarbamoyl]-1,1-dimethyl-but-3-enyl}carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (0.36
- 15 g; 0.557 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (3 ml). Trifluoro acetic acid (3 ml) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred 5 min at room temperature. Methylene chloride (25 ml), sodium hydrogen carbonate/sodium carbonate (3 ml) and sodium hydrogen carbonate (s) was added until pH=8. The organic phase was dried (magnesium sulfate) and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The residue was
- 20 lyophylised to afford 0.237 g of the title compound.

## Example 43

25 (2Z)-5-Amino-3,5-dimethylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)carbamo yl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide.

(Z)(1,1,3-Trimethyl-4-(methyl-(1-(methyl-(1-methyl carbamoyl-2-phenyl ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl) ethyl)carbamoyl)but-3-enyl)carbamic acid tert butylester(0.009 g; 0.014 mmol.) was dissolved in methylene chloride (0.12 mL) and trifluoro acetic acid (0.08 mL) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred 5 min at room temperature.Water (0.100 mL) was added. The solvent was removed in vacuo to afford 0.007 g (2Z)-5-Amino-3,5-dimethylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)carbamo yl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide; trifluoro acetic acid salt.

15

ESMS: M, = 542.4

20

HPLC: R, = 34.82

## Example 44

25 (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-(1-

naphthyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl]-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide:

5 4-Formyl-3,5-dimethoxyphenol:

To a solution of 3,5-dimethoxyphenol (50 g, 320 mmol) in phosphorous

oxychloride (60 mL, 650 mmol) at 0 °C was added dimethylformamide (37 mL, 490 mmol) over a period of 30 min and the mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred overnight. The mixture was added to icewater (600 mL) and the mixture was washed with ether (3 x 200 mL). Then an 32 % aqueous solution of sodium hydroxide was added until pH was 5.5 and the

compound precipitated. The precipitate was separated and washed with water (100 mL) and ether (100 mL) and dried in vacuo. The precipitate was recrystallized from ethanol (600 mL) to give 22.6 g of 4-formyl-3,5-dimethoxyphenol.

bp. 224-226 °C

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (DMSO): d 3.75 (s, 6H) 6.1 (s, 2H) 10.1 (s, 1H)

Ethyl 5-(4-formyl-3,5-dimethoxyphenoxy)valerate:

To a suspension of 4-formyl-3,5-dimethoxyphenol (22.6 g, 124 mmol) and potassium tert-butoxide (15.3 g, 136 mmol) in dimethylformamide (125 mL) was added ethyl 5-bromovalerate (28.5 g, 136 mmol) in dimethylformamide (125 mL) over a period of 20 min. The mixture was heated at 110 °C for 6 h and concentrated in vacuo. To the obtained product was added ethyl acetate (400 mL) and the mixture was filtered. The filtrate was washed with water (100 mL), 1 N sodium hydroxide (2 x 50 mL), and brine (3 x 100 mL), dried (magnesium sulfate), and concentrated in vacuo to 37 g of ethyl 5-(4-

15

5

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): d 1.25 (t, 3H) 1.85 (m, 4H) 2.4 (m, 2H) 3.9 (s, 6H) 4.05 (t, 2H) 4.15 (q, 2H) 6.1 (s, 2H) 10.3 (1H)

5-(4-Formyl-3,5-dimethoxyphenoxy)valeric acid:

formyl-3,5-dimethoxyphenoxy)valerate.

20

To a solution of ethyl 5-(4-formyl-3,5-dimethoxyphenoxy) valerate (37 g, 119 mmol) in methanol (200 mL) was added 4 N sodium hydroxide (200 mL) and

the mixture was stirred for 2 h. The methanol was removed in vacuo, water (100 mL) was added and the mixture was washed with ethyl acetate (100 mL) and dichloromethane (2 x 100 mL). The aqueous layer was acidified with 12 N hydrochloric acid until pH~3 and extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (2 x 50 mL), dried (magnesium sulfate) and concentrated in vacuo. The obtained product was recrystallized from ethanol to give 26 g of 5-(4-formyl-3,5-dimethoxyphenoxy)valeric acid.

10 bp. 134-136 °C

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): d 1.85 (m, 4H), 2.45 (m, 2H) 3.85 (s, 6H) 4.05 (m, 2H) 6.05 (s, 2H) 10.3 (s, 1H)

15 N-Methyl-PAL-Resin for Solid-Phase Synthesis (PAL defined as in F. Albericio et al., J. Org. Chem., 55 (1990) pp. 3730-3743):

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{H}_3C \\ \text{O} \\ \text{CH}_2 \text{ HN} \\ \text{(CH}_2)_4 \text{ O} \\ \text{H}_3C' \\ \end{array}$$

Aminomethylated polystyrene resin (10 g, 7.8 mmol, purchased from Bachem AG, # D-1005) and 1-hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate(1 g, 6.6 mmol)

- 20 in dimethylformamide (100 mL) were shaken overnight. The resin was filtered and the resin was repeatedly swelled in dichloromethane and dimethylformamide until a homogeneous resin was obtained. The resin was washed with 5% diisopropylethylamine in dimethylformamide (2 x 100 mL) and dimethylformamide (100 mL), successively. A solution of 5-(4-formyl-
- 3,5-dimethoxyphenoxy)valeric acid (6.6 g, 23 mmol), 1-hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate (3.5 g, 23 mmol) and diisopropylcarbodiimide (3.6 mL, 23 mmol) in dimethylformamide/dichloromethane 2:1 (50 mL) was added. After 5 h at

room temperature the resin was filtered and washed with dimethylformamide (3  $\times$  100 mL), dichloromethane (3  $\times$  50 mL) and dichloromethane/methanol 1:1 (3  $\times$  100 mL) and dried with a stream of nitrogen.

To the resin in dimethylformamide (50 mL) were added 5% acetic acid in dimethylformamide (50 mL) and 40 % methylamine in methanol (3.0 mL, 39 mmol) and the mixture was shaken for 20 min. Sodium

triacetoxyborohydride (8.3 g, 39 mmol) was added and the mixture was shaken overnight. The mixture was filtered and the resin was washed with dimethylformamide (3 x 50 mL), dichloromethane (3 x 50 mL),

10 dichloromethane/methanol 1:1 (3 x 50 mL), ether (3 x 50 mL) and dried with a stream of nitrogen to give 10 g of N-Methyl-PAL-Resin (loading: 0.35-0.45 mmol/g based on N-analysis).

Calc: N 1.82 % 15 Found: N 1.47 %

The N-Methyl-PAL-Resin (450 mg) was washed with 5 % diisopropylethylamine in dichloromethane (2 x 2 mL), dichloromethane (3 x 2 mL) and dimethylformamide (3 x 2 mL) and then swelled in

- 20 dimethylformamide (7 mL). Then (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(1-naphthyl)propionic acid (163 mg, 0.36 mmol) in dimethylformamide (1 mL), O-(7-azabenzotriazol-1-yl)-1,1,3,3-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate (137 mg, 0.36 mmol) in dimethylformamide (1 mL), 1-hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (49 mg, 0.36
- 25 mmol) in dimethylformamide (1 ml) and diisopropylethylamine (123 mL, 0.72 mmol) in dimethylformamide (1 mL) were added and the mixture was shaken overnight. The resin was filtered and washed with dimethylformamide (3 x 2 mL), dichloromethane (3 x 2 mL) and dimethylformamide (2 mL). Then 20 % piperidine in dimethylformamide (5
- 30 mL) was added and the mixture was shaken for 20 min, filtered and washed with dimethylformamide (3 x 2 mL), dichloromethane (3 x 2 mL) and dimethylformamide (2 mL). Then (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-

yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionic acid (163 mg, 0.36 mmol) in dimethylformamide (1 mL), O-(7-azabenzotriazol-1-yl)-1,1,3,3-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate (137 mg, 0.36 mmol) in dimethylformamide (1 mL), 1-hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (49 mg, 0.36

- mmol) in dimethylformamide (1 mL) and diisopropylethylamine (123 ml, 0.72 mmol) in dimethylformamide (1 mL) were added and the mixture was shaken overnight. The resin was filtered and washed with dimethylformamide (3 x 2 mL), dichloromethane (3 x 2 mL) and dimethylformamide (2 mL). Then 20 % piperidine in dimethylformamide (5
- nL) was added and the mixture was shaken for 20 min, filtered and washed with dimethylformamide (3 x 2 mL), dichloromethane (3 x 2 mL) and dimethylformamide (2 mL). Then (2E)-5-(N-tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid (88 mg, 0.36 mmol) in dimethylformamide (1 mL), O-(7-azabenzotriazol-1-yl)-1,1,3,3-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate
- 15 (137 mg, 0.36 mmol) in dimethylformamide (1 mL), 1-hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (49 mg, 0.36 mmol) in dimethylformamide (1 mL) and diisopropylethylamine (123 mL, 0.72 mmol) in dimethylformamide (1 mL) were added and the mixture was shaken overnight. The resin was filtered and washed with dimethylformamide (3 x 2 mL), dichloromethane (3 x 2 mL)
- and dimethylformamide (2 mL). The resin was cooled to 0 °C and 50 % trifluoroacetic acid in dichloromethane (4 mL) was added and the mixture was shaken for 10 min at 0 °C. The resin was filtered and washed with 50 % trifluoroacetic acid in dichloromethane (2 x 0.5 mL) and the combined filtrates were concentrated under a stream of nitrogen. The obtained product
- 25 was dissolved in acetonitrile/water 1:20 (10 mL) and applied to a C-18 Sep-Pak Classic® cartridge (0.25 g, purchased from Waters™), which had been prewashed with acetonitrile (10 mL) and water (10 mL). Then water/trifluoroacetic acid 99.9:0.1 (5 mL), followed by water/acetonitrile/trifluoroacetic acid 89.9:10:0.1 (4 mL) was run through the Sep-Pak® and
- 30 the filtrate was discarded. Then the Sep-Pak was washed with water/acetonitrile/ trifluoroacetic acid 64.9:35:0.1 (4 mL) and the filtrate was

diluted with water (11 mL) and lyophilized to 52 mg of the title product.

HPLC:(A1) 
$$R_t = 35.03 \text{ min}$$
  
(B1)  $R_t = 36.93 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: 579.0 (m+1)+

# Example 45

10 (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-(1-naphthyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl}-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)amide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 44 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionic acid.

20

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 30.22 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = 32.10 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: 559.2 (m+1)+

# Example 46

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 $\label{eq:continuous} \ensuremath{\text{(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-(1-naphthyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-} \\$ 

10 phenylethyl)amide:

15

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 44 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-20 (2-naphthyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 38 mg

HPLC:(A1) R<sub>t</sub> = 30.68 min

10

(B1) R<sub>t</sub> = 32.33 min

LC-MS: 529.0 (m+1)+

### 5 Example 47

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-(2-naphthyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl}-2-(1-naphthyl)ethyl)amide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 44 with (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(1-naphthyl)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionic acid and (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(1-

20 naphthyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 70 mg

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 34.52 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = 36.38 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: 579.0 (m+1)\*

# Example 48

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-(2-naphthyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl}-2
10 phenylethyl)amide:

15 The title compound was prepared analogously to example 44 (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionic acid and (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(1-naphthyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 49 mg

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 30.52 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = 32.03 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: 529.0 (m+1)\*

# Example 49

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl}-2-(1-naphthyl)ethyl)amide:

15

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 44 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(1-naphthyl)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionic acid and (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(1-naphthyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 51 mg

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 30.20 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = 31.70 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: 559.2 (m+1)\*

#### Example 50

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-(4methoxyphenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl}-2-(4methoxyphenyl)ethyl)amide:

15

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 44 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yI)methoxycarbonyI)-N-methylamino)-3-(4-methoxyphenyI)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yI)methoxycarbonyI)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyI)propionic acid and (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yI)methoxycarbonyI)-N-methylamino)-3-(4-methoxyphenyI)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yI)methoxycarbonyI)-N-methylamino)-3-(1-naphthyI)propionic acid.

Yield: 26 mg

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 25.75 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = 26.98 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: 539.2 (m+1)+

# Example 51

5

10 (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl}-2-(2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenyl)ethyl)amide:

15

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 44 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl))methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenyl)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl))methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionic acid and (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl))methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl))methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(1-naphthyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 42 mg

HPLC:(A1) 
$$R_t = 31.05 \text{ min}$$
  
(B1)  $R_t = 32.00 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: 599.0 (m+1)\*

# Example 52

10

5

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl}-2-phenylethyl)amide:

15

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 44 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionic acid and (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(1-naphthyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 31 ma

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 25.68 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = 27.00 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: 509.2 (m+1)+

# Example 53

5

10 (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-(2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl]-2-(1-naphthyl)ethyl)amide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 44 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(1-naphthyl)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionic acid and (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenyl)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methyl)propionic acid and (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)

yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(1-naphthyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 38 ma

HPLC:(A1) R<sub>t</sub> = 34.88 min (B1) R<sub>s</sub> = 36.78 min

LC-MS: 619.0 (m+1)+

#### 10 Example 54

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-(2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl}-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)amide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 44 with (2R)-2-(N-20 ((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionic acid and (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenyl)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)

15

yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(1-naphthyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 25 mg

LC-MS: 599.0 (m+1)1

#### 10 Example 55

15

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-(2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-NmethylcarbamovI}-2-phenylethyl)amide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 44 with (2R)-2-(N-20 ((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionic acid and (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2,3,4,5,6pentafluorophenyl)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-25 yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(1-naphthyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 30 mg

HPLC:(A1) 
$$R_t = 30.88 \text{ min}$$
  
(B1)  $R_t = 32.55 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: 569.0 (m+1)\*

# Example 56

10

5

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-[N-[(1R)-2-phenyl-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl]-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)amide:

15

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 44 with (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionic acid and (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(1-naphthyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 25 ma

HPLC:(A1) 
$$R_t = 25.95 \text{ min}$$
  
(B1)  $R_t = 27.23 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: 509.4 (m+1)\*

# Example 57

10

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-phenyl-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl}-2-(2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenyl)ethyl)amide:

15

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 44 with (2R)-2-(N-20 ((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenyl)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionic acid and (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-

methylamino)-3-(1-naphthyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 35 mg

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 31.20 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = 32.47 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: 569.0 (m+1)1

10 Example 58

(2R)-2-(N-((2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoyl)-N-methylamino)-N-((1R)-1-benzyl-2-(3-cyclopropylthioureido)ethyl)-N-methyl-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide

H<sub>2</sub>C CH<sub>3</sub> O CH<sub>3</sub> S NH NH NH

20

15

N-((1R)-1-Carbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamic acid tert.-butylester.

A solution of (2R)-2-(N-tert-butoxycarbonyl-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid (4.00 g, 14.32 mmol) in N,N-dimethylformamide (10 ml) was cooled to 0 °C. Ammonium hydrogen carbonate (5.66 g, 71.60 mmol) was added as a solid. 1-Hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate (1.94 g, 14.32 mmol) and successively N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (2.75 g, 14.32 mmol) were added. The suspension was stirred for 16 h, while warming up to room temperature. The reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate (150 ml) and extracted with saturated sodium chloride solution/water (200 ml/300 ml). The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 100 ml). The combined organic layers were washed with saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash-chromatography on silica (70 g), using ethyl acetate /heptane as eluent, to give 2.80 g of N-((1R)-1-carbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamic acid tert-butylester.

20

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): d 1.29 and 1.40 (both s, together 9H); 2.74 (s, 3H); 2.95 (m, 1H); 3.37 (m, 1H); 4.75 and 4.96 (both m, together 1H); 5.55, 5.73, 5.95, and 6.17 (all br, 25 together 2 H); 7.05 - 7.40 (m, 5H).

N-((1R)-1-Aminomethyl-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamic acid tert-butylester.

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{H}_3\text{C} \\ \text{H}_3\text{C} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_3 \\ \text{O} \\ \text{CH}_3 \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{N} \\ \text{CH}_3 \\ \end{array}$$

N-((1R)-1-Carbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamic acid tert.-butylester (2.73 g, 9.81 mmol) was dissolved in tetrahydrofuran (10 ml). The solution was cooled to 5 °C. A suspension of sodium borohydride (816 mg, 21.58 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (10 ml) was added. A solution of iodine (1.24 g, 4.91 mmol) was added dropwise. After the addition was completed, the solution was heated to reflux for 16 h. It was cooled to 5 °C. A 10% solution of ammonium chloride in water (60 ml) was added dropwise. The solution was warmed to 50 °C for 1 h. It was cooled to room temperature. 1 N sodium hydroxide solution was added until pH 14. It was extracted with tert-butyl methyl ether (4 x 100 ml). The combined organic layers were dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica (150 g) using dichloromethane/methanol/25% aqueous ammonia 100:10:1 as eluent to give 453 mg of N-((1R)-1-aminomethyl-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamic acid tert-butylester.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): d 1.29 and 1.36 (both s, together 9 H); 2.60 - 2.90 (m, 7 H); 4.20 and 4.38 (both br, together 1 H); 7.10 - 7.35 (m, 5 H).

N-((1R)1-Benzyl-2-(3-cyclopropylthioureido)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamic acid tert-butylester.

5

- At 0 °C, cyclopropylisothiocyanate (0.32 ml) was added to a solution of N-((1R)-1-aminomethyl-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamic acid tert-butylester (410 mg, 1.6 mmol) in dichloromethane (4 ml). The reaction mixture was first stirred at 0 °C for 10 min, and successively for 2.5 h at room temperature. The solvent were removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica (50 g)
- 15 using ethyl acetate/heptane as eluent to give 492 mg of N-((1R)1-benzyl-2-(3-cyclopropylthioureido)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamic acid tert-butylester.
- $^{1}\text{H-NMR (CDCI_3): d } 0.62 \text{ (br, 2 H); } 1.26 \text{ and } 1.36 \text{ (both s, together 9 H); } 2.37 \text{ (br, 1 H); } 2.60 3.00 \text{ (m, 5 H); } 3.60 \text{ (m, 1 H); } 3.98 \text{ (m, 1 H); } 4.60 \text{ (m, 1 H); } 6.30 \text{ and } 6.85 \text{ (both m, together 2 H); } 7.10 7.35 \text{ (m, 5 H).}$

N-Cyclopropyl-N'-((2R)-2-methylamino)-3-phenylpropyl)thiourea.

N-((1R)1-Benzyl-2-(3-cyclopropylthioureido)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamic acid tert-butylester (404 mg, 1.1 mmol) was dissolved in dichloromethane (2 ml). The solution was cooled to 0 °C. Trifluoroacetic acid (2 ml) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 7 min. The solvents were removed in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in dichloromethane and the solvent was removed in vacuo. This latter procedure was repeated two times. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica (9 g), using dichloromethane/methanol/25% aqueous ammonia (100:10:1) as elunet, to give 255 mg of N-cyclopropyl-N'-((2R)-2-methylamino)-3-phenylpropyllthiourea.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): d 0.64 (br, 2 H); 0.85 (m, 2 H); 2.38 (s, 3 H); 2.45 (m, 1 H); 2.77 (ABX, 2 H); 2.99 (m, 1 H); 3.58 (m, 1 H); 3.74 (m, 1 H); 6.25 (m, 1 H); 7.15 (m, 1 H); 7.15 - 7.35 (m, 5 H).

N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-((3-Cyclopropylthioureido)methyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamic acid tert-butylester.

25

(2R)-2-(N-(tert-Butoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionic acid (290 mg. 0.88 mmol) was dissolved in dichloromethane (2 ml) and N.N-

5 dimethylformamide (2 ml). 1-Hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (120 mg, 0.88 mmol) was added as a solid. The solution was cooled to 0 °C. N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (202 mg, 1.06 mmol) was added. The solution was stirred for 20 min. N-Cyclopropyl-N'-((2R)-2-methylamino)-3-phenylpropyl)thiourea (231 mg, 0.88 mmol) was dissolved in dichloromethane (2 ml) and added. The
 reaction mixture was stirred for 16 h. It was diluted with ethyl acetate (100 ml) and extracted with 1 N hydrochloric acid (100 ml). The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 10 ml). The combined organic layers were washed with saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate solution (100 ml) and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash
 chromatography on silica (45 g) using ethyl acetate/heptane 1:1 as eluent to give

350 mg of N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-((3-Cyclopropylthioureido)methyl)-2-phenyl- ethyl)-N-methylcarbamovl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamic acid tert-butylester.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): d 0.06, 0.19, 0.30, 0.40, 0.55 (all m, together 4 H); 1.25 and 1.33 (both s, together 9 H); 1.41 and 1.60 (both m, together 1 H); 2.12 and 1.27 (both s, together 3 H); 2.70 - 3.00 (m, 6 H); 3.25 (m, 1 H); 3.55 (m, 1 H); 4.00 and 4.15 (both m, together 1 H); 5.02 and 5.37 (both t, together 1 H); 5.12 and 5.25 (both m, together 1 H); 5.90 and 5.99 (both br, together 1 H); 6.60 (m, 1 H); 7.10 - 7.85 (m, 12 H).

(2R)-N-((1R)-1-Benzyl-2-(3-cyclopropylthioureido)ethyl)-N-methyl-2-methylamino-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide.

N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-((3-Cyclopropylthioureido)methyl)-2-phenylethyl)-

- 5 N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamic acid tert-butylester (579 mg, 1.01 mmol) was dissolved in dichloromethane (2 ml). The solution was cooled to 0 °C. Trifluoroacetic acid (2 ml) was added. The solution was stirred for 5 min. The solvents were removed in vacuo without warming. The residue was dissolved in dichloromethane (100 ml) and the solvent was removed in vacuo. This latter
- procedure was repeated two times. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica (45 g) using dichloromethane/methanol/25% aqueous ammonia 100:10:1 as eluent to give 201 mg of (2R)-N-((1R)-1-benzyl-2-(3-cyclopropylthioureido)ethyl)-N-methyl-2-methylamino-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide.
- 15 <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): d 0.63 (m, 2H); 0.85 (m, 2 H); 1.90 (s, 3 H); 2.38 (br, 1 H); 2.65 (s, 3 H); 2.70 3.05 (m, 5 H); 3.60 (m, 1 H); 4.05 (m, 1 H); 5.23 (m, 1 H), 6.30 (m, 1 H); 6,90 7.85 (m, 13 H).
  - (3E)-4-(N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-benzyl-2-(3-cyclopropylthioureido)ethyl)-
- 20 N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-1,1-dimethylbut-3enylcarbamic acid tert-butylester

- (2E)-5-tert-Butoxycarbonylamino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid (182 mg, 0.75 mmol) swas dissolved in N,N-dimethylformamide (2 ml) and dichloromethane (2 ml). 1-Hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (102 mg, 0.75 mmol) was added. The solution was cooled to 0 °C. N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (144 mg, 0.75 mmol) was added. The solution was stirred for 15 min at 0 °C. (2R)-N-(1R)-1-Benzyl-2-(3-cyclopropylthioureido)ethyl)-N-methyl-
- 2-methylamino-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide (178 mg, 0.37 mmol) was dissolved in dichloromethane and added to the reaction mixture. Ethyldiisopropylamine (0.13 ml, 0.75 mmol) was added. The solution was stirred for 16 h, while it was warming up to room temperature. It was diluted with ethyl acetate (200 ml) and washed with 10% aqueous sodium hydrogen sulfate solution (100 ml). The aqueous solution
- 15 was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 50 ml). The combined organic layers were washed with saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate solution (150 ml) and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica (45 g) to give 89 mg of (3E)-4-(N-((1R)-1-N-((1R)-1-benzyl-2-(3-
- 20 cyclopropylthioureido)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-1,1-dimethylbut-3-enylcarbamic acid tert-butylester.
- <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, selcted values): d -0.08, 0.11, 0.20, 0.30, and 0.60 (all m, together 4 H); 3.34 (dd, 1 H); 4.00 (m, 1 H); 5.52 and 5.87 (dd, 1 H); 6.00 and 6.05 (both d, 25 together 1 H); 6.65 and 6.80 (both m, together 1 H).

(3E)-4-(N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-Benzyl-2-(3-cyclopropylthioureido)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-1,1-dimethylbut-3-enylcarbamic acid tert-butylester (63 mg, 0.09 mmol) was dissolved in

5 dichloromethane (2 ml). The solution was cooled to 0 °C. Trifluoracetic acid (2 ml) was added. The solution was stirred for 15 min at 0 °C. The solvent was removed in vacuo at 20 °C. The residue was dissolved in dichloromethane (50 ml), and the solvent was removed in vacuo. This latter procedure was repeated two times. The residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate (2 ml). Heptane (5 ml) was added. The
10 precipitation was filtered off and was characterized to be 50 mg of the title

precipitation was filtered off and was characterized to be 50 mg of the title compound as trifluoroacetic acid salt.

 $^{1}$ H-NMR (DMSO-d<sub>e</sub>, selected values): d 0.25 - 0.75 (m, 4 H); 3.15 (dd, 1 H); 6.41 1s (m, 1 H).

#### HPLC:

The RP-HPLC analysis was performed using UV detection at 254nm and a Lichrosorp RP-18 5mM column, which was eluted at 1ml/minute. Two solvent 20 systems were used:

Solvent system I: 0.1% Trifluoro acetic acid in acetonitrile. Solvent system II: 0.1% Trifluoroacetic acid in water.

The column was equilibrated with a mixture composed of 20% of solvent system I and 80% of solvent system II. After injection of the sample a gradient of 20% to

80% of solvent system I in solvent system II was run over 30 minutes. The gradient was then extended to 100% of solvent system I over 5 minutes followed by isocratic elution with 100% of this system for 6 minutes.

R<sub>t</sub> 20.42 min.

30

MS: found 599.6 [M+H]\*, calc: 599.3.

m.p.: 138 - 145 °C.

C<sub>35</sub>H<sub>45</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S · CF<sub>3</sub>COOH ·2 H<sub>2</sub>O 5 calc.: C 59.26 H 6.72 N 9.34 found: C 59.23 H 6.64 N 8.83.

# Example 59

10

 $\label{eq:continuity} (2R)-2-(N-\{\{2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy\}acetyl\}-N-methylamino)-N-((1R)-1-(dimethylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-methyl-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide:$ 

15 (2-tert-Butoxycarbonylamino-2-methylpropoxy)acetic acid:

A solution of 2-tert-butoxycarbonylamino-2-methylpropanol (5.0 g, 26 mmol) and rhodium(II)acetate (90 mg) in 1,2-dichloroethane (500 ml) was heated to 80 °C. Then ethyl diazoacetate (4.0 g, 35 mmol) was added over a period of 1 h, and the mixture was stirred at reflux for 3 h. Another portion of

20 1 h, and the mixture was stirred at reflux for 3 h. Another portion of rhodium(II)acetate (90 mg) was added and the mixture was refluxed for another 5 h. The mixture was cooled overnight and saturated sodium bicarbonate (500 ml) was added, the phases were separated and the organic layer was washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate (2 x 200 ml), dried (magnesium sulfate) and concentrated in vacuo. The obtained product was dissolved in 1 M lithium hydroxide in methanol/water 3:1 (200 ml) and stirred overnight. The solvent was removed in vacuo, water was added (pH>9) and the mixture was washed with ether (200 ml). Then 1 M hydrochloric acid was added until pH<4 and the mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate (200 ml), dried (magnesium sulfate) and concentrated in vacuo to give 2.5 g of (2-tert-butoxycarbonylamino-2-methylpropoxy)acetic acid.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): d 1.3 (s, 6H) 1.45 (s, 9H) 3.5 (s, 2H) 4.15 (s, 2H) 9.9 (b, 1H).

15 To a solution of 2-tert-butoxycarbonylamino-2-methylpropoxy)acetic acid

(480 mg, 1.9 mmol) in dichloromethane (10 ml) were added 1-hydroxy-7azabenzotriazole (264 mg. 1.9 mmol) and 1-ethyl-3-(3dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride (409 mg, 2.1 mmol) and the mixture was stirred for 30 min. Then (2R)-N-((1R)-1-dimethylcarbamoyl-20 2-phenylethyl)-N-methyl-2-methylamino-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide (434 mg, 0.97 mmol) in dichloromethane (5 ml) and diisopropylethylamine (0.22 ml. 1.3 mmol) were added and the mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature. The mixture was washed with water (20 ml), saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate (20 ml), water (2 x 20 ml), brine (20 ml), dried 25 over magnesium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was chromatographed on silica (400 g) with ethyl acetate/pentane 7:3 to give 432 mg of (2-[{N-((1R)-1-[N-{(1R)-1-(dimethylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl}-Nmethylcarbamoyl]-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl}methoxyl-1,1dimethylethyl)carbamic acid tert-butylester. The obtained product was 30 dissolved in 50% trifluoroacetic acid in dichloromethane (3 ml) and stirred for 10 min. Then saturated sodium bicarbonate was added until pH 8 and the

phases were separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with dichloromethane (2 x 10 ml) and the combined organic phases were washed with brine (5 ml), dried (magnesium sulfate) and concentrated in vacuo. The product was redissolved in water (30 ml) and the mixture was lyophilized to give 300 mg of the title compound.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks): d 1.2 (d, 6H) 2.2 (s, 6H) 2.7 (s, 3H) 2.8 (s, 3H) 4.0 (q, 2H) 5.7 (m, 1H) 5.8 (m, 1H) 7.1-7.8 (m, 12H).

(B1): 
$$R_t = 34.6$$

LC-MS: 547.0 (M+H)+

# Example 60

15

5-methylamino-hex-2-enoic acid ((1R)-1-(((1R)-2-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-methylcarbamoylethyl)methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)methylamide

10

This compound was prepared analogously to example 1. 2-(3,4-diffuorophenyl)-alanine was substituted for phenylalanine.

<sup>5</sup> 'H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): (selected peaks for major rotamer) d 1.22 (s, 6H); 2.10 (d, 3H); 2.71 (s, 3H); 2.85 (s, 3H); 5.22 (dd, 1H); 5.86 (dd, 1H); 6.17 (d, 1H).

HPLC: r<sub>t</sub>= 33.18 min. (A1) PDMS: m/z 566.0 (M+H)\*

# Example 61

5-methylamino-hex-2-enoic acid ((1R)-1-(((1R)-15 2-phenyl-1-ethylcarbamoylethyl)methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)methylamide

$$\begin{array}{c|c} H_3C & CH_3 & O \\ \hline \\ H_2N & CH_3 & O \\ \hline \\ NH & CH_3 \\ \hline \\ \\ \end{array}$$

20 This compound was prepared analogously to example 1.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): (selected peaks for major rotamer) d 0.61 (t, 3H); 1.05 (s, 6H); 1.98 (s, 3H); 2.24 (s, 3H); 2.97 (d, 3H); 5.57 (dd, 1H); 5.85 (dd, 1H); 6.07 (d, 1H).

25 HPLC: r<sub>t</sub>= 33.0 min (A1)

10

PDMS: m/z 544.0 (M+H)\*

# Example 62

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-me-thyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(thiophen-2-yl) ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide

15 (2R)-2-(N-(tert-Butoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(thiophen-2-yl)propionic acid

20 (2R)-2-(tert-Butoxycarbonylamino)-3-(thiophen-2-yl)propionic acid (5.00 g; 18.4 mmol) was dissolved in tetrahydrofuran (60 ml). Methyliodide (9.2 ml; 147 mmol) was added and the solution was cooled to 0°C. Sodiumhydride (60 % in oil; 1.90 g;

55.3 mmol) was added in portions and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for two days. Ethyl acetate (50 ml) and water (20 ml) were added dropwise. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was dissolved in ether (30 ml) and water (30 ml). The phases were separated and the organic phase 5 was washed with saturated aqueous sodium hydrogencarbonate (30ml). The aqueous phase were mixed. Citric acid (5% (aq)) was added to pH 3 and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (4 x 30 ml). The combined organic phases were washed with water (2 x 30 ml), aqueous sodium thiosulfate (5%; 30 ml), water (30 ml) and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in 10 vacuo. The residue was dissolved in ether (10 ml) and dicyclohexylamine (8.5 ml) was added and the mixture was left in a refrigerator overnight. The precipitate was filtered and washed with ether (2 x 15 ml) and then redissolved in methylene chloride and washed with a mixture of water (15 ml) and sodium hydrogensulfate (15 ml; 10 %(ag)). The aqueous phase was washed with methylene chloride (3 x 15 15 ml). The combined organic phases were dried over magnesium sulfate and the solvent was removed in vacuo to give 5.10 g of (2R)-2-(N-(tert-Butoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(thiophen-2-vI)propionic acid.

20

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR: (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (major rotamer) d 1.38 (s, 9H); 2.85 (s, 3H); 3.14 (dd, 1H); 3.56 (dd, 1H); 4.62 (dd, 1H); 6.80-7.11 (3 arom. H).

25 N-Methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(thiophen-2-yl)ethyl)carbamic acid tert-butylester

(2R)-2-(N-(tert-Butoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(thiophen-2-yl)propionic acid (2.00 g; 7.01 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (10 ml). 1-Hydroxybenzotriazole (0.95 g: 7.01 mmol) and 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)

- Hydroxybenzotriazole (0.95 g; 7.01 mmol) and 1-etnyl-3-(3-dimetrylaminopropy)

  carbodiimide hydrochloride (1.48 g; 7.71 mmol) were added. The solution was stirred for 15 min. at roomtemperature. Methylamine (40 % in methanol; 0.38 ml; 7.71 mmol) and diisopropylamine (1.2 ml; 7.01 mmol) were added and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for two days. Water (10 ml) and methylene chloride (10 ml) were added to the solution. The phases were separated and the organic phase was washed with aqueous sodium hydrogensulfate (10%; 15 ml), saturated aqueous sodium hydrogencarbonate (15 ml), dried over magnesium sulfate and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was chromatographed on silica (4 x 40 cm) with ethyl acetate/methylene chloride (1:1) as eluent to give 1.18 g of N-Methyl-N-
- 15 (1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(thiophen-2-yl)ethyl)carbamic acid tert-butylester.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR: (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (major rotamer) d 1.42 (s, 9H); 2.80 (s, 6 H); 3.20 (m, 1H); 3.49 (dd, 1H); 4.92 (dd, 1H); 6.81-7.18 (arom.; 3H).

20 (2R)-N-Methyl-2-methylamino-3-(thiophen-2-yl)propionamide

25 N-Methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(thiophen-2-yl)ethyl)carbamic acid tert-butylester (1.17 g; 3.92 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (4 ml). The reaction was cooled to 0°C and triflouroacetic acid was added. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1.5 hour. Water (30 ml) and solid sodium

hydrogencarbonate were added to pH 8. The phases were separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with methylene chloride (4 x 20 ml). The combined organic phases were dried over magnesium sulfate and the solvent was removed over vacuo to afford  $0.70~{\rm g}$  of

5 (2R)-N-methyl-2-methylamino-3-(thiophen-2-yl)propionamide.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR: (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)'d 2.35 (s; 3H); 2.85 (d; 3H); 3.08 (dd; 1H); 3.25 (dd; 1H); 3.39 (dd; 1H); 6.88 - 7.29( arom.; 3H)

- 10 N-Methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(thiophen-2-yl)ethyl)c arbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl) carbamic acid tert butylester.
- 2-(tert Butoxycarbonylmethylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl) propionic acid (1.20 g; 3.55 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (10 ml). 1-Hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazol (0.48 g; 3.55 mmol) and N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (0.75 g; 3.90 mmol) were added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at room temperature.
- (2R)-N-Methyl-2-methylamino-3-(thiophen-2-yl)propionamide (0.70 g; 3.55 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (10 ml) and added. Disopropylamine (0.61 ml; 3.55 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 days. Methylene chloride (10 ml) and water (10 ml) were added to the reaction mixture. The phases were separated and the
- organic phase was washed with aqueous sodium hydrogensulfate (10%; 20 ml), saturated aqueous sodium hydrogencarbonate (20 ml). The organic phase was dried over magnesium sulfate and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was chromatographed on silica (2 x 20 cm) using ethylacetate/heptane (1:1) as eluent to afford 1.38 g of
- 30 N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(thiophen-2-yl)ethyl )carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl) carbamic acid tert butylester.

20

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR: (CDCl<sub>9</sub>)(selected peaks for major rotamer) d 1.33 (s, 9H); 2.27 (d, 3H); 2.81 (s, 3H); 2.95 (s, 3H); 5.02 (dd; 1H); 5.22 (dd, 1H).

5 (2R)-N-Methyl-2-methylamino-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(thiophen-2-yl)ethyl )-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide

- N-Methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(thiophen-2-yl)ethyl )carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl) carbamic acid tert butylester (1.38 g; 2.71 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (6 ml) and triflouroacetic acid (4 ml) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 1 hour at room temperature. Water (30 ml) and solid sodium hydrogencarbonate were added to pH 8. The phases were separated and the aqueous phase was extracted with methylene chloride (4 x 20 ml). The organic phase was dried over magnesium sulfate and the solvent was removed over vacuo to afford 1.06 g of (2R)-N-methyl-2-methylamino-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(thiophen-2-yl)ethyl )-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide.
  - <sup>1</sup>H NMR : (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks for major rotamer) d 1.95 (s, 3H); 2.28 (d, 3H); 2.55 (s, 3H); 3.90 (dd, 1H); 5.42 (dd, 1H).
- 25 ((3E)-1,1-Dimethyl-4-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(thiophen-2-yl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)but-3-enyl)carba

mic acid tert butylester.

(2E)-5-(tert-Butyloxycarbonylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid (0.30 g; 1.22 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (10 ml). 1-Hydroxy-7-azabenzotiazole (0.17 g; 1.22 mmol) and N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride ( 0.26 g; 1.34 mmol) were added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at room temperature.

(2R)-N-Methyl-2-methylamino-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(thiophen-2-yl)ethyl )-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide (0.50 g; 1.22 mmol) in methylene chloride (10 ml) was added to the reaction mixture. Diisopropylamine (0.21 ml; 1.22 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred 12 hours at room temperature. Water (10 ml) and methylene chloride (10 ml) were added. The phases were separated and the organic phase was washed with aqueous sodium hydrogensulfate (10%; 20 ml), saturated aqueous sodium hydrogencarbonate (20 ml), dried over magnesium sulfate and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was chromatographed on silica (2 x 20 cm) using ethyl acetate/methylene

((3E)-1,1-dimethyl-4-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(thiophen-2-yl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)but-3-enyl)carbamic acid tert butylester.

2-(thiophen-2-yl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)but-3-enyl)carba mic acid tert butylester (0.66g; 1.04 mmol) was dissolved in methylene chloride (3 ml) and triflouroacetic acid (2 ml) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred 5 min at room temperature. Water (2 ml) and solid sodium hydrogencarbonate was

- 5 added to pH 8. The phases were seperated and the aqueous phase was extracted with methylene chloride (4 x 15 ml). The organic phase was dried over magnesium sulfate and the solvent was removed in vacuo to afford 0.53 g of the title compound.
- 10 <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks for major rotamer) d 2.31 (d, 3H); 2.63 (s, 3H); 2.91 (s, 3H); 5.18 (dd, 1H); 5.55 (dd, 1H); 6.19 (d, 1H).

HPLC:  $r_t = 30.3 \text{ min (A1)}$ .

15 PDMS: m/z 534.8 (M+H)\*

#### Example 63

(2E)-5-Methyl-5-methylaminohex-2-enoic acid
N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenyl ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide

(2E)-5-(N-(tert Butoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid.

(2E)-5-(tert-Butyloxycarbonylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid (5.00 g : 20.6 mmol) was dissolved in tetrahydrofuran (70 ml). Methyliodide (10.3 ml; 164 mmol) was added and the solution was cooled to 0° C. Sodium hydride (60% in oil)( 10 2.07 g; 61.6 mmol) was added in portions and the solution was stirred at roomtemperature for four days. Ethyl acetate (70 ml) and water (60 ml) was added dropwise and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was dissolved in water (40 ml) and ether (40 ml). The organic phase was washed with a saturated aqueous solution of sodium hydrogencarbonate (30 ml). The aqueous 15 phases were mixed and 5% aqueous citric acid was added to pH 3. The aqueous phase was extracted with ethylacetate (4 x 50 ml). The organic phase was washed with water (2 x 40 ml), an aqueous solution of sodium thiosulfate (5%; 40 ml), water (40 ml), dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in ethylacetate (45 ml) and washed with an aqueous 20 solution of sodium hydrogensulfate (10%; 3 x 30 ml), dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and and concentrated in vacuo to give 4.00 g of (2E)-5-(N-(tert Butoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid.

¹H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) d 1.38 (s, 6H), 1.45 (s, 9H); 2.80 (d, 2H); 2.85 (s, 3H); 5.88 (d, 25 1H); 7.01 (q, 1H).

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 1. 5-Methylamino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid was incorporated instead of 5-amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic

acid.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR :(CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks for major rotamer) d 1.25 (s, 3H; 1.30 (s, 3H); 5 2.28 (d, 3H); 2.52 (s, 3H); 2.72 (s, 3H); 2.99 (d, 3H); 5.69 (dd, 1H); 5.81 (dd, 1H); 6.13 (d, 1H).

PDMS: m/z 544.4 (M+H)\*

10 HPLC: rt = 31.3 min (A1).

## Example 64

15 (2E)-5-Amino-3,5-dimethylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(thiophen-2-yl)ethyl )carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl) amide.

20

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 1. 2-thienylalanine was substituted for phenylalanine and 5-amino-3,5-dimethylhex-2-enoic acid was substituted for 5-amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid.

'H-NMR: (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks for major rotamer) d 1.24 (s, 3H); 1.25 (s, 3H); 1.76 (s, 2H); 2.32 (s, 3H); 2.76 (d, 3H); 2.99 (s, 3H); 5.65 (dd, 1H); 5.76 (s, 1H); 5.90 (dd, 1H)

5 HPLC : R<sub>t</sub>= 31.45 min.

PDMS: m/z 549.7 (M+H)+

## 10 Example 65

15

5-Amino-5-methyl-hex-2-enoic acid ((1R)-1-(((1R)-1-((2S)-2-hydroxypropylcarbamoyl)-2-(3,4-difluorophenyl)ethyl)methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-na phthyl)ethyl)methylamide.

This compound was prepared analogously to example 1. 2-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-20 alanine was substituted for phenylalanine.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): (selected peaks for major rotamer) d 1.01 (t, 3H); 1.10 (s, 6H); 2.74 (s, 3H); 3.04 (s, 3H); 5.08 (dd, 1H); 5.56 (dd, 1H); 6.07 (d, 1H).

HPLC :  $r_i$ = 32.9 min. (A1) PDMS : m/z 610.3 (M+H)\*

## Example 66

\_

5-Amino-3,5-dimethylhex-2-enoic acid N-((1R)-2-(biphenyl-4-yl)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl) carbamoyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide.

10

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 1. N-Tert-Butoxycarbonyl-N-methyl-D-biphenylalanin was substituted for N-tert-

- 15 butoxycarbonyl-N-methyl-D-phenylalanin in step E.
  (2E)-5-tert-Butoxycarbonylamino-3,5-dimethylhex-2-enoic acid was substituted for
  (2E)-5-(tert-Butyloxycarbonylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid in step I.
- <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks for major rotamer) d 1.25 (s, 3H); 1.28 (s, 3H); 2.0 1.57 (s, 3H); 2.32 (s, 3H); 2.73 (d, 3H); 2.94 (s, 3H); 5.34 (dd, 1H); 5.45 (dd, 1H); 5.75 (s, 1H).

HPLC:  $r_t = 35.37 \text{ min (Method A1)}$ 

PDMS:  $m/z = 569.7 (M+H)^{+}$ 

#### 5 Example 67

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid
N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-2-(4-iodophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide

- 15 This compound was prepared analogously to example 1. N-tert-Butoxycarbonyl-N-methyl-D-4-iodophenylalanine was substituted for N-tert-butoxycarbonyl-Nmethyl-D-phenylalanin in step E.
- <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)(selected peaks for major rotamer) d 1.15 (s, 6H); 2.09 (d, 3H); 2.69 (s, 3H); 2.70 (s, 3H); 5.24 (dd, 1H); 5.90 (dd, 1H); 6.18 (d, 1H).

HPLC:  $r_t = 35,25 \text{ min (Method A1)}$ 

25 PDMS:  $m/z = 655.7 (M+H)^+$ 

## Example 68

5 (2E)-5-Methyl-5-methylaminohex-2-enoic acid
N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-2-(4-iodophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamo
yl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide

10

This compound was prepared analogously to example 1. N-Tert-butoxycarbonyl-N-methyl-D-4-iodophenylalanin was substituted for N-tert-butoxycarbonyl-N-methyl-D-phenylalanin in step E. (2E)-5-(N-(tert Butoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid was substituted for (2E)-5-(tert-butyloxycarbonylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid in step I.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR: (CDCI<sub>3</sub>)(selected peaks for major rotamer) d 1.17 (s, 6H); 2.07 (d, 3H); 2.39 (s, 3H); 2.71 (s, 6H); 2.92 (s, 3H); 5.25 (dd, 1H); 5.90 (dd, 1H); 6.20 (d, 1H).

HPLC: r<sub>t</sub> = 35.38 min (Method A1)

25 PDMS: m/z = 668.9 (M+H)\*

## Example 69

(2E) 5-Methyl-5-amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic

5 acid-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(thien-2-yl)ethy l)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide.

10

This compound was prepared analogously to example 1. 2-thienyl-alanine was substituted for phenylalanine and 5-methyl-5-methylaminohex-2-enoic acid was substituted for 5-amino-3,5-dimethylhex-2-enoic acid.

15 <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): (selected peaks for major rotamer) d 1.25 (s, 3H); 1.28 (s, 3H); 2.26 (d, 3H); 2.68 (s, 3H); 2.95 (s, 3H); 3.06 (s, 3H); 5.25 (dd, 1H); 5.89 (dd, 1H); 6.22 (d, 1H).

HPLC: r<sub>t</sub>= 30.4 min.

20 PDMS: m/z 549.2 (M+H)\*

## Example 70

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-((N-methyl-N-25 (methylsulfonyl)amino)methyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-

## naphthyl)ethyl)hex-2-enamide

#### (2R)-2-(Formylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid

- 10 (2R)-2-Amino-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid (5.00 g, 29.2 mmol) was dissolved in formic acid (50 ml). The solution was cooled to 0 °C. Acetic acid anhydride (20 ml) was added dropwise. The reaction mixture was stirred for 16 h, while it was warming up to room temperature. It was cooled to 0 °C. Water (20 ml) was added dropwise. The solution was warmed to room temperature. The solvent was
- 15 removed in vacuo. The residue was suspended in ethyl acetate (20 ml). The precipitation was filtered off, collected, and dried in vacuo, to give 3.60 g of crude (2R)-2-(formylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid, which was used for the following step.
- 20 <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (DMSO d<sub>6</sub>): d 3.05 and 3.15 (both ABX, together 1 H); 3.30 and 3.55 (m and ABX, together 1 H); 4.30 and 4.55 (both m, together 1 H); 6.90 (m, 1 H); 6.95

(m, 1 H); 7.35 (d, 1 H); 8.03 (s, 1 H); 8.40 (d, 1 H); 12.92 (br, 1 H).

(2R)-2-Methylamino-3-(2-thienyl)propan-1-ol

A solution of (2R)-2-(formylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid (3.58 g, 18.0 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (50 ml) was added dropwise to a suspension of sodium

borohydride in tetrahydrofuran (50 ml), which was cooled to 7 - 12 °C (inside temperature). After the addition was finished, a solution of iodine (4.57 g, 18.0 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (100 ml) was added dropwise. The reaction mixture was heated to reflux for 16 h. It was cooled to 0 °C. Methanol (200 ml) was added dropwise. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in a

- 15 freshly prepared 20% aqueous sodium hydroxide solution (200 ml). The aqueous phase was extracted with tert-butyl methyl ether (4 x 150 ml). The combined organic layers were dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo to give 3.26 g of crude (2R)-2-methylamino-3-(2-thienyl)propan-1-ol, which was used for the following step.
  - <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (DMSO d<sub>6</sub>, selected values): d 2.32 (s, 3 H); 2.56 (m, 1 H); 2.84 (m, 2 H); 3,30 (m, 2 H); 6.85 (m, 1 H); 6.93 (m, 1 H); 7.28 (d, 1 H).
- 25 N-((1R)-1-(Hydroxymethyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamic acid tert-butyl ester

A solution of di-tert-butyldicarbonate (4.97 g, 22.8 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (20 ml) was added dropwise to a solution of (2R)-2-methylamino-3-(2-thienyl)propan1-ol in 1 N aqueous sodium hydroxide solution (19 ml) and tetrahydrofuran (20 ml). The reacion mixture was stirred at room temperature for 16 h. It was diluted with water (100 ml) and extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 150 ml). The combined organic layers were washed with saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate solution (200 ml) and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica (220 g), using ethyl acetate/heptane 1:1 as eluent, to give 3.85 g of N-((1R)-1-(hydroxymethyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamic acid tert-butyl ester.

- 15 <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, selected values) d 1.41 (br, 9 H); 2.75 (br, 3 H); 3.05 3.20 (both br, together 2 H); 3.75 (br, 2 H); 4.10 and 4.27 (both br, together 1 H); 6.82 (br, 1 H); 6.90 (m. 1 H); 7.14 (d. 1 H).
- 20 N-Methyl-N-((1R)-2-methylamino-1-((2-thienyl)methyl)ethyl)carbamic acid tertbutyl ester

A solution of oxalyl chloride (1.81 ml, 20.8 mmol) in dichloromethane (180 ml) was cooled to -78 °C. A solution of dimethylsulfoxide (2.15 ml, 27.8 mmol) in dichloromethane (2 ml) was added dropwise. The solution was stirred for 15 min at -78 °C. A solution of N-((1R)-1-(hydroxymethyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-N-

- methylcarbamic acid tert-butyl ester (3.78 g, 13.9 mmol) in dichloromethane (10 ml) was added dropwise. The solution was stirred for 20 min at -78 °C.

  Triethylamine (7.71 ml, 55.6 mmol) was added. The solution was stirred for 5 min at -78 °C and warmed to -35 °C. As soon as -35 °C was reached it was cooled to -78 °C. Acetic acid (3.50 ml, 61.2 mmol) was added. The solution was warmed to
- room temperature and was washed with brine (200 ml). The organic phase was dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in methanol (180 ml). 4 Å mol (20 g) sieves was added. Acetic acid (5.5 ml, 97.3 mmol) was added. An 8.0 M solution of methylamine in ethanol (5.2 ml, 41.7 mmol) was added. Solid sodium cyano borohydride (0.57 g, 9.1 mmol)
- 15 was added. The solution was stirred at room temperature for 1 h, before another portion of solid sodium cyano borohydride (0.57 g, 9.1 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 16 h at room temperature and filtered through a plug of celite. The celite was washed with methanol (150 ml). The solvent of the filtrate was removed in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in 1 N sodium
- 20 hydroxide solution (200 ml). The solution was extracted with tert-butyl methyl ether (3 x 100 ml). The combined organic layers were dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica (150 g), using dichloromethane/methanol/25% aqueous ammonia 100:10:1 as eluent, to give 1.72 g of N-methyl-N-((1R)-2-
- 25 methylamino-1-((2-thienyl)methyl)ethyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, selected values) d 1.32 and 1.42 (both br, together 9 H); 2.44 (s, 3 H); 2.63 (ABX, 1 H); 2.70 - 2.90 (m, 4 H); 2.95 and 3.03 (both br, together 2 H); 4.40 (br, 1 H); 6.82 (br, 1 H); 6.92 (m, 1 H); 7.15 (d, 1 H).

30

N-Methyl-N-((1R)-2-(N-methyl-N-(methylsulfonyl)amino)-1-((2-thienyl)methyl)ethyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester

N-Methyl-N-((1R)-2-methylamino-1-((2-thienyl)methyl)ethyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (1.72 g, 6.05 mmol) was dissolved in dichloromethane (30 ml).

Triethylamine (0.84 ml, 6.05 mmol) was added. The solution was cooled to -78 °C. Methanesulfonyl chloride (0.47 ml, 6.05 mmol) was added dropwise. The reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature over a period of 3.5 h. It was stirred at room temperature for 16 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with dichloromethane (100 ml). It was washed with 10% aqueous sodium hydrogen sulfate solution (200 ml). The aqueous phase was extracted with dichloromethane (2 x 50 ml). The combined organic layers were washed with saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate solution (200 ml) and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica (180 g), using ethyl acetate/heptane 1:1 as eluent, to give 1.94 g of N-methyl-N-((1R)-2-(N-methyl-N-(methylsulfonyl)amino)-1-((2-thienyl)methyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) d 1.40 and 1.45 (both s, together 9 H); 2.74 and 2.80 (s and m, together 6 H); 2.91 (s, 3 H); 3.06 (m, 3 H); 3.57 (m, 1 H); 4.55 (br, 1 H); 6.85 (d, 1 <sup>25</sup> H); 6.92 (m, 1 H); 7.16 (m, 1 H).

N-Methyl-N-((2R)-2-(methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propyl)methanesulfonamide

s A solution of of N-methyl-N-((1R)-2-(N-methyl-N-(methylsulfonyl)amino)-1-((2-thienyl)methyl)ethyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (1.87 g, 7.12 mmol) in dichloromethane (7 ml) was cooled to 0 °C. Trifluoroacetic acid (7 ml) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 45 min at 0 °C. Dichloromethane (10 ml) was added. A saturated aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (10 ml) was added. Solid sodium hydrogen carbonate was added until pH 7. Water (100 ml) was added, until a clear solution was obtained. The phases were separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with dichloromethane (2 x 50 ml). The combined organic phases were dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica (120 g), using dichloromethane/methanol/25% aqueous ammonia as eluent, to give 1.24 g of N-methyl-N-((2R)-2-(methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propyl)methanesulfonamide.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) d 2.47 (s, 3 H); 2.81 (s, 3 H); 2.88 (s, 3 H); 2.90 - 3.10 (m, 4 H); 3.22 (dd, 1 H); 6.86 (m, 1 H); 6.95 (m, 1 H); 7.19 (m, 1 H).

20

N-Methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-((N-methyl-N-(methylsufonyl)amino)methyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester

dichloromethane (5 ml). 1-Hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (0.60 g, 4.42 mmol) was added. The solution was cooled to 0 °C. N-(3-Dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (0.85 g, 4.42 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 20 min at 0 °C. A solution of N-methyl-N-((2R)-2-(methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propyl)methanesulfonamide (1.16 g, 4.42 mmol) in dichloromethane (5 ml) and ethyldiisopropylamine (0.76 ml, 4.42 mmol) were added successively. The solution was stirred for 16 h, while it was warming up to room temperature. It was diluted with ethyl acetate (90 ml) and washed with 10% aqueous sodium hydrogen sulfate solution (100 ml). The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 30 ml). The combined organic layers were washed with saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate solution (100 ml) and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica (240 g), using ethyl acetate/heptane 2:1 as eluent, to give 2.05 g of N-Methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-

(2R)-2-(N-(tert-Butoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionic acid (1.46 g. 4.42 mmol) was dissolved in N.N-dimethylformamide (5 ml) and

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, selected values) d 1.09 and 1.33 (both s, together 9 H); 5.05 and 5.37 (both dd, together 1 H).

20 ((1R)-1-((N-methyl-N-(methylsufonyl)amino)methyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-

2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester.

(2R)-2-Methylamino-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-((N-methyl-N-(methylsulfonyl)amino)methyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide

A solution of of N-Methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-((N-methyl-N-(methylsufonyl)amino)methyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (1.94 g, 3.37 mmol) in

- 10 dichloromethane (7 ml) was cooled to 0 °C. Trifluoroacetic acid (7 ml) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 45 min at 0 °C. A saturated aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (30 ml) was added. Solid sodium hydrogen carbonate was added until pH 7. Water (100 ml) was added, until a clear solution was obtained. The phases were separated. The aqueous solution was extracted
  15 with dichloromethane (2 x 50 ml). The combined organic layers were dried over
- with dichloromethane (2 x 50 ml). The combined organic layers were dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica (200 g), using dichloromethane/methanol/25% aqueous ammonia as eluent, to give 1.70 g of (2R)-2-Methylamino-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-((N-methyl-N-
- 20 (methylsulfonyl)amino)methyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, seleceted values) d 2.04 and 2.32 (both s, together 3 H); 2.61 and 2.65 (both s, together 3 H); 2.71 and 2.73 (both s, together 3 H); 2.82 and 2.85 (both s, together 3 H); 3.68 and 3.75 (both t, together 1 H); 5.14 (br, 1 H).

 $\label{eq:continuity} $$ ((3E)-1,1-Dimethyl-4-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-((N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)$$$ 

5 naphthyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)but-3-enyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester

(2E)-5-(tert-Butoxycarbonylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid (158 mg, 0.65 mmol) was dissolved in N,N-dimethylformamide (3 ml) and dichloromethane (3 ml). 1-10 Hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole was added. The solution was cooled to 0 °C. N-(3-Dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (88 mg, 0.65 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at 0 °C. A solution of (2R)-2-Methylamino-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-((N-methyl-N-(methylsulfonyl)amino)methyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide in dichloromethane (3 ml) and 15 ethyldiisopropylamine (0.12 ml, 0.65 mmol) were added successively. The reaction mixture was stirred for 16 h, while it was warming up to room temperature. It was diluted with ethyl acetate (50 ml) and washed with 10% aqueous sodium hydrogen sulfate solution (50 ml). The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 50 ml). The organic layers were washed with a 20 saturated aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (100 ml) and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified on silica (120 g), using ethyl acetate/heptane 2:1 (250 ml) and successively ethyl acetate/heptane 3:1 as eluent, to give 282 mg of ((3E)-1,1dimethyl-4-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-((N-methyl-N-25 (methylsuflonyl)amino)methyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2naphthyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)but-3-enyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, selceted values) d 1.15 - 1.35 (m, 6 H); 1.40 and 1.69 (m and br, together 9 H);5.69 and 5.85 (both m, together 1 H); 6.06, 6.13, and 6.27 (all d, 5 together 1 H).

A solution of ((3E)-1,1-Dimethyl-4-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-((N-methyl-N-(methylsuflonyl)amino)methyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)but-3-enyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (251 mg, 0.36 mmol) in dichloromethane (3 ml) was cooled to 0 °C. Trifluoroacetic acid (3 ml) was added. The solution was stirred for 50 min at 0 °C. A saturated aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (15 ml) was added. Solid sodium hydrogen carbonate was added until pH 7. Water (70 ml) was added, until a clear solution was obtained. The phases were separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with dichloromethane (3 x 30 ml). The combined organic layers were dried two times over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica (120 g), using dichloromethane/methanol/25% aqueous ammonia as eluent, to give 159 mg of the title compound. The HPLC showed a 20% impurity, which is a

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCI<sub>3</sub>, selected values) d 1.14 (br, 6 H); 5.05 (br, 1 H); 5.66, 5.77, and 5.85 (all dd, together 1 H); 6.08, 6.13 and 6.40 (all dd, together 1 H).

25 MS 598.8 [M+1]\*;

599.0 [M+1]\*, isomeric impurity.

HPLC 31.22 min (A1);

32.75 min (A1, isomeric impurity);

33.18 min (B1);

34.88 min (B1, isomeric impurity).

For biological testing, the title compound was transferred into its acetate salt, by liophilization from 0.5 M acetic acid (50 ml).

Example 71

5

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-((2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)hex-2-enamide

N-Methyl-N-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-((2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)carbamic acid 15 tert-butyl ester

At 0 °C, N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (2.18 g, 11.4 mmol) was added to a solution of (2R)-2-(N-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid (3.0 g, 11.4 mmol) and 1-hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate (1.54 g, 11.4 mmol) in N,N-dimethylformamide (2

ml) and dichloromethane (4 ml). The reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at 0 

°C. 2,2,2-Trifluoroethylamine (0.91 ml, 11.4 mmol) and ethyldiisopropylamine (2.0 ml, 11.39 mmol) were added successively. The reaction mixture was stirred for 16 h, while it was warming up to room temperature. It was diluted with ethyl acetate 

5 (150 ml) and washed with 10% aqueous sodium hydrogen sulfate solution (200 ml). The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 30 ml). The combined organic layers were washed with saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate solution (150 ml) and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silcia (240 g), 

10 using ethyl acetate/heptane 1:2 as eluent, to give 3.52 g of N-methyl-N-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-((2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): d 1.30 and 1.42 (both br, together 9 H); 2.76 (s, 3 H); 3.04 (m, 1 H); 3.35 and 3.48 (both m, together 1 H); 3.65 and 3.85 (both m, together 1 H); 4.13 (m, 1 H); 4.74 and 4.92 (both br, together 1 H); 5.25 and 6.75 (both br, together 1 H); 7.10 - 7.40 (m, 5 H).

MS: 361.0 [M+1]\*; 261.0 [M+1-BOC]\*.

20

(2R)-2-Methylamino-3-phenyl-N-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)propionamide

25 N-Methyl-N-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-((2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (3.45 g, 9.57 mmol) was dissolved in dichloromethane (8 ml). The solution was cooled to 0 °C. Trifluoroacetic acid (8 ml) was added. The reaction

mixture was stirred for 45 min at 0 °C. A saturated aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (40 ml) was added. Solid sodium hydrogen carbonate was added until pH 7. Water (100 ml) was added, until a clear solution was obtained. The phases were separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with

- 5 dichloromethane (3 x 30 ml). The combined organic layers were dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica (180 g), using dichloromethane/methanol/25% aqueous ammonia as eluent to give 1.13 g of (2R)-2-methylamino-3-phenyl-N-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)propionamide.
  - <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>): d 2.27 (s, 3 H); 2.73 (dd, 1 H); 3.15 3.35 (m, 2 H); 3.95 (m, 2 H); 7.15 7.40 (m, 5 H); 7.70 (br, 1 H).
- 15 N-Methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-((2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester

20

A solution of (2R)-2-(N-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionic acid (1.35 g, 4.1 mmol) and 1-hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (0.56 g, 4.1 mmol) in N,N-dimethylformamide (5 ml) and dichloromethane (5 ml) was cooled to 0 °C. N-(3-Dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide

hydrochloride (0.79 g, 4.1 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at 0 °C. A solution of (2R)-2-methylamino-3-phenyl-N-(2,2,2trifluoroethyl)propionamide (1.07 g, 4.1 mmol) in dichloromethane (5 ml) was added. Ethyldiisopropylamine (0.71 ml) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 16 h, while it was warming up to room temperature. It was diluted with ethyl acetate (100 ml) and washed with 10% aqueous sodium hydrogen sulfate solution (100 ml). The aqueous phase was extracted with with ethyl acetate (2 x 50 ml). The combined organic layers were washed with saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate solution (100 ml) and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica (170 g), using ethyl acetate/heptane 1:2 (300 ml), and then ethyl acetate/heptane/dichloromethane 1:1:1 as eluent to give 1.14 g of N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-((2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester.

15 <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, selected values): d 1.09 and 1.31 (both s, together 9 H); 5.00 - 5.50 (m, together 2 H); 7.00 - 7.80 (m, 12 H).

(2R)-2-Methylamino-N-methyl-3-(2-naphthyl)-N-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-((2,2,2-20 trifluoroethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)propionamide

N-Methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-((2,2,2-

25 trifluoroethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamic acid tert-

butyl ester (1.12 g, 1.97 mmol) was dissolved in dichloromethane (6 ml). The solution was cooled to 0 °C. Trifluoroacetic acid (6 ml) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 45 min at 0 °C. A saturated solution of aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate (30 ml) was added. Solid sodium hydrogen carbonate was added until pH 7. Water (100 ml) was added until a clear solution was obtained. The phases were separated. The aqueous solution was extracted with dichloromethane (2 x 50 ml). The combined organic layers were dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica (90 g), using dichloromethane/methanol/25% aqueous ammonia 100:10:1 as eluent, to give

dichloromethane/methanol/25% aqueous ammonia 100:10:1 as eluent, to give 946 mg of (2R)-2-methylamino-N-methyl-3-(2-naphthyl)-N-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-((2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)propionamide.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, selected values): d 1.77, 2.36, 2.65, and 2.91 (all s, together 6 <sub>15</sub> H); 4.56 and 5.55 (both dd, together 1 H); 6.85 - 7.90 (m, together 12 H).

((3E)-4-(N-Methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-((2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-1,1-20 dimethylbut-3-enyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester

(2E)-5-(tert-Butoxycarbonylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid (168 mg, 0.69 mmol)
and 1-hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (94 mg, 0.69 mmol) were dissolved in N,Ndimethylformamide (3 ml) and dichloromethane (3 ml). The solution was cooled to

0 °C. N-(3-Dimethylaminopropyl)-N´-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (132 mg, 0.69 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at 0 °C. A solution of (2R)-2-methylamino-N-methyl-3-(2-naphthyl)-N-((1R)-2-phenyl-1- ((2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)propionamide (327 mg, 0.69 mmol) in
5 dichloromethane (3 ml) was added. Ethyldiisopropylamine (0.12 ml, 0.69 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 16 h, while it was warming up to room temperature. It was diluted with ethyl acetate (50 ml) and washed with 10% aqueous sodium hydrogen sulfate solution (50 ml). The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (2 x 20 ml). The combined organic layers were
10 washed with saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate solution (100 ml) and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica (160 g), using ethyl acetate/heptane 1:1 as eluent to give 447 mg of ((3E)-4-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-((2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-15 naphthyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-1,1-dimethylbut-3-enyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, selected values): d 1.20, 1.23, 1.28, and 1.29 (all s, together 15 H); 2.55, 2.76, 2.95, and 3.02 (all s, together 6 H); 7.00 - 7.85 (m, 12 H).

((3E)-4-(N-Methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-((2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-1,1-dimethylbut-3-enyl)carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (407 mg, 0.58 mmol) was dissolved in dichloromethane (4 ml). The solution was cooled to 0 °C.

25 Trifluoroacetic acid (4 ml) was added. The reaciton mixture was stirred for 45 min at 0 °C. A saturated aqueous solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate (5 ml) was added. Solid sodium hydrogen carbonate was added until pH 7. Water (100 ml) was added, until a clear solution was obtained. The phases were separated. The aqueous phase was extracted with dichloromethane (2 x 20 ml). The combined organic layers were dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was purified on silica (90 g) using dichloromethane/methanol/25% aqueous ammonia as eluent, to give 251 mg of

the title comopund.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, selected values): d 1.00 and 1.13 (both s, together 6 H); 2.57, 2.77, 2.98, and 3.06 (all s, together 6 H); 5.30 (m, 1 H); 5.60 and 5.87 (both dd, together 1 H); 6.04 and 6.05 (both d, together 1 H)6.86 (m, 1 H).

MS: 597.0 [M+1]\*

HPLC:

35.55 min (A1)

10 37.87 min (B1).

For biological testing, the title compound was transferred into its acetate salt by liophilization from 0.5 M acetic acid (50 ml).

# 15 Example 72

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid

 $\label{eq:n-(1R)-1-(N-(1R)-1-(cyclopropylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide$ 

20

This compound was prepared analogously to example 1 using cyclopropylamine instead of methylamine.

25 <sup>1</sup>H-NMR: (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks for major rotamer) d 0.43 (m, 4H); 1.08 (s, 6H); 2.99 (s, 3H); 5.15 (dd, 1H); 5.57 (dd, 1H); 6.04 (d, 1H).

HPLC:  $r_t = 33.2 \, \text{min} \, (A1)$ 

PDMS: m/z 554 (M+H)+

Example 73

5

10 (2E)-4-(1-Aminocyclobutyl)but-2-enoic acid N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-2-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide

This compound was prepared analogously to example 1 using (3,415 diffuorophenyl)alanine instead of phenylalanine and (2E)-4-(1-(tertbutoxycarbonylamino)cyclobutyl)but-2-enoic acid (prepared as in R. Graf, Org
Synth. 46, 51 (1966) ) instead of (2E)-5-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-5-methylhex2-enoic acid.

20 ¹H-NMR: (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks for major rotamer) d 1.93 (s, 6H); 2.05 (s, 3H); 2.75 (s, 3H); 2.91 (s, 3H); 5.24 (dd, 1H); 5.92 (dd, 1H); 6.29 (d, 1H)

HPLC:  $r_t = 33.9 \, \text{min} \, (A1)$ 

PDMS: m/z 576 (M+H)\*

Example 74

(2E)-4-(1-Aminocyclobutyl)but-2-enoic acid N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-(cyclopropylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide

This compound was prepared analogously to example 1 using cycpropylamine instead of methylamine and and (2E)-4-(1-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)cyclobutyl)but-2-enoic acid (prepared as in R. Graf, Org Synth. 46, 51 (1966) ) instead of (2E)-5-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-5-methylhex-15 2-enoic acid.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR: (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks for major rotamer) d 0.45 (m, 4H); 2.49 (s, 3H); 2.95 (s, 3H); 5.18 (dd, 1H); 5.78 (dd, 3H); 6.33 (d, 1H)

HPLC: r, = 33.9 min (A1)

PDMS: m/z 567 (M+H)\*

25

## Example 75

(2E) 4-(1-Aminocyclobutyl)-but-2-enoic acid N-((1R)-2-(biphenyl-4-yl)-1-(N-methyl- N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide

This compound was prepared analogously to example 1 using biphenylalanine
instead of phenylalanine and and (2E)-4-(1-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)cyclobutyl)but-2-enoic acid (prepared as in R. Graf, Org
Synth. 46, 51 (1966)) instead of (2E)-5-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid

<sup>15</sup>

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR: (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (selected peaks for major rotamer) d 1.98 (m, 6H); 2.49 (s, 3H); 2.59 (d, 3H); 2.95 (s, 3H); 5.50 (dd, 1H); 5.78 (dd, 1H); 6.18 (d, 1H).

HPLC:  $r_t = 34.9 \text{ min } (A1)$ 

20

PDMS: m/z (M+H)+

LC-MS: 569.0 (m+1)\*

25

Example 76

3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(2naphthyl)ethyl)benzamide

5

The N-Methyl-PAL-Resin (75 mg, 0.045 mmol, load: 0.60) was washed with 5 % diisopropylethylamine in dichloromethane (2 x 2 mL), dichloromethane (3 x 2 mL) and dimethylformamide (3 x 2 mL) and then swelled in dimethylformamide (2 mL). Then 2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid (46 mg, 0.09 mmol) in dimethylformamide (1 mL), O-(7-azabenzotriazol-1-yl)-1,1,3,3-

- 15 tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate (34 mg, 0.09 mmol) in dimethylformamide (1 mL), 1-hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (15 mg, 0.09 mmol) in dimethylformamide (1 mL) and diisopropylethylamine (31 mL, 0.18 mmol) in dimethylformamide (1 mL) were added and the mixture was shaken overnight. The resin was filtered and washed with
- dimethylformamide (3 x 2 mL), dichloromethane (3 x 2 mL) and dimethylformamide (2 mL). Then 20 % piperidine in dimethylformamide (5 mL) was added and the mixture was shaken for 20 min, filtered and washed with dimethylformamide (3 x 2 mL), dichloromethane (3 x 2 mL) and dimethylformamide (2 mL). Then 2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-
- methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionic acid (41 mg, 0.09 mmol) in

dimethylformamide (1 mL), O-(7-azabenzotriazol-1-yl)-1,1,3,3-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate (34 mg, 0.09 mmol) in dimethylformamide (1 mL), 1-hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (15 mg, 0.09 mmol) in dimethylformamide (1 mL) and diisopropylethylamine (31 ml, 0.18

- s mmol) in dimethylformamide (1 mL) were added and the mixture was shaken overnight. The resin was filtered and washed with dimethylformamide (3 x 2 mL), dichloromethane (3 x 2 mL) and dimethylformamide (2 mL). Then 20 % piperidine in dimethylformamide (5 mL) was added and the mixture was shaken for 20 min, filtered and washed with dimethylformamide (3 x 2 mL), dichloromethane (3 x 2 mL) and dimethylformamide (2 mL). Then 3-(1-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)ethyl)-benzoic acid(22 mg, 0.09 mmol) in dimethylformamide (1 mL), O-(7-azabenzotriazol-1-yl)-1,1,3,3-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate (34 mg, 0.09 mmol) in dimethylformamide (1 mL), 1-hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole (15 mg, 0.09 mmol) in dimethylformamide (1 mL) and diisopropylethylamine (31 mL, 0.18 mmol) in dimethylformamide (1 mL) were added and the mixture was shaken overnight. The resin was filtered and washed with dimethylformamide (3 x 2 mL), dichloromethane (3 x 2 mL) and
- dimethylformamide (2 mL). The resin was cooled to 0 °C and 50 % trifluoroacetic acid in dichloromethane (4 mL) was added and the mixture was shaken for 10 min at 0 °C. The resin was filtered and washed with 50 % trifluoroacetic acid in dichloromethane (2 x 0.5 mL) and the combined filtrates were concentrated under a stream of nitrogen. The obtained product was dissolved in acetonitrile/water 1:20 (10 mL) and applied to a C-18 Sep-
- Pak Classic® cartridge (0.25 g, purchased from Waters™), which had been prewashed with acetonitrile (10 mL) and water (10 mL). Then water/trifluoroacetic acid 99.9:0.1 (5 mL), followed by water/acetonitrile/ trifluoroacetic acid 89.9:20:0.1 (4 mL) was run through the Sep-Pak® and the filtrate was discarded. Then the Sep-Pak® was washed with
- 30 water/acetonitrile/ trifluoroacetic acid 64.9:35:0.1 (4 mL) and the filtrate was diluted with water (11 mL) and lyophilized to 4 mg of the title product.

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 31.05 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = 33.00 \text{ min}$ 

5 LC-MS: 557.0 (m+1)\*

## Example 77

3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-10 2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)benzamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 76 with 3-(1-(tert-15 butoxycarbonylamino)methyl)-benzoic acid instead of 3-(1-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)ethyl)benzoic acid.

Yield: 5.0 mg

20 HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 30.32 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = 32.22 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: 542.8 (m+1)+

## Example 78

(2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 76 with (2-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)butoxy)- acetic acid instead of 3-(1-(tert-butoxy10 carbonylamino)ethyl)benzoic acid.

Yield: 10.4 mg

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 30.13 \text{ min}$ 

15 (B1) R, = 31.98 min

LC-MS: (m+1)\*

Example 79

20

(2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 76 with (2S)-2(((carboxy)methoxy)methyl)pyrro-lidin-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester
s instead of 3-(1-(tert-butoxy-carbonylamino)ethyl)benzoic acid.

Yield: 9.4 mg

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 30.07 \text{ min}$ 

(B1)  $R_t = 31.88 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: (m+1)+

## 15 Example 80

(2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 76 with (2-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-2-methylpropoxy)acetic acid instead of 3-(1-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)ethyl)benzoic acid.

Yield: 10.5 mg

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 29.77 \text{ min}$ 10 (B1)  $R_t = 31.62 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: (m+1)+

# 15 Example 81

3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)ethyl)-benzamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 76 with (2R)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-Nmethylamino)-propionic acid instead of 2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-

yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 3.2 mg

10 HPLC:(A1) R<sub>t</sub> = 30.62 min (B1) R<sub>s</sub> = 32.57 min

LC-MS: 563.0 (m+1)\*

15

Example 82

3-(1-Aminomethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-20 yl)ethyl)benzamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 77 with (2R)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-Nmethylamino)-propionic acid instead of 2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-

yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 2.0 mg

10 HPLC:(A1) R<sub>t</sub> = 29.82 min (B1) R<sub>t</sub> = 31.73 min

LC-MS: 549.0 (m+1)+

15

## Example 83

(2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-

20 yl)propionamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 78with (2R)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-propionic acid instead of 2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionic acid.

Yield: mg

10 HPLC:(A1) R<sub>t</sub> = min (B1) R<sub>t</sub> = min

LC-MS: (m+1)+

15

Example 84

(2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-20 yl)propionamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 79 with (2R)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-

5 methylamino)-propionic acid instead of 2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 7.6 mg

10 HPLC:(A1) R<sub>t</sub> = 29.42 min (B1) R<sub>t</sub> = 31.23 min

LC-MS: 557.0 (m+1)\*

### 15 Example 85

(2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)propionamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 80 with (2R)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-Nmethylamino)-propionic acid instead of 2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-

methylamino)-propionic acid instead of 2-(N-((9n-hudren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 5.8 mg

10 HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 29.22 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = 31.00 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: 544.8 (m+1)\*

15

Example 86

 $\label{eq:continuous} \begin{tabular}{ll} (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2- \end{tabular}$ 

20 (benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)ethyl)amide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 85 with (2E)-5-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid instead of (2-(tertbutoxycarbonylamino)-2-methylpropoxy)acetic acid.

Yield: 2.0 mg

HPLC:(A1) 
$$R_t$$
 = 29.62 min (B1)  $R_t$  = 31.50 min

LC-MS: 541.2 (m+1)+

#### 15 Example 87

3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(benzyloxy)ethyl)benzamide:

10

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 76 with (2R)-2- ((9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxy-carbamoyl)methylamino)- 3-benzyloxypropionic sacid instead of 2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3- (2-naphthyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 10.0 mg

10 HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 28.85 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = 30.67 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: (m+1)\*

15

Example 88

3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(benzyloxy)ethyl)benzamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 77 with (2R)-2- ((9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxy-carbamoyl)methylamino)- 3-benzyloxypropionic said instead of 2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3- (2-naphthyl)propionic said.

Yield: 8.4 mg

10 HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 30.45 \text{ min}$  (B1)  $R_t = 30.43 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: 522.8 (m+1)\*

15

#### Example 89

 $\label{eq:continuous} \end{cal} \begin{tabular}{ll} (2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(benzyloxy)propionamide: \end{tabular}$ 

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 78 with (2R)-2((9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxy-carbamoyl)methylamino)- 3-benzyloxypropionic

5 acid instead of 2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3(2-naphthyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 9.8 mg

10 HPLC:(A1) R<sub>t</sub> = min (B1) R<sub>t</sub> = min

LC-MS: 519.0 (m+1)+

15

Example 90

(2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(benzyloxy)propionamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 79 with (2R)-2((9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxy-carbamoyl)methylamino)- 3-benzyloxypropionic

5 acid instead of 2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3(2-naphthyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 11.1 mg

10 HPLC:(A1) 
$$R_t = 27.77 \text{ min}$$
  
(B1)  $R_t = 29.40 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: (m+1)\*

15

Example 91

 $\label{lem:condition} \ensuremath{(2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(benzyloxy)propionamide: \ensuremath{(1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(benzyloxy)propionamide: \ensuremath{(1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(methylcarbamoyl)-3-(methylc$ 

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 80 with (2R)-2- ((9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxy-carbamoyl)methylamino)- 3-benzyloxypropionic acid instead of 2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3- (2-naphthyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 11.9 mg

10 HPLC:(A1) R<sub>t</sub> = 28.50 min (B1) R<sub>t</sub> = 29.23 min

LC-MS: 519.0 (m+1)\*

### 15 Example 92

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(benzyloxy)ethyl)amide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 91 with (2E)-5-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid instead of (2-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-2-methylpropoxy)acetic acid.

Yield: 1.5 mg

HPLC:(A1) 
$$R_t = 28.03 \text{ min}$$
  
10 (B1)  $R_t = 29.77 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: (m+1)\*

# 15 Example 93

3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl)benzamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 76 with (2R)-3-(biphenyi-4-yl)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-

5 methylamino)propionic acid instead of 2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 2.0 mg

10 HPLC:(A1) 
$$R_t = 34.58 \text{ min}$$
  
(B1)  $R_t = 36.67 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: (m+1)\*

# 15 Example 94

3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl)benzamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 77 with (2R)-3-(biphenyl-4-yl)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-

5 methylamino)propionic acid instead of 2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 12.3 mg

10 HPLC:(A1) R<sub>t</sub> = 33.92 min (B1) R<sub>t</sub> = 35.97 min

LC-MS: (m+1)+

15 Example 95

(2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(biphenyl-4-yl)propionamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 78 with (2R)-3-(biphenyl-4-yl)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)propionic acid instead of 2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 13.5 mg

LC-MS: (m+1)+

15

Example 96

(2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(biphenyl-4-20 yl)propionamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 79 with (2R)-3-(biphenyl-4-yl)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-

5 methylamino)propionic acid instead of 2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 11.0 mg

10 HPLC:(A1) R<sub>t</sub> = 33.30 min (B1) R<sub>t</sub> = 35.24 min

LC-MS: (m+1)+

15 Example 97

(2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methyl-propoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(biphenyl-4-yl)propionamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 80 with (2R)-3-(biphenyl-4-yl)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-Nmethylamino)propionic acid instead of 2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-

yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 13.1 mg

10 HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 27.68 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = 30.22 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: (m+1)\*

15

Example 98

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(biphenyl-4-20 yl)ethyl)amide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 97 with (2E)-5-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid instead of (2-(tertbutoxycarbonylamino)-2-methylpropoxy)acetic acid.

Yield: 13.1 mg

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 28.48 \text{ min}$ 10 (B1)  $R_t = 30.03 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: (m+1)+

15

Example 99

20 3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)-ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2naphthyl)ethyl)benzamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 76 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-fluorophenyl)-5 propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 5.0 mg

10

HPLC:(A1) 
$$R_t$$
 = 32.00 min (B1)  $R_t$  = 33.98 min

LC-MS: 568.8 (m+1)+

15

### Example 100

3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-20 2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)benzamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 77 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-fluorophenyl)-5 propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 2.8 mg

10

LC-MS: 555.0 (m+1)\*

15

Example 101

(2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 78 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-fluorophenyl)-5 propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 10.1 mg

10

HPLC:(A1) 
$$R_t = 31.25 \text{ min}$$
  
(B1)  $R_t = 33.03 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: (m+1)\*

15

Example 102

(2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl)propion-20 amide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 79 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-fluorophenyl)-5 propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 12.0 mg

10

HPLC:(A1) 
$$R_t = 31.90 \text{ min}$$
  
(B1)  $R_t = 32.73 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: 563.0 (m+1)+

15

### Example 103

(2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 80 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-fluorophenyl)-5 propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 11.5 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t$  = 30.83 min (B1)  $R_t$  = 32.63 min

LC-MS: 551.0 (m+1)\*

15

Example 104

3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)-ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(benzo[b]thiophen-20 3-yl)ethyl)-benzamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 81 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-fluorophenyl)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 3.6 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 31.60 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = 33.57 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: 575.0 (m+1)+

15

Example 105

20 3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)ethyl)benz-amide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 82 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-fluorophenyl)-5 propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 3.3 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 30.82 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = 32.77 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: 561.0 (m+1)\*

15

Example 106

(2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-20 (methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3yl)propionamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 83 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-fluorophenyl)5 propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 10.5 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 30.62 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = 32.45 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: 557.0 (m+1)+

15

Example 107

(2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-(((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-20 yl)propionamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 84 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-fluorophenyl)5 propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-

5 propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 7.0 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 30.47 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = 32.30 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: 569.0 (m+1)+

15

# Example 108

(2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-20 ((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3yl)propionamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 85 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-fluorophenyl)-5 propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 7.5 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 30.33 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = 32.10 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: 557.0 (m+1)+

15

Example 109

3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyllophenyl)ethyllophenyl

20 (benzyloxy)ethyl)benzamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 87 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-fluorophenyl)-5 propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 4.6 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 31.07 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = 32.97 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: 549.0 (m+1)\*

15

### Example 110

20 3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)-ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(benzyloxy)ethyl)benzamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 88 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-fluorophenyl)-5 propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 5.2 mg

10

HPLC:(A1) 
$$R_t = 30.25 \text{ min}$$
  
(B1)  $R_t = 32.10 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: 535.2 (m+1)+

15

Example 111

(2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-3-(benzyloxy)propionamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 89 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-fluorophenyl)-5 propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 23.6 ma

10

HPLC:(A1) 
$$R_t = 29.32 \text{ min}$$
  
(B1)  $R_t = 30.97 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: (m+1)\*

15

#### Example 112

20 (2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-3-(benzyloxy)propionamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 90 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-fluorophenyl)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 26.0 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = min$ (B1)  $R_t = min$ 

LC-MS: 543.2 (m+1)+

15

### Example 113

20 (2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-3-(benzyloxy)propionamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 91 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-fluorophenyl)-5 propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 20.1 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 30.17 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = 30.77 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: 531.0 (m+1)+

15

### Example 114

3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-120 (methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(biphenyl-4yl)ethyl)benzamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 93 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-fluorophenyl)-5 propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 10.0 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 35.40 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = 37.58 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: 594.8 (m+1)\*

15

Example 115

3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl)benzamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 94 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-fluorophenyl)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 6.6 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 34.70 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = 36.08 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: 581.0 (m+1)+

15

### Example 116

(2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1- (methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-3-(biphenyl-4-yl)propionamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 95 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-fluorophenyl)-5 propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 23.3 mg

10

HPLC:(A1) 
$$R_t = 34.13 \text{ min}$$
  
(B1)  $R_t = 36.08 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: (m+1)\*

15

### Example 117

(2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-3-(biphenyl-4-20 yl)propionamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 96 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-fluorophenyl)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 20.5 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 27.65 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = 30.18 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: (m+1)+

15

# Example 118

(2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-3-(biphenyl-4yl)propionamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 97 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-fluorophenyl)-5 propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 12.2 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 34.32 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = 36.13 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: 577.0 (m+1)+

15

Example 119

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(biphenyl-4-20 yl)ethyl)amide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 98 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-fluorophenyl)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 5.1 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 27.68 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = 30.20 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: (m+1)\*

15

# Example 120

3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1 (methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)ethyl)benzamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 81 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thlenyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 4.6 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = min$ (B1)  $R_t = min$ 

LC-MS: 557.0 (m+1)+

15

Example 121

3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl) carbamoyl)-2-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)ethyl) benzamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 82 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thlenyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 3.1 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = min$ (B1)  $R_t = min$ 

LC-MS: 542.8 (m+1)+

15

Example 122

 $\label{eq:continuous} (2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)propionamide:$ 

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 83 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 1.2 mg

10

15

HPLC:(A1) R<sub>t</sub> = 30.48 min

(B1)  $R_t = min$ 

LC-MS: 539.2 (m+1)+

Example 123

(2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-20 yl)propion-amide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 84 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 2.9 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 30.47 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = \text{min}$ 

LC-MS: 550.8 (m+1)+

15

Example 124

 $\label{eq:continuous} \ensuremath{(2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-methylcarbamoyl)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-methylcarbamoyl)-3-(benzo[b]thio$ 

20 yl)propionamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 85 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 3.3 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 30.18 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = \text{min}$ 

LC-MS: 539.2 (m+1)\*

15

Example 125

20 (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(benzo[b]thiophen-3yl)ethyl)amide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 86 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 1.1 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 30.57 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = \text{min}$ 

LC-MS: 535.2 (m+1)\*

15

Example 126

3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(benzyloxy)ethyl)benzamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 87 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 15.9 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 30.87 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = 32.50 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: 531.2 (m+1)\*

15

Example 127

3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(benzyloxy)ethyl)benzamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 88 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 13.2 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 30.02 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = 31.65 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: 517,0 (m+1)+

15

## Example 128

(2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-20 (methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-3-(benzyloxy)propionamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 89 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 14.7 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 29.38 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = 30.85 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: 513.2 (m+1)+

15

Example 129

 $\label{eq:condition} (2R)-2-(N-(((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-3-(benzyloxy)propionamide:$ 

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 90 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 17.9 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 29.00 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = 30.45 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: 525.0 (m+1)+

15

Example 130

 $\label{eq:continuous} \begin{tabular}{ll} (2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-20 & ((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-3-(benzyloxy)propionamide: \end{tabular}$ 

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 91 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 16.5 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 29.15 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = 30.57 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: 513.2 (m+1)+

15

Example 131

3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(biphenyl-4-20 yl)ethyl)benzamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 93 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 7.5 mg

10

15

HPLC:(A1) 
$$R_t = 34.63 \text{ min}$$
  
(B1)  $R_t = \text{min}$ 

LC-MS: (m+1)+

Example 132

3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl)benzamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 94 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 9.5 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 35.25 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = 36.93 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: (m+1)+

15

Example 133

(2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-3-(biphenyl-4-yl)propionamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 95 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 13.3 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 34.30 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = 36.10 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: 559.0 (m+1)+

15

Example 134

(2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-3-(biphenyl-4-yl)propionamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 96 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 20.9 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 34.47 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = 36.17 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: 571.0 (m+1)\*

15

Example 135

 $\label{eq:continuous} (2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-3-(biphenyl-4-yl)propionamide:$ 

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 97 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)propionic acid.

Yield: 25.4 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 34.05 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = 35.78 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: 559.0 (m+1)+

15

Example 136

3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-methyl) ttp: 0.ttp: 0.ttp:

20 naphthyl)ethyl)benzamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 76 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)-propionic acid.

Yield: 8.3 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 31.32 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = 32.92 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: 580.8 (m+1)+

15

Example 137

3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)benzamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 77 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)-propionic acid.

Yield: 4.1 mg

10

HPLC:(A1) 
$$R_t = 30.62 \text{ min}$$
  
(B1)  $R_t = \text{min}$ 

LC-MS: 566.8 (m+1)\*

15

## Example 138

(2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-20 (methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 78 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)-propionic acid.

Yield: 18.0 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 30.78 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = 32.27 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: 563.2 (m+1)+

15

Example 139

(2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl)-20 propionamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 79 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)-propionic acid.

Yield: 24.0 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 30.85 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = 32.40 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: 574.8 (m+1)+

15

## Example 140

(2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 80 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)-propionic acid.

Yield: 15.6 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 30.37 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = 31.90 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: 563.2 (m+1)\*

15

Example 141

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(220 naphthyl)-ethyl)amide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 140 with (2E)-5-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid instead of (2-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-2-methylpropoxy)acetic acid.

Yield: 2.9 mg

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = min$ 

10 (B1) R<sub>t</sub> = min

LC-MS: 559.0 (m+1)+

Example 142

15

3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)ethyl)-benzamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 81 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)-propionic acid.

Yield: 3.4 mg

10

15

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 30.90 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = \text{min}$ 

LC-MS: 586.8 (m+1)\*

Example 143

3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)ethyl)-20 benzamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 82 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)-propionic acid.

Yield: 5.5 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 30.15 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = \text{min}$ 

LC-MS: 573.0 (m+1)+

15

# Example 144

(2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-20 (methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3yl)propionamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 83 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)-propionic acid.

Yield: 7.5 mg

10

HPLC:(A1) 
$$R_t = 30.18 \text{ min}$$
  
(B1)  $R_t = \text{min}$ 

LC-MS: 569.0 (m+1)+

15

### Example 145

 $\label{eq:continuity} $$(2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl))methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-$ 

20 (benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)propionamide;

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 84 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)-propionic acid.

Yield: 10.5 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 30.20 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = \text{min}$ 

LC-MS: 581.0 (m+1)+

15

## Example 146

(2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-20 ((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)propionamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 85 with (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)-propionic acid.

Yield: 9.9 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 29.87 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = \text{min}$ 

LC-MS: 569.0 (m+1)\*

15

Example 147

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-220 (benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)ethyl)amide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 86 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5 propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-Nmethylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)-propionic acid.

Yield: 4.0 mg

10

HPLC:(A1) R, = 30.42 min (B1)  $R_t = min$ 

LC-MS: (m+1)+

15

Example 148

3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-

20 (benzyloxy)ethyl)benzamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 87 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)-propionic acid.

Yield: 6.1 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 30.82 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = \text{min}$ 

LC-MS: 561.2 (m+1)\*

15

## Example 149

 $\begin{array}{lll} 3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-20 & 2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(benzyloxy)ethyl)benzamide: \end{array}$ 

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 88 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)-propionic acid.

Yield: 7.3 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 36.23 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = \text{min}$ 

LC-MS: 547.0 (m+1)\*

15

## Example 150

 $\label{eq:continuous} \begin{tabular}{ll} (2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-20 (methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-(benzyloxy)propionamide: \begin{tabular}{ll} (2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-20 (methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-(4-methylaminobutoxy)propionamide: \begin{tabular}{ll} (2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylaminobutoxy)propionamide: \begin{tabular}{ll} (2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylaminobutox$ 

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 89 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)-propionic acid.

Yield: 2.4 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = min$ (B1)  $R_t = min$ 

LC-MS: (m+1)+

15

#### Example 151

(2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-20 N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-(benzyloxy)propionamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 90 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)-propionic acid.

Yield: 19.0 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 28.65 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = 30.02 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: 555.0 (m+1)\*

15

## Example 152

(2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-20 ((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-(benzyloxy)propionamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 91 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)-propionic acid.

Yield: 20.5 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 28.80 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = 30.17 \text{ min}$ 

LC-MS: 543.2 (m+1)+

15

## Example 153

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-20 ((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(benzyloxy)ethyl)amide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 92 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)-propionic acid.

Yield: 4.0 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = 28.37 \text{ min}$ (B1)  $R_t = \text{min}$ 

LC-MS: 539.2 (m+1)+

15

## Example 154

3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-120 (methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(biphen-4yl)ethyl)benzamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 93 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)-propionic acid.

Yield: 8.2 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = min$ (B1)  $R_t = min$ 

LC-MS: 607.0 (m+1)+

15

Example 155

3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl)benzamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 94 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)-propionic acid.

Yield: 7.2 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = min$ (B1)  $R_t = min$ 

LC-MS: 593.2 (m+1)\*

15

Example 156

(2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-(biphenyl-4-20 yl)propionamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 95 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5 propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)-propionic acid.

Yield: 6.0 mg

10

HPLC:(A1)  $R_t = min$ (B1)  $R_t = min$ 

LC-MS: 589.2 (m+1)\*

15

Example 157

(2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-(biphenyl-4-20 yl)propionamide:

The title compound was prepared analogously to example 96 with (2R)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxy-carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propionic acid instead of (2R)-2-(N-(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-Nmethylamino)-3-(2-thienyl)-propionic acid.

Yield: 10.0 mg

HPLC:(A1) R, = min

(B1) R, = min

LC-MS: 601.0 (m+1)\*

10

15

# General Procedure for Example 158-533

The following 376 compounds were prepared as single entities by parallel
synthesis on a solid support using an Fmoc strategy on an Advanced ChemTech
Model 384 HTS employing HATU/HOAt (O-(7-azabenzotriazol-1-yl)-1,1,3,3tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate/1-hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole)
mediated amidecoupling in dimethylformamide (DMF) according to a protocol

known for those skilled in the art.

The compounds were prepared sequentially according to the following equation

Resin—[Building block 1] ──►

Resin—[Building block 1]—[Building block 2]

Resin—[Building block 1]—[Building block 2]-[Building block 3]

Resin—[Building block 1]—[Building block 2]-[Building block 3]-[Building block 4]

and were simultaneously deprotected and cleaved from the resin with 50% trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) in dichloromethane (DCM) to give the desired compounds as individual entities according to the following formula

10 [Building block 4]-[Building block 3]-[Building block 2]-[Building block 1].

The starting resins were all prepared separately by reductive amination of [Building block 1] and a 5-(4-formyl-3,5-dimethoxyphenoxy)valerate resin as described in Example 44 for N-Me-PAL.

The substitution capacities of the resins were 0.5 - 0.7 mmol/g determined by UV monitoring of the deprotection of the Fmoc protection group.

All 376 compounds are based on a scaffold and four varying groups according to the following formula, which is included in general formula I:

10

The 376 compounds were prepared as three separate libraries based on total combination of four selected building blocks (see example 158-253, example 254-353 and example 354-533) and prepared analogously to the procedure described in Example 158.

The following resins, here depicted as Resin-[Building block 1] were used:

# Resins

5 Name: N-Me-PAL (described in Example 44)

Name: N-Phenethyl-PAL (prepared analogously to N-Me-PAL)

10

Name: N-(4-Pyridyl)ethyl-PAL (prepared analogously to N-Me-PAL)

15

Name: N-((S)-2-Hydroxypropyl)-PAL (prepared analogously to N-Me-PAL)

Name: N-(2,2-Dimethyl-3-hydroxypropyl)-PAL (prepared analogously to N-Me- PAL)

Name: N-((1-Methylpyrrolidin-2-yl)ethyl)-PAL (prepared analogously to N-Me-  $\mbox{10}\ \mbox{PAL})$ 

15 The following building blocks were used:

# Building block 1

Name: Methylamine

Name: Phenethylamine

LO

Name: 2-(4-pyridyl)ethylamine

15 Name: (S)-2-Hydroxypropylamine

Name: 2,2-Dimethyl-3-hydroxypropylamine

Name: 2-(1-Methylpyrrolidine-2-yl)ethylamine

# Building block 2

Name: (2R)-2-[N-(9H-Fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino]-3-(3,4-difluorophenyl)propionic acid

10 Abbreviation: Fmoc-N-Me-D-Phe(3,4-F,F)-OH

Name: (2R)-2-(N-(((9H-Flouren-9-yl)methoxy)carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-

15 phenylpropionic acid

Abbreviation: Fmoc-N-Me-D-Phe-OH

Name: (2R)-2-(N-(9H-Fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-20 thienyl)propionic acid

Abbreviation: Fmoc-N-Me-D-ThiAla-OH

5 Name: (2R)-2-[N-(9H-Fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino]-3-(4-fluorophenyl)propionic acid

Abbreviation: Fmoc-N-Me-D-Phe(4-F)-OH

10

# Building block 3

Name: (2R)-2-(N-(((9H-Flouren-9-yl)methoxy)carbonyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-

15 naphtyl)propionic acid

Abbreviation: Fmoc-N-Me-D-2-Nal-OH

Name: (2R)-3-(Biphenyl-4-yl)-2-(N-((9H-fluoren-9-yl)methoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)propionic acid

Abbreviation: Fmoc-N-Me-D-Phe(4-Phe)-OH

5

# 10 Building block 4

Name: 3-(1-(tert-Butyloxycarbonylamino)ethyl)benzoic acid

Abbreviation: Boc-AEB-OH

15

Name: 3-(t-Butyloxycarbonylaminomethyl)benzoic acid

Abbreviation: Boc-AMB-OH

Name: (2E)-5-tert-Butoxycarbonylamino-3,5-dimethylhex-2-enoic acid

Abbreviation: Boc-ADH-OH

5

10 Name: (2E)-5-(N-(tert-Butoxycarbonyl)-N-methylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid. Abbreviation: Boc-MAMH-OH

15 Name: (2S)-2-(((Carboxy)methoxy)methyl)pyrrolidin-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester

Abbreviation: Boc-SPMA-OH

20

Name: (2R)-2-(((Carboxy)methoxy)methyl)pyrrolidin-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl

ester

Abbreviation: Boc-RPMA-OH

Name: (2E) 5-tert-Butoxycarbonylamino-5-ethylhept-2-enoic acid

Abbreviation: Boc-AEHA-OH

Name: (2E)-4-(1-(tert-Butoxycarbonylamino)cyclobutyl)but-2-enoic acid

15 Abbreviation: Boc-ACBB-OH

20 Name: (2E)-5-(tert-Butyloxycarbonylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid Abbreviation: Boc-AMH-OH

#### Example 158

The N-Me-PAL resin ([building block 1] attached to resin) (0.05 mmol) with a substitution capacity of 0.6 mmol/g was repeatedly (4 times) swelled in dichloromethane and dimethylformamide for 2 min and filtered.

1.0 Coupling: DIEA (0.025 mmol) in DCM (0.034 ml), HATU (0.0125 mmol) in DMF (0.5 ml), a solution of HOAt (0.0125 mmol) and Fmoc-N-Me-D-Phe(4-F)-OH [building block 2] (0.0125 mmol) in DMF (0.5 ml) and DMF (0.5 ml) were added. The mixture was allowed to shake for 16 hours. The resin was repeatedly (5 times) swelled in dimethylformamide for 90 sec and filtered.

1.5 Coupling: DIEA (0.00625 mmol) in DCM (0.0085 ml), HATU (0.003125 mmol) in DMF (0.125 ml), a solution of HOAt (0.003125 mmol) and Fmoc-N-Me-D-Phe(4-F)-OH [building block 2] (0.003125 mmol) in DMF (1.25 ml) were added. The mixture was allowed to shake for 4 hours. The resin was repeatedly (5 times) swelled in dimethylformamide for 90 sec and filtered.

<u>Deprotection:</u> A solution of 20% piperidine in DMF (1.5 ml) was added and the mixture was shaken for 20 min. The resin was repeatedly (7 times) swelled in dimethylformamide for 90 sec and filtered.

2.0 Coupling: DIEA (0.025 mmol) in DCM (0.034 ml), HATU (0.0125 mmol) in DMF (0.5 ml), a solution of HOAt (0.0125 mmol) and Fmoc-N-Me-D-2-Nal-OH [building block 3] (0.0125 mmol) in DMF (0.5 ml) and DMF (0.5 ml) were added. The mixture was allowed to shake for 16 hours. The resin was repeatedly (5 times) swelled in dimethylformamide for 90 sec and filtered.

2.5 Coupling: DIEA (0.00625 mmol) in DCM (0.0085 ml), HATU (0.003125 mmol) in DMF (0.125 ml), a solution of HOAt (0.003125 mmol) Fmoc-N-Me-D-2-Nal-OH [building block 3] (0.003125 mmol) in DMF (1.25 ml) were added. The mixture

was allowed to shake for 4 hours. The resin was repeatedly (5 times) swelled in dimethylformamide for 90 sec and filtered.

<u>Deprotection:</u> A solution of 20% piperidine in DMF (1.5 ml) was added and the mixture was shaken for 20 min. The resin was repeatedly (7 times) swelled in
 dimethylformamide for 90 sec and filtered.

- 3.0 Coupling: DIEA (0.025 mmol) in DCM (0.034 ml), HATU (0.0125 mmol) in DMF (0.5 ml), a solution of HOAt (0.0125 mmol) and Boc-AMH-OH [building block
- 4] (0.0125 mmol) in DMF (0.5 ml) and DMF (0.5 ml) were added. The mixture was allowed to shake for 16 hours. The resin was repeatedly (5 times) swelled in dimethylformamide for 90 sec and filtered.
  - 3.5 Coupling: DIEA (0.00625 mmol) in DCM (0.0085 ml), HATU (0.003125 mmol) in DMF (0.125 ml), a solution of HOAt (0.003125 mmol Boc-AMH-OH [building
- 15 block 4] (0.003125 mmol) in DMF (1.25 ml) were added. The mixture was allowed to shake for 4 hours. The resin was repeatedly (5 times) swelled in dimethylformamide for 90 sec and filtered.

The resin was repeatedly (3 times) swelled in dichloromethane for 90 sec and filtered.

20

The compound was cleaved off the resin and deprotected by shaking for 10 min at -5 °C with a 50% solution of trifluoroacetic acid in dichloromethane (1.5 ml).

25 Ethanol (1.5 ml) was added and the mixture was filtered and concentrated in vacuo to give the desired compound.

The final product obtained was characterized by analytical RP-HPLC (retention time) and by LC-MS (molecular mass).

30

The RP-HPLC analysis was performed on a Waters HPLC system consisting of

Waters™ 600S Controller, Waters™ 996 Photodiode Array Detector, Waters™ 717

Autosampler, Waters™ 616 Pump, Waters™ 3 mm x 150 mm 3.5m C-18

Symmetry and Millennium QuickSet Control Ver. 2.15 using UV detection at 214

nm. A gradient of 5% to 90% acetonitrile/0.1 % trifluoroacetic acid/ water during

15 min at 1 ml/min.

The LC-MS analysis was performed on a PE Sciex API 100 LC/MS System using a Waters™ 3 mm x 150 mm 3.5m C-18 Symmetry column and positive ionspray with a flow rate at 20 ml/min.

15 EXAMPLES 159-253

The following 95 compounds were synthesized in parallel as individual entities analogously to example 158 on an Advanced ChemTech Model 384 HTS using the following ChemFile to control the operation of the synthesizer (Advanced ChemTech Operator's Manual, version 1.2 July 1996, pp. 4-13):

ChemFile C:\ACT\CHEMFILE\2PETER.CHM Page 1

25

- 1 Flush Arm1 with DMF and NMP, Arm2 with DCM and DMF4
- 2 Empty RB1\_1to96 for 3.000 minute(s)

- 30 4 Dispense System Fluid Dualarms\_1+4\* 1000µl to RB1\_1to96[1-96]
  - 5 Mix "RB1\_1to96" for 2.00 minutes at 700 rpm(s)

- 6 Wait for 28.000 minute(s)
- 7 Empty RB1\_1to96 for 3.000 minute(s)

- 9 REM Syntesestart her. Aminosyre 1
- 5 10 Dispense Sequence C:\ACT\displist\A1.DSP with 500μl to RB1\_1to96 rack using DMF
  - 11 Dispense Sequence C:VACT\displist\A2.DSP with  $500\mu I$  to RB1\_1to96 rack using DMF
  - 12 Mix "RB1\_1to96" for 1.00 minutes at 600 rpm(s)
- 10 13 Transfer 500 µI from REAGENT\_3[1] (HATU) to RB1\_1to96 [1-96] using DMF
  - 14 Transfer 68µl from Monomer1to36 [10] (DIEA) to RB1\_1to96 [1-96] using DMF
    - 15 Dispense System Fluid Dualarms\_1+4\* 500µl to RB1\_1to96 [1-96]
    - 16 Mix "RB1\_1to96" for 5.00 minutes at 750 rpm(s)
- 15 17 Wait for 25.000 minute(s)
  - 18 Repeat from step 16, 31 times
  - 19 Pause
  - 20 Empty RB1 1to96 for 3.000 minute(s)
  - 21 Goto ChemFile WASH\_DMF.CHM, line 1
- 20 22
  - 23 REM Anden kobling 1ste AA
  - 24 Dispense Sequence C:\ACT\displist\A1.DSP with 125 $\mu$ l to RB1\_1to96 rack using DMF
  - 25 Dispense Sequence C:\ACT\displist\A2.DSP with 125μl to RB1\_1to96 rack
- 25 using DMF
  - 26 Mix "RB1\_1to96" for 1.00 minutes at 600 rpm(s)
  - 27 Transfer 125μ1 from REAGENT\_3[1] (HATU) to RB1\_1to96 [1-96] using DMF
  - 28 Transfer  $20\mu I$  from Monomer1to36 [10] (DIEA) to RB1\_1to96 [1-96] using DMF
- 30 29 Dispense System Fluid Dualarms\_1+4\* 1250µl to RB1\_1to96 [1-96]
  - 30 Mix "RB1\_1to96" for 5.00 minutes at 750 rpm(s)

- 31 Wait for 25.000 minute(s)
- 32 Repeat from step 30, 9 times
- 33 Empty RB1 1to96 for 3.000 minute(s)
- 34 Pause
- 5 35 Goto ChemFile COUPLING, CHM, line 1
  - 36 Pause

- 38 Goto ChemFile WASH DMF.CHM, line 1
- 39 Goto ChemFile DEPROTEC.CHM, line 1
- 10 40 Goto ChemFile WASH DMF.CHM, line 1

- 42 REM Her starter anden aminosyre-kobling
- 43 Dispense Sequence C:\ACT\displist\B1.DSP with  $500\mu I$  to RB1\_1to96 rack using DMF
- 15 44 Dispense Sequence C:\ACT\displist\B2.DSP with 500\(\mu\)I to RB1\_1to96 rack using DMF
  - 45 Mix "RB1\_1to96" for 1.00 minutes at 600 rpm(s)
  - 46 Transfer  $500\mu I$  from REAGENT\_3[1] (HATU) to RB1\_1to96 [1-96] using DMF
  - 47 Transfer  $68\mu I$  from Monomer1to36 [10] (DIEA) to RB1\_1to96 [1-96] using
- 20 DMF
  - 48 Dispense System Fluid Dualarms\_1+4\* 500µl to RB1\_1to96 [1-96]
  - 49 Mix "RB1\_1to96" for 5.00 minutes at 750 rpm(s)
  - 50 Wait for 25.000 minute(s)
  - 51 Repeat from step 49, 31 times
- 25 52
  - 53 Empty RB1 1to96 for 3.000 minute(s)
  - 54 Goto ChemFile WASH\_DMF.CHM, line 1
  - 55
  - 56 REM Anden AA. Anden kobling
- 30 57 Dispense Sequence C:\ACT\displist\B1.DSP with 125μl to RB1\_1to96 rack using DMF

- 58 Dispense Sequence C:\ACT\displist\B2.DSP with 125µl to RB1\_1to96 rack using DMF
- 59 Mix "RB1 1to96" for 1.00 minutes at 600 rpm(s)
- 60 Transfer 125µl from REAGENT\_3[1] (HATU) to RB1\_1to96 [1-96] using DMF
- 5 61 Transfer 20μl from Monomer1to36 [10] (DIEA) to RB1\_1to96 [1-96] using DMF
  - 62 Dispense System Fluid Dualarms 1+4\* 1250ul to RB1 1to96 [1-96]
  - 63 Mix "RB1 1to96" for 5.00 minutes at 750 rpm(s)
  - 64 Wait for 25,000 minute(s)
- 10 65 Repeat from step 63, 9 times
  - 66 Empty RB1 1to96 for 3.000 minute(s)
  - 67 Goto ChemFile WASH\_DMF.CHM, line 1
  - 68 Goto ChemFile DEPROTEC.CHM, line 1
  - 69 Goto ChemFile WASH\_DMF.CHM, line 1
- 15 70
  - 71 Pause
  - 72
  - 73 REM N-terminalkobling starter her
  - 74 Dispense Sequence C:\ACT\displist\N1N2N3N4.DSP with 500µl to RB1\_1to96
- 20 rack using DMF
  - 75 Mix "RB1\_1to96" for 1.00 minutes at 600 rpm(s)
  - 76 Transfer 500µl from REAGENT\_3[1] (HATU) to RB1\_1to96 [1-96] using DMF
  - 77 Transfer 68µl from Monomer1to36 [10] (DIEA) to RB1\_1to96 [1-96] using DMF
  - 78 Dispense System Fluid Dualarms 1+4\* 500นl to RB1 1to96 [1-96]
- 25 79 Mix "RB1 1to96" for 5.00 minutes at 750 rpm(s)
  - 80 Wait for 25.000 minute(s)
  - 81 Repeat from step 79, 20 times
  - 82 Empty RB1 1to96 for 3.000 minute(s)
  - 83 Goto ChemFile WASH DMF.CHM, line 1
- 30 84
  - 85 REM N-terminal, Anden kobling

- 86 Dispense Sequence C:VACT\displist\N1N2N3N4.DSP with 125\pml to RB1\_1to96 rack using DMF
- 87 Mix "RB1 1to96" for 1.00 minutes at 600 rpm(s)
- 88 Transfer 125µI from REAGENT\_3[1] (HATU) to RB1\_1to96 [1-96] using DMF
- 5 89 Transfer 20µl from Monomer1to36 [10] (DIEA) to RB1\_1to96 [1-96] using DMF
  - 90 Dispense System Fluid Dualarms\_1+4\* 1250µl to RB1\_1to96 [1-96]
  - 91 Mix "RB1\_1to96" for 5.00 minutes at 750 rpm(s)
  - 92 Wait for 25.000 minute(s)
  - 93 Repeat from step 91, 9 times
- 10 94 Empty RB1 1to96 for 3.000 minute(s)
  - 95 Goto ChemFile WASH DMF.CHM, line 1
    - 96 Goto ChemFile DEPROTEC.CHM, line 1
    - 97 Goto ChemFile WASH\_DMF.CHM, line 1
    - 98

20 The building blocks were selected from the following groups:

[Building block 1]: N-Me-PAL, N-Phenethyl-PAL, N-(4-Pyridyl)ethyl-PAL, N-((S)-2-Hydroxypropyl)-PAL, N-(2,2-Dimethyl-3-hydroxypropyl)-PAL and N-((1-Methylpyrrolidin-2-yl)ethyl)-PAL.

25

[Building block 2]: Fmoc-N-Me-D-Phe(4-F)-OH and Fmoc-N-Me-D-Phe(3,4-F.F)-OH.

[Building block 3]: Fmoc-N-Me-D-Nal-OH and Fmoc-N-Me-D-Phe(4-Phe)-OH.

[Building block 4]: Boc-AMH-OH, Boc-ACBB-OH, Boc-SPMA-OH and Boc-AEB-OH.

See Table 1

5

#### **EXAMPLES 254-353**

The following 100 compounds were synthesized in parallel as individual entities analogously to example 158 on an Advanced ChemTech Model 384 HTS using the following ChemFiles to control the operation of the synthesizer (Advanced ChemTech Operator's Manual, version 1.2 July 1996, pp. 4-13):

15

ChemFile C:\ACT\CHEMFILE\3PETER.CHM Page 1

- 20 1 Flush Arm1 with DMF and NMP, Arm2 with DCM and DMF4
  - 2 Empty RB2 1to96 for 3.000 minute(s)

3

- 4 Dispense System Fluid Dualarms\_1+4\* I000μI to RB2\_1to96[1-96]
- 5 Mix "RB2 1to96" for 2.00 minutes at 700 rpm(s)
- 25 6 Wait for 28.000 minute(s)
  - 7 Empty RB2\_1to96 for 3.000 minute(s)

- 9 REM Syntesestart her. Aminosyre 1
- 10 Dispense Sequence C:\ACT\displist\A1.DSP with  $500\mu I$  to RB2\_1to96 rack
- 30 using DMF
  - 11 Dispense Sequence C:\ACT\displist\A2.DSP with 500\pul to RB2\_1to96 rack using DMF

- 12 Mix "RB2 1to96" for 1.00 minutes at 600 rpm(s)
- 13 Transfer 500ul from REAGENT 3[1] (HATU) to RB2 1to96 [1-96] using DMF
- 14 Transfer 68µl from Monomer1to36 [10] (DIEA) to RB2\_1to96 [1-96] using DMF
- 5 15 Dispense System Fluid Dualarms\_1+4\* 500µl to RB2\_1to96 [1-96]
  - 16 Mix "RB2 1to96" for 5.00 minutes at 750 rpm(s)
  - 17 Wait for 25.000 minute(s)
  - 18 Repeat from step 16, 31 times
  - 19 Pause
- 10 20 Empty RB2 1to96 for 3.000 minute(s)
  - 21 Goto ChemFile WASH\_DMF.CHM, line 1
  - 22
  - 23 REM Anden kobling 1ste AA
  - 24 Dispense Sequence C:\ACT\displist\A1.DSP with 125 $\mu$ l to RB2\_1to96 rack
- 15 using DMF
  - 25 Dispense Sequence C:\ACT\displist\A2.DSP with 125µl to RB2\_1to96 rack using DMF
  - 26 Mix "RB2\_1to96" for 1.00 minutes at 600 rpm(s)
  - 27 Transfer 125u1 from REAGENT 3[1] (HATU) to RB2 1to96 [1-96] using DMF
- 20 28 Transfer 20μl from Monomer1to36 [10] (DIEA) to RB2\_1to96 [1-96] using DMF
  - 29 Dispense System Fluid Dualarms\_1+4\* 1250μl to RB2\_1to96 [1-96]
  - 30 Mix "RB2\_1to96" for 5.00 minutes at 750 rpm(s)
  - 31 Wait for 25.000 minute(s)
- 25 32 Repeat from step 30, 7 times
  - 33 Empty RB2\_1to96 for 3.000 minute(s)
  - 34 Goto ChemFile WASH\_DMF.CHM, line 1
  - 35 Pause
  - 36
- 30 37 Goto ChemFile DEPROTEC.CHM, line 1
  - 38 Goto ChemFile WASH\_DMF.CHM, line 1

- 40 REM Her starter anden aminosyre-kobling
- 41 Dispense Sequence C:\ACT\displist\B1.DSP with 500\pul to RB2\_1to96 rack using DMF
- 5 42 Dispense Sequence C:\ACT\displist\B2.DSP with 500μl to RB2\_1to96 rack using DMF
  - 43 Mix "RB2 1to96" for 1.00 minutes at 600 rpm(s)
  - 44 Transfer 500µl from REAGENT\_3[1] (HATU) to RB2\_1to96 [1-96] using DMF
  - 45 Transfer 68µl from Monomer1to36 [10] (DIEA) to RB2\_1to96 [1-96] using
- 10 DMF
  - 46 Dispense System Fluid Dualarms 1+4\* 500 µl to RB2 1to96 [1-96]
  - 47 Mix "RB2\_1to96" for 5.00 minutes at 750 rpm(s)
  - 48 Wait for 25.000 minute(s)
  - 49 Repeat from step 47, 31 times
- 15 50
  - 51 Empty RB2 1to96 for 3.000 minute(s)
  - 52 Goto ChemFile WASH DMF.CHM. line 1
  - 53
  - 54 REM Anden AA. Anden kobling
- 20 55 Dispense Sequence C:VACT\displist\B1.DSP with 125µl to RB2\_1to96 rack using DMF
  - 56 Dispense Sequence C:\ACT\displist\B2.DSP with 125\pul to RB2\_1to96 rack using DMF
  - 57 Mix "RB2\_1to96" for 1.00 minutes at 600 rpm(s)
- 25 58 Transfer 125μl from REAGENT\_3[1] (HATU) to RB2\_1to96 [1-96] using DMF
  - 59~ Transfer  $20\mu I$  from Monomer1to36 [10] (DIEA) to RB2\_1to96 [1-96] using DMF
  - 60 Dispense System Fluid Dualarms\_1+4\* 1250µl to RB2\_1to96 [1-96]
  - 61 Mix "RB2\_1to96" for 5.00 minutes at 750 rpm(s)
- 30 62 Wait for 25.000 minute(s)
  - 63 Repeat from step 61, 7 times

- 64 Empty RB2 1to96 for 3.000 minute(s)
- 65 Goto ChemFile WASH DMF.CHM, line 1
- 66 Pause

- 5 68 Goto ChemFile DEPROTEC.CHM, line 1
  - 69 Goto ChemFile WASH DMF.CHM, line 1

70

71 Pause

72

- 10 73 REM N-terminalkobling starter her
  - 74 Dispense Sequence C:\ACT\displist\N\_56789.DSP with  $500\mu l$  to RB2\_1to96 rack using DMF
  - 75 Mix "RB2\_1to96" for 1.00 minutes at 600 rpm(s)
  - 76 Transfer  $500\mu\text{I}$  from REAGENT\_3[1] (HATU) to RB2\_1to96'[1-96] using DMF
- $_{\mbox{\scriptsize 15}}$  77 Transfer  $68\mu l$  from Monomer1to36 [10] (DIEA) to RB2\_1to96 [1-96] using DMF
  - 78 Dispense System Fluid Dualarms\_1+4\*  $500\mu l$  to RB2\_1to96 [1-96]
  - 79 Mix "RB2\_1to96" for 5.00 minutes at 750 rpm(s)
  - 80 Wait for 25.000 minute(s)
  - 81 Repeat from step 79, 20 times
- 20 82 Empty RB2 1to96 for 3.000 minute(s)
  - 83 Goto ChemFile WASH\_DMF.CHM, line 1

- 85 REM N-terminal. Anden kobling
- 86 Dispense Sequence C:\ACT\displist\N 56789.DSP with 125µl to RB2\_1to96
- 25 rack using DMF
  - 87 Mix "RB2\_1to96" for 1.00 minutes at 600 rpm(s)
  - 88 Transfer 125 $\mu$ l from REAGENT\_3[1] (HATU) to RB2\_1to96 [1-96] using DMF
  - 89 Transfer 20µl from Monomer1to36 [10] (DIEA) to RB2\_1to96 [1-96] using DMF
  - 90 Dispense System Fluid Dualarms\_1+4\* 1250µl to RB2\_1to96 [1-96]
- 30 91 Mix "RB2\_1to96" for 5.00 minutes at 750 rpm(s)
  - 92 Wait for 25.000 minute(s)

- 93 Repeat from step 91, 7 times
- 94 Empty RB2 1to96 for 3.000 minute(s)
- 95 Goto ChemFile WASH\_DMF.CHM, line 1
- 96 Goto ChemFile WASH DCM.CHM, line 1
- 5 97

The building blocks were selected from the following groups:

- 10 [Building block 1]: N-Phenethyl-PAL, N-(4-Pyridyl)ethyl-PAL, N-((S)- 2-Hydroxypropyl)-PAL, N-(2,2-Dimethyl-3-hydroxypropyl)-PAL and N-((1-Methylpyrrolidin-2-yl)ethyl)-PAL.
- 15 [Building block 2]: Fmoc-N-Me-D-Phe(4-F)-OH and Fmoc-N-Me-D-Phe(3,4-F,F)-OH.
  - [Building block 3]: Fmoc-N-Me-D-Nal-OH and Fmoc-N-Me-D-Phe(4-Phe)-OH.
- 20
- [Building block 4]: Boc-AMB-OH, Boc-ADH-OH, Boc-MAMH-OH, Boc-RPMA-OH and Boc-AEHA-OH.
- 25

See Table 2

#### **EXAMPLES 354-533**

The following 180 compounds were synthesized in parallel as individual entities analogously to example 158 on an Advanced ChemTech Model 384 HTS using

5 the following ChemFiles to control the operation of the synthesizer (Advanced ChemTech Operator's Manual, version 1.2 July 1996, pp. 4-13):

### ChemFile C:\ACT\CHEMFILE\4PETER.CHM Page 1

10

- 1 Flush Arm1 with DMF and THF, Arm2 with DCM and DMF4
- 2 Empty RB3 1to96 for 3.000 minute(s)
- 3 Empty RB4 1to96 for 3.000 minute(s)

15 4

- 5 Dispense System Fluid Dualarms 1+4\* I500µl to RB3 1to96[1-96]
- 6 Mix "RB3\_1to96" for 30 seconds at 300 rpm(s)
- 7 Dispense System Fluid Dualarms\_1+4\* I500µl to RB4\_1to96[1-96]
- 8 Mix "RB4\_1to96" for 30 seconds at 300 rpm(s)
- 20 9 Empty RB3\_1to96 for 3.000 minute(s)
  - 10 Empty RB4 1to96 for 3.000 minute(s)

11

12 REM !! SYNTESESTART HER !!

- 25 14 REM Aminosyre 1
  - 15 Dispense Sequence C:\ACT\displist\A3\_3.DSP with 500\mu to RB3\_1to96 rack using DMF
  - 16 Dispense Sequence C:\ACT\displist\A4\_3.DSP with  $500\mu l$  to RB3\_1to96 rack using DFM
- 30 17 Mix "RB3\_1to96" for 30 seconds at 300 rpm(s)
  - 18 Dispense Sequence C:\ACT\displist\A1A2\_4.DSP with 500 $\mu$ l to RB4\_1to96 rack using DMF

- 19 Dispense Sequence C:\ACT\displist\A3\_4.DSP with 500\pul to RB4\_1to96 rack using DMF
- 20 Dispense Sequence C:\ACT\displist\A4\_4.DSP with 500\pul to RB4\_1to96 rack using DMF
- 5 21 Mix "RB4 1to96" for 30 seconds at 300 rpm(s)
  - 22 Transfer 500µl from REAGENT\_3[1] (HATU) to RB3\_1to96 [1-96] using DMF
  - 23 Mix "RB3\_1to96" for 30 seconds at 300 rpm(s)
  - 24 Transfer 500µl from REAGENT\_3 [1] (HATU) to RB4\_1to96 [1-96] using DMF4
- 10 25 Mix "RB4 1to96" for 30 seconds at 300 rpm(s)
  - 26 Dispense System Fluid Dualarms\_1+4\* 500µl to RB3\_1to96 [1-96]
  - 27 Dispense System Fluid Dualarms\_1+4\* 500µl to RB4\_1to96 [1-96]
  - 28 Transfer  $68\mu I$  from Monomer1to36 [16] (DIEA) to RB3\_1to96 [1-96] using DMF
- 15 29 Mix "RB3\_1to96" for 1.00 minutes at 600 rpm(s)
  - 30~ Transfer  $68 \mu l$  from Monomer1to36 [16] (DIEA) to RB4\_1to96 [1-96] using DMF4
  - 31 Start mixing "RB3\_1to96" for 5.00 minutes at 600 rpm(s)
  - 32 Mix "RB4\_1to96" for 5.00 minutes at 600 rpm(s)
- 20 33 Wait for 25.000 minute(s)
  - 34 Repeat from step 31, 31 times
  - 35 Empty RB3\_1to96 for 3.000 minute(s)
  - 36 Empty RB4\_1to96 for 3.000 minute(s)
  - 37 Goto ChemFile WASH\_DMF.CHM, line 1
- 25 38
  - 39 REM Anden kobling 1ste AA
  - 40 Dispense Sequence C:\ACT\displist\A3\_3.DSP with 125\mu l to RB3\_1to96 rack using DMF
  - 41 Dispense Sequence C:\ACT\displist\A4\_3.DSP with 125 $\mu$ I to RB3\_1to96 rack
- 30 using DMF
  - 42 Mix "RB3\_1to96" for 30 seconds at 300 rpm(s)

- 43 Dispense Sequence C:VACT\displist\A1A2\_4.DSP with 125µl to RB4\_1to96 rack using DMF
- 44 Dispense Sequence C:\ACT\displist\A3\_4.DSP with 125\pul to RB4\_1to96 rack using DMF
- 5 45 Dispense Sequence C:\ACT\displist\A4\_4.DSP with 125μI to RB4\_1to96 rack using DMF
  - 46 Mix "RB4 1to96" for 30 seconds at 300 rpm(s)
  - 47 Transfer 125ul from REAGENT 3[1] (HATU) to RB3 1to96 [1-96] using DMF
  - 48 Mix "RB3 1to96" for 30 seconds at 300 rpm(s)
- 10 49 Transfer 125µl from REAGENT\_3[1] (HATU) to RB4\_1to96 [1-96] using DMF4
  - 50 Mix "RB4\_1to96" for 30 seconds at 300 rpm(s)
  - 51 Dispense System Fluid Dualarms\_1+4\* 1250µl to RB3\_1to96 [1-96]
  - 52 Dispense System Fluid Dualarms\_1+4\* 1250µl to RB4\_1to96 [1-96]
- 15 53 Transfer  $20\mu l$  from Monomer1to36 [16] (DIEA) to RB3\_1to96 [1-96] using DMF
  - 54 Mix "RB3\_1to96" for 1.00 minutes at 600 rpm(s)
  - 55~ Transfer  $20\mu l$  from Monomer1to36 [16] (DIEA) to RB4\_1to96 [1-96] using DMF4
- 20 56 Start mixing "RB3\_1to96" for 5.00 minutes at 600 rpm(s)
  - 57 Mix "RB4\_1to96" for 5.00 minutes at 600 rpm(s)
  - 58 Wait for 25.000 minute(s)
  - 59 Repeat from step 56, 7 times
  - 60 Empty RB3 1to96 for 3.000 minute(s)
- 25 61 Empty RB4\_1to96 for 3.000 minute(s)
  - 62
  - 63 Goto ChemFile WASH\_DMF.CHM, line 1
  - 64 Goto ChemFile DEPROTEC.CHM, line 1
  - 65 Goto ChemFile WASH\_DMF.CHM, line 1
- 30 66
  - 67 Pause

- 69 REM Start anden AA-kobling
- 70 Dispense Sequence C:\ACT\displist\B1\_3.DSP with 500\(\mu\)I to RB3\_1to96 rack using DMF
- 5 71 Dispense Sequence C:\ACT\displist\B2\_3.DSP with 500μl to RB3\_1to96 rack using DMF
  - 72 Mix "RB3 1to96" for 30 seconds at 300 rpm(s)
  - 73 Dispense Sequence C:\ACT\displist\B1\_4.DSP with 500\pul to RB4\_1to96 rack using DMF
- 10 74 Dispense Sequence C:\ACT\displist\B2\_4.DSP with 500µl to RB4\_1to96 rack using DMF
  - 75 Mix "RB4\_1to96" for 30 seconds at 300 rpm(s)
  - 76 Transfer 500µI from REAGENT\_3[1] (HATU) to RB3\_1to96 [1-96] using DMF
  - 77 Mix "RB3 1to96" for 30 seconds at 300 rpm(s)
- 15 78 Transfer 500µI from REAGENT\_3[1] (HATU) to RB4\_1to96 [1-96] using DMF4
  - 79 Mix "RB4\_1to96" for 30 seconds at 300 rpm(s)
  - 80 Dispense System Fluid Dualarms\_1+4\* 500µl to RB3\_1to96 [1-96]
  - 81 Dispense System Fluid Dualarms\_1+4\* 500µl to RB4\_1to96 [1-96]
- 20 82 Transfer 68µI from Monomer1to36 [16] (DIEA) to RB3\_1to96 [1-96] using DMF
  - 83 Mix "RB3\_1to96" for 1.00 minutes at 600 rpm(s)
  - 84 Transfer 68µl from Monomer1to36 [16] (DIEA) to RB4\_1to96 [1-96] using DMF4
- 25 85 Start mixing "RB3\_1to96" for 5.00 minutes at 600 rpm(s)
  - 86 Mix "RB4\_1to96" for 5.00 minutes at 600 rpm(s)
  - 87 Wait for 25.000 minute(s)
  - 88 Repeat from step 85, 31 times
  - 89 Empty RB3\_1to96 for 3.000 minute(s)
- 30 90 Empty RB4\_1to96 for 3.000 minute(s)
  - 91 Goto ChemFile WASH DMF.CHM, line 1

- 93 REM Anden kobling anden AA
- 94 Dispense Sequence C:\ACT\displist\B1\_3.DSP with 125 $\mu$ l to RB3\_1to96 rack using DMF
- 5 95 Dispense Sequence C:\ACT\displist\B2\_3.DSP with 125μI to RB3\_1to96 rack using DMF
  - 96 Mix "RB3 1to96" for 30 seconds at 300 rpm(s)
  - 97 Dispense Sequence C:\ACT\displist\B1\_4.DSP with 125 $\mu$ l to RB4\_1to96 rack using DMF
- 10 98 Dispense Sequence C:\ACT\displist\B2\_4.DSP with 125µl to RB4\_1to96 rack using DMF
  - 99 Mix "RB4 1to96" for 30 seconds at 300 rpm(s)
  - 100Transfer 125µl from REAGENT\_3[1] (HATU) to RB3\_1to96 [1-96] using DMF 101Mix "RB3 1to96" for 30 seconds at 300 rpm(s)
- 15 102Transfer 125µl from REAGENT\_3[1] (HATU) to RB4\_1to96 [1-96] using DMF4
  - 103Mix "RB4 1to96" for 30 seconds at 300 rpm(s)
  - 104Dispense System Fluid Dualarms\_1+4\* 1250µl to RB3\_1to96 [1-96]
  - 105 Dispense System Fluid Dualarms 1+4\* 1250ul to RB4 1to96 [1-96]
- 20 106Transfer 20μl from Monomer1to36 [16] (DIEA) to RB3\_1to96 [1-96] using DMF
  - 107 Mix "RB3\_1to96" for 1.00 minutes at 600 rpm(s)
  - 108Transfer  $20\mu l$  from Monomer1to36 [16] (DIEA) to RB4\_1to96 [1-96] using DMF
- 25 109 Start mixing "RB3\_1to96" for 5.00 minutes at 600 rpm(s)
  - 110 Mix "RB4\_1to96" for 5.00 minutes at 600 rpm(s)
  - 111Wait for 25.000 minute(s)
  - 112 Repeat from step 109, 7 times
  - 113Empty RB3\_1to96 for 3.000 minute(s)
- 30 114Empty RB4\_1to96 for 3.000 minute(s)

116 Goto ChemFile WASH\_DMF.CHM, line 1

117 Goto ChemFile DEPROTEC.CHM, line 1

118 Goto ChemFile WASH DMF.CHM, line 1

119

5 120 Pause

121

122 REM N-terminal kobling start

123 Dispense Sequence C:\ACT\displist\N\_3.DSP with  $500\mu l$  to RB3\_1to96 rack using DMF

10 124Mix "RB3 1to96" for 30 seconds at 300 rpm(s)

125 Dispense Sequence C:\ACT\displist\N\_4.DSP with 500µl to RB4\_1to96 rack using DMF

126Mix "RB4 1to96" for 30 seconds at 300 rpm(s)

127 Transfer 500µl from REAGENT\_3[1] (HATU) to RB3\_1to96-[1-96] using DMF

15 128Mix "RB3 1to96" for 30 seconds at 300 rpm(s)

129Transfer  $500\mu l$  from REAGENT\_3[1] (HATU) to RB4\_1to96 [1-96] using DMF4

130Mix "RB4\_1to96" for 30 seconds at 300 rpm(s)

131 Dispense System Fluid Dualarms\_1+4\* 500µl to RB3\_1to96 [1-96]

20 132Dispense System Fluid Dualarms\_1+4\* 500µl to RB4\_1to96 [1-96]

133Transfer 68µl from Monomer1to36 [16] (DIEA) to RB3\_1to96 [1-96] using DMF

134Mix "RB3\_1to96" for 1.00 minutes at 600 rpm(s)

135Transfer 68µI from Monomer1to36 [16] (DIEA) to RB4\_1to96 [1-96] using

25 DMF4

136 Start mixing "RB3\_1to96" for 5.00 minutes at 600 rpm(s)

137 Mix "RB4 1to 96" for 5.00 minutes at 600 rpm(s)

138Wait for 25.000 minute(s)

139 Repeat from step 136, 31 times

30 140 Empty RB3\_1to96 for 3.000 minute(s)

141 Empty RB4 1to96 for 3.000 minute(s)

```
142 Goto ChemFile WASH DMF.CHM, line 1
   143
   144 RFM
   145 Dispense Sequence C:\ACT\displist\N_3.DSP with 125µI to RB3 1to96 rack
5 using DMF
   146 Mix "RB3_1to96" for 30 seconds at 300 rpm(s)
   147 Dispense Sequence C:\ACT\displist\N_4.DSP with 125µl to RB4_1to96 rack
   using DMF
   148 Mix "RB4 1to 96" for 30 seconds at 300 rpm(s)
10 149 Transfer 125 µI from REAGENT_3[1] (HATU) to RB3_1to96 [1-96] using DMF
   150 Mix "RB3 1to 96" for 30 seconds at 300 rpm(s)
   151 Transfer 125ul from REAGENT_3[1] (HATU) to RB4_1to96 [1-96] using
   DMF4
   152 Mix "RB4 1to 96" for 30 seconds at 300 rpm(s)
15 153 Dispense System Fluid Dualarms 1+4* 1250 µl to RB3 1to96 [1-96]
   154 Dispense System Fluid Dualarms_1+4* 1250µl to RB4_1to96 [1-96]
   155 Transfer 20ul from Monomer 1 to 36 [16] (DIEA) to RB3 1 to 96 [1-96] using
   DMF
   156 Mix "RB3 1to 96" for 1.00 minutes at 600 rpm(s)
20 157Transfer 20ul from Monomer1to36 [16] (DIEA) to RB4 1to96 [1-96] using
   DMF4
   158 Start mixing "RB3 1to96" for 5.00 minutes at 600 rpm(s)
   159 Mix "RB4 1to 96" for 5.00 minutes at 600 rpm(s)
   160 Wait for 25,000 minute(s)
25 161 Repeat from step 158, 7 times
   162 Empty RB3 1to96 for 3.000 minute(s)
   163 Empty RB4 1to96 for 3,000 minute(s)
```

164 Goto ChemFile WASH DMF.CHM, line 1

The building blocks were selected from the following groups:

[Building block 1]: N-Phenethyl-PAL, N-(4-Pyridyl)ethyl-PAL, N-((S)- 2-Hydroxypropyl)-PAL, N-(2,2-Dimethyl-3-hydroxypropyl)-PAL and N-((1-Methylpyrrolidin-2-yl)ethyl)-PAL.

[Building block 2]: Fmoc-N-Me-D-Phe-OH and Fmoc-N-Me-D-ThiAla-OH.

[Building block 3]: Fmoc-N-Me-D-Nal-OH and Fmoc-N-Me-D-Phe(4-Phe)-OH.

[Building block 4]: Boc-AMH-OH, Boc-ACBMA-OH, Boc-RPMA-OH, Boc-AEB-15 OH, Boc-AMB-OH, Boc-ADH-OH, Boc-MAMH-OH, Boc-RPMA-OH and Boc-AEHA-OH.

See Table 3

Table 1

Example	Structure	MW	HPLC	LCMS
158	H <sub>2</sub> C CH <sub>3</sub> O N CH <sub>3</sub> O N CH <sub>3</sub> H <sub>4</sub> N CH <sub>4</sub>	546,7	9,91	546,8
159	CH <sub>3</sub> O CH <sub>3</sub> O CH <sub>3</sub>	568,7	9,68	569,0
160	CH <sub>3</sub>	562,7	9,38	563,0
161	H <sub>2</sub> N CH <sub>3</sub>	558,7	9,63	559,0
162	N,C, CH, N, CH,	572,7	10,11	573,0
163	CII, CII, H	594,7		

	164		588,7	10,02	589,2
	165		584,7		
	166	H <sub>2</sub> C <sub>C</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	564,7	9,68	565,0
	167	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>5</sub>	586,7	9,83	587,2
	168	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>5</sub>	580,7	9,61	581,0
	169	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>5</sub>	576,7		576,8

170		590,7		
171		612,7	10,49	613,2
172		606,7	10,26	607,0
173		602,7	10,50	603,0
174	H <sub>3</sub> C CH <sub>3</sub>	636,8	10,73	637,2
175	CH <sub>3</sub> O CH <sub>3</sub>	658,8	10,97	659,2

176	CH <sub>3</sub> O ZH	652,8	11,07	653,2
177	H <sub>2</sub> N CH <sub>3</sub> O N H	648,8		
178	H,C, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH,	662,9	11,56	663,2
179	NAT CALL THE	684,9	11,81	685,0
180		678,9	11,60	679,0
181	H,M CH, OH, OH, OH, OH, OH, OH, OH, OH, OH, O	674,9	11,95	675,2

182	H <sub>2</sub> C CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>4</sub>	654,8	11,28	655,0
183	H <sub>N</sub> N H <sub>N</sub>	676,8	11,40	677,2
184	CH, CH, H	670,8	11,27	672,2
185	PART CHAIN C	666,8	11,44	667,2
186	H.C. CH. A. CH.	680,8	11,80	681,0
187	Ph. Dat. B	702,9	12,10	702,8

188		696,8	11,97	697,0
189		692,9		
190	H <sub>2</sub> C <sub>C</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> O N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	637,8	8,06	638,2
191	CH <sub>3</sub> O N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	659,8	8,27	660,0
192	CH <sub>3</sub> CO N	653,8	8,05	654,2
193	H <sub>2</sub> N CH <sub>3</sub> O N H	649,8	8,33	650,2

194	H,C, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH,	663,8	8,44	664,2
195		685,8	8,84	686,0
196		679,8	8,61	680,0
197		675,9		
198	H <sub>1</sub> C CH <sub>1</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	655,8	8,37	656,0
199	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> N CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> N CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> N	677,8	8,45	678,0

200	CH <sub>3</sub>	671,8	8,26	672,2
201	CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>5</sub>	667,8	8,51	668,0
202	H <sub>1</sub> C <sub>2</sub> C <sub>3</sub> C <sub>1</sub>	681,8	8,52	682,0
203		703,8	8,63	704,0
204		697,8	8,79	689,2
205		693,8	8,99	

206	H <sub>2</sub> C, CH <sub>3</sub> O	643,9	7,95	644,2
207	H <sub>2</sub> N CH <sub>3</sub> 0	665,9	8,08	666,2
208	H,C, N	659,9	8,15	660,0
209	CH <sub>3</sub> O N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	655,9	8,35	656,2
210	H,C, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH,	669,9	8,77	670,2
211	CH,	691,9	8,93	692,2

212	H,C,	685,9	8,70	686,0
213	HC H	681,9		
214	H,C CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH,	661,8	7,88	662,2
215	H <sub>C</sub> C <sub>N</sub>	683,8	8,53	684,0
216	04, 0 H, 0	677,8	8,36	678,0
217	H,C, CH, CH, H	673,9		

218	M.C. CM,	687,9		
219	M.C. OH,	709,9	9,11	710,0
220		703,9	8,91	705,0
221	NG N	699,9		
222	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>6</sub> CH <sub>7</sub>	618,8	9,18	619,0
223	CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>2</sub> C OH	640,8		

224	CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>3</sub> C OH	634,8	9,42	635,2
225	H <sub>2</sub> N CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> OH	630,8	9,98	629,8
226	N.C. OIL	644,8	•	
227	PH, PH, CH, NH, CH, NH, CH, NH, NH, NH, NH, NH, NH, NH, NH, NH, N	666,3	10,78	667,4
228	CH, OH, CH, OH	660,8		
229	PI, OH, CH, OH	656,8		

230	H,C CH, N, OH, OH, OH, OH, OH, OH, OH, OH, OH, OH	636,8		
231	CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>2</sub> C OH CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>3</sub> C OH <sub>3</sub> C OH CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>3</sub> C OH <sub>3</sub> C OH <sub>3</sub> C OH CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>3</sub> C OH <sub>3</sub> C OH <sub>3</sub> C OH <sub>3</sub> C OH CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>3</sub> C	658,8	9,90	658,0
232	CH, OHCO	652,8	9,66	653,0
233	CH, OH, OH	648,8		
234	H.C. CH. CH. CH.	662,8	10,34	663,0
235	CH, CH, CH, CH	684,8		

236	CH, ONC CHOOL	678,8	10,01	679,2
237	CH, SMC CH	674,8		
238	H <sup>2</sup> C <sub>CH</sub> <sup>3</sup> O <sub>H</sub> O <sub>H</sub> O <sub>H</sub> O <sub>H</sub> O <sub>H</sub> O <sub>H</sub>	590,7	8,48	591,0
239	CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>3</sub> OH	612,8	9,52	613,0
240	CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>3</sub> OH CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>3</sub> OH	606,7	9,28	607,0
241	CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>3</sub> OH	602,8	9,59	603,0

242	N.C. CH,	616,8	9,05	617,2
243	CH, CH, CH, CH, CH	638,8	8,97	639,0
244		632,8		633,0
245		628,8		629,0
246	H,C, CH, H,C, OH	608,7	9,12	608,8
247	CH <sub>3</sub> O <sup>H<sub>3</sub>C</sup> OH	630,7	9,72	631,0

248	CH <sub>3</sub> OHC OH	624,7	9,51	625,0
249	CH <sub>2</sub> OH <sub>2</sub> C OH  CH <sub>2</sub> OH <sub>2</sub> C OH  H	620,7	9,26	621,0
250	HAC CALL THE	634,8	•	
251	Ph.	656,8	9,50	656,8
252		650,8	9,50	651,0
253		646,8	9,48	

Table 2

Example	Structure	MW	HPLC	LC-MS
254	H <sub>3</sub> C CH <sub>3</sub> O N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	651,83		
255	H <sub>2</sub> N CH <sub>3</sub> 0 N H	645,78		
256	CH <sub>3</sub> O CH <sub>3</sub>	653,80		
257	H <sub>2</sub> N CH <sub>3</sub> O	651,83		
258	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> O N N CH <sub>3</sub> O N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	665,86		
259	H.C. Ch. Ch. Ch. Ch. Ch. Ch. Ch. Ch. Ch.	677,87		

260		671,82		
261		679,84	-	
262		677,87		
263	CII. CII. CII. CII. CII. CII. CII. CII.	691,90		
264	H <sub>1</sub> C <sub>2</sub> C <sub>1</sub> H <sub>2</sub> C <sub>1</sub> H <sub>3</sub> C <sub>1</sub>	669,82		
265	H <sub>4</sub> N CH <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>7</sub> F	663,77		

266	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>5</sub>	671,79		
267	M <sub>1</sub> G	669,82		
268	CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	683,85	•	
269	H.C. CH. CH. CH. CH. CH. CH. CH. CH. CH.	695,86		
270	H <sub>A</sub> N CH <sub>A</sub>	689,81		
271		697,83		

272		695,86	
273	CH,	709,89	
274	H,C,CH <sub>3</sub> O N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	650,84	
275	H <sub>2</sub> N CH <sub>3</sub> ON N CH <sub>3</sub>	644,80	
276	CH <sub>3</sub>	652,82	
277	H <sub>2</sub> C CH <sub>3</sub>	650,84	

278	H <sub>2</sub> N CH <sub>3</sub> O CH <sub>3</sub> O H H CH <sub>3</sub> O CH <sub>3</sub>	664,87	
279	H.C. Co. 1 C	676,88	
280		670,83	
281		678,85	
282	HC COIL CIT	676,88	
283	CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>5</sub>	690,91	

284	H <sub>2</sub> C <sub>C</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	668,83	
285	H <sub>2</sub> N CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> H	662,79	
286		670,81	
287	H <sub>3</sub> CCH <sub>3</sub> DH <sub>3</sub> CH	668,83	·
288	CH <sub>5</sub>	682,86	
289		694,87	

290		688,82	
291		696,84	
292	M.C. OLOH. CH. CH. CH.	694,87	
293	Crit Crit Crit Crit Crit Crit Crit Crit	708,90	
294	H <sub>3</sub> C CH <sub>3</sub>	657,88	
295	H <sub>2</sub> N C <sub>H<sub>3</sub></sub> O N H <sub>3</sub> C N H <sub>3</sub>	651,83	

296	H <sub>2</sub> C <sub>1</sub>	659,85		
297	H <sub>2</sub> C <sub>C</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> O CH <sub>3</sub> O H <sub>2</sub> C <sub>N</sub> N H	657,88	·	
298	CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>3</sub>	671,91	•	
299	M.C. Obe State Sta	683,92		
300	H,M CH,	677,87		
301	CH <sub>5</sub>	685,89		

302	H,C, Ct, Ct, Ct, Ct, Ct, Ct, Ct, Ct, Ct,	683,92		
303	CH,	697,94		
304	H,C, CH <sub>3</sub> C	675,87	٠	
305	H,C, N	669,82		
306	CHA, CHA, CHA, CHA, CHA, CHA, CHA, CHA,	677,84		
307	H <sub>2</sub> C <sub>2</sub> C <sub>1</sub>	675,87		

308	3	CH <sub>3</sub>	689,90		
309	9	H.C. OH,	701,91		
31	0		695,86	•	
31	11		703,88		
31	12	H,C, OH, OH, OH, OH, OH, OH, OH, OH, OH, OH	701,91		
31	13	CH,	715,94		

314	H <sub>2</sub> C <sub>C</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> OH CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>3</sub> OH CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>4</sub> C <sub>C</sub> OH	604,77		
315	H <sub>2</sub> N OH OH OH OH OH	598,72		
316	CH <sub>3</sub> O <sup>1</sup> , CC OH	606,74	Þ.	
317	H <sub>2</sub> N CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>3</sub> OH	604,77		
318	CH <sub>3</sub>	618,80		
319	H,C,CH, H,C,OH	630,81		

320	CH, CH, CH, CH	624,76		
321	CH, CH, CH	632,78	- -	
322	H.C. OCH H. OH. H.C. OH	630,81	<b>.</b>	
323	CH,	644,84		
324	H <sub>3</sub> C, CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>4</sub> C OH	622,76		
325	CH <sub>3</sub> O <sup>H</sup> <sub>3</sub> C O <sup>H</sup>	616,71		

326	CH <sub>5</sub> OHC OH	624,73		
327	H,G, OH, OH, OH, OH, OH, OH, OH, OH, OH, OH	622,76		
328	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>5</sub> OH	636,79	-	
329	M.C. CM,	648,80		
330	CH, HC OH	642,75		
331	Chi, dic on	650,77		

332	M.C. COSIA CH.	648,80		
333	CH,	662,83	- 88	
334	H <sub>2</sub> C <sub>C</sub> H <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>2</sub> C OH N <sub>C</sub> H <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>2</sub> C OH	632,83		
335	H <sub>2</sub> N CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>4</sub> C OH	626,78		
336	CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>3</sub> CCH <sub>1</sub> OH	634,80		
337	H <sub>3</sub> C CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>3</sub> C OH H <sub>4</sub> N OH <sub>5</sub> C OH CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>5</sub> C OH	632,83		

338	CH <sub>3</sub> Ch <sub>3</sub> Ch <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> OH	646,85	
339	M <sub>1</sub> C	658,86	
340	PH, OH, OH, OH, OH	652,82	
341	OH, SHICH OH	660,84	
342	H,C CH, H,C CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH,	658,86	
343	CH,	672,89	

344	H,C CH, OH, CH	650,82		
345	CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>4</sub> C OH	644,77	-	
346	CH, OH, CH	652,79		
347	M.C. CHA	650,82		
348	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>4</sub> OH OH	664,84		
349	H.C. Cat, SH, SH, CH	676,85		

350	CH,	670,81		
351	OH OH OH	678,83		
352	M.G. CH, DH, CH, CH, DH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, C	676,85	٠	
353	CH, SH, SH, SH, SH, SH, SH, SH, SH, SH, S	690,88		

Table 3

Example	Structure	MW	HPLC	LC-MS
354	H <sub>3</sub> C CH <sub>3</sub> O	624,9		
355	H <sup>2</sup> N CH <sup>2</sup> CH <sup>2</sup> O N H CH <sup>2</sup> CH <sup>2</sup> O N CH <sup>2</sup>	646,9		
356	CH <sub>3</sub> O H <sub>3</sub> O H H	640,9	•	
357	H <sub>2</sub> N CH <sub>3</sub> N H	636,9		
358	H <sub>2</sub> C <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	638,9		
359	H <sub>2</sub> N CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> N H	632,8		

360	CH3 O NH	640,9		
361	H <sub>2</sub> N CH <sub>3</sub>	638,9		
362	CH C	652,9	b.	
363	H,C, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH,	650,9		
364	H <sub>2</sub> M CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>5</sub>	672,9		
365		666,9		

366		662,9	
367	H <sub>2</sub> C <sub>C</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> O N H CH <sub>3</sub> O N H	664,9	
368	M.N. CH. CH.	658,9	
369		666,9	
370	H,C, CH, H, OH, OH, OH, OH, OH, OH, OH, OH, OH	664,9	
371	CH,	678,9	

372	H <sub>2</sub> C CH <sub>3</sub> O N H N H	618,8	
373	H <sub>2</sub> N <sub>N</sub> N <sub>N</sub> H <sub>2</sub> O O T I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	640,8	
374	DE 2 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	634,8	
375	H <sub>2</sub> N CH <sub>3</sub> O N H	630,8	
376	H <sub>3</sub> C CH <sub>3</sub>	632,9	
377	H <sub>2</sub> N CH <sub>3</sub> O N H	626,8	

378	CH <sub>3</sub> O NH	634,8		
379	H <sub>2</sub> C CH <sub>3</sub> O N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	632,9		
380	H <sub>2</sub> N CH <sub>3</sub> CO CH <sub>3</sub>	646,9	b.	
381	M.C. CH. CH. CH. CH.	644,9		
382		666,9		
383		660,9		

384		656,9		
385	2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2	658,9		
386		652,8	•	
387		660,9		
388		658,9		
389		672,9		

390	H <sub>3</sub> C <sub>C</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> N H	625,8	
391	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>4</sub> N	647,8	
392	CH., CH., CH., CH., CH., CH., CH., CH.,	641,8	
393	H <sub>2</sub> N CH <sub>3</sub> O N H	637,9	
394	H <sub>3</sub> C CH <sub>3</sub> O	639,9	
395	H <sub>2</sub> N CH <sub>3</sub> O N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	633,8	

396	CH, O TH	641,8	
397	H <sub>2</sub> C CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	639,9	
398	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>4</sub> N	653,9	
399	H,C,CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH,	651,9	
400	HAN CH,	673,9	
401		667,9	

402		663,9	
403	H <sub>2</sub> C CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>5</sub>	665,9	
404	HAN CHA CHANGE	659,9	
405		667,9	
406	H,C, OH, I,	665,9	
407		679,9	

408	H <sub>2</sub> C CH <sub>3</sub> O N H	619,8		
409	CH <sub>3</sub> O N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	641,8		
410		635,8	že.	
411	H <sub>1</sub> N CH <sub>2</sub> O N TH	631,8		
412	H <sub>3</sub> C <sub>C</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> O CH <sub>3</sub> O N H	633,8		
413	H <sub>2</sub> N CH <sub>3</sub> O N H	627,8		

414	CH, 0 NH, 0 NH	635,8		
415	H <sub>2</sub> C CH <sub>3</sub>	633,8		
416	CH <sub>3</sub> CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>5</sub>	647,9	•	
417	H.C. Ott. Ott. Ott. Ott. Ott. Ott. Ott. O	645,9		
418	CH,	667,9		
419		661,9		

420		657,9		
421	M.C. CH. CH. CH. CH.	659,9		
422		653,8	b.	
423		661,9		
424	N,C, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH,	659,9		
425	CH, CH, CH, IN	673,9		

426	H <sub>3</sub> C CH <sub>3</sub>	631,9	
427	CH <sub>3</sub> O H <sub>3</sub> C N H CH <sub>3</sub> O N H	653,9	
428	CH, O NH	647,9	
429	H <sub>2</sub> N CH <sub>3</sub> O N H C N H	643,9	
430	H <sub>3</sub> C CH <sub>3</sub> O	645,9	
431	H <sub>2</sub> N CH <sub>3</sub> O N H CH <sub>3</sub> O N H S	639,9	

432	H,C, N	647,9		
433	H <sub>3</sub> C CH <sub>3</sub> O CH <sub>3</sub> O H <sub>3</sub> C N	645,9		
434	CH <sub>3</sub>	659,9	٠	
435	H,C, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH,	657,9		
436	CH <sub>1</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>5</sub>	679,9		
437	H.C. N.	673,9		

438	H,C, N	669,9		
439	H,C, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH,	672,0		
440	H,N CH, H	665,9	Ŀ	
441	N.C.	673,9	,	
442	H,C, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH,	672,0		
443	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>5</sub>	686,0		

444	H <sub>2</sub> C CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>4</sub> O H	625,9	
445	H <sub>2</sub> N CH <sub>3</sub> O N H <sub>4</sub> C N H	647,9	
446	CH <sub>3</sub> O H <sub>4</sub> C N	641,9	
447	H <sub>2</sub> N CH <sub>3</sub> O N H	637,9	
448	H <sub>2</sub> C CH <sub>3</sub>	639,9	
449	H <sub>2</sub> N CH <sub>3</sub> O N H	633,8	

450	CH <sub>3</sub> O N H	641,9	
451	H <sub>3</sub> C CH <sub>3</sub> O	639,9	
452	CH <sub>3</sub>	653,9	
453	M.C. OH, D.L. H.C. H.	651,9	
454	H,C	673,9	
455	H.C.	667,9	

_				
456	H,C, N	663,9		
457	H,C, N, OH, OH, OH, OH, OH, OH, OH, OH, OH, OH	665,9		
458	H,C,	659,9	-	
459	CH. CH.	667,9		
460	M.C. CH,	665,9		
461	CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	680,0		

462	H <sub>2</sub> C CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>2</sub> C CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>4</sub> C OH	606,8	
463	CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>3</sub> OH H <sub>2</sub> N H <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>3</sub> OH	628,8	
464	CH, OH, CH	622,8	
465	H <sub>u</sub> N CH <sub>1</sub> OH OH	618,8	
466	H <sub>3</sub> C CH <sub>3</sub> OH CH <sub>3</sub> OH CH <sub>3</sub> OH CH <sub>3</sub> OH	620,9	
467	H <sub>2</sub> N CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>3</sub> C OH	614,8	

468	CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>2</sub> C OH	622,8		
469	H <sub>2</sub> C CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> OH CH <sub></sub>	620,9		
470	CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>3</sub> OH H <sub>2</sub> N H <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>3</sub> OH	634,9	•	
471	H,C CH, CH, CH, CH, CH	632,9		
472	CH, OH, CH, OH	654,9		
473	CH, CH, CH	648,9		

474	CH, OHCCH	644,9		
475	H,C, CH, OH, CH, OH, CH, OH, CH, OH, OH, OH, OH, OH, OH, OH, OH, OH, O	646,9		
476	H <sub>1</sub> N CH <sub>1</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH OH	640,9	•	
477	CH, CH, CH, CH	648,9		
478	M.C. CH,	646,9		
479	CH, CH, OH, CH, OH	660,9		

480	H <sub>2</sub> C CH <sub>3</sub> OH CH <sub>3</sub> OH OH	600,8	
481	CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>2</sub> OH	622,8	
482	CH <sub>3</sub> OH, CH <sub>3</sub> OH	616,8	
483	H <sub>2</sub> N CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>4</sub> OH	612,8	
484	H <sub>2</sub> C CH <sub>3</sub> OH OH OH OH OH	614,8	
485	H <sub>2</sub> N	608,8	

486	CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>3</sub> C OH	616,8		
487	H <sub>2</sub> C CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>2</sub> C CH <sub>3</sub> OH CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>2</sub> C OH	614,8		
488	CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>3</sub>	628,9	•	
489	N.C. OIL	626,8		
490	CH, CH, CH, CH	648,9		
491	CH, OH, CH OH	642,8		

492	HAN CHA CHA CH	638,9	
493	M <sub>2</sub> C <sub>2</sub> C <sub>4</sub>	640,9	
494	H <sub>2</sub> N OH <sub>2</sub> C OH	634,8	
495		642,8	
496	N.C. Ord. The Ord. Ord. Ord. Ord. Ord. Ord. Ord. Ord.	640,9	
497	CH,	654,9	

498	H <sub>3</sub> C CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> OH CH <sub></sub>	578,8		
499	CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>4</sub> COH	600,8		
500	CH4, OH, COH	594,8	•	
501	H <sup>2</sup> N CH <sup>3</sup> O CH <sup>3</sup> O CH O CH	590,8		
502	H <sub>1</sub> C CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>3</sub> C OH	592,8		
503	H <sub>2</sub> N CH <sub>3</sub> OH N H	586,8		

504	CH, OH, CH	594,8	
505	H <sub>1</sub> C <sub>C</sub> C <sub>H</sub> <sub>3</sub> C	592,8	
. 506	CH <sub>3</sub> OF CH <sub>3</sub> OF OH	606,8	
507	H,C,CH, DH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, CH, C	604,8	
508	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>5</sub>	626,8	
509	CH, CH, CH, CH	620,8	

510	PLAN CHAIN C	616,8	
511	H,C,CH, OH, OH	618,8	
512	PHAT CHI	612,8	
513		620,8	
514	H,C, CH, H, C, CH, C, C, CH,	618,8	
515	CH, CH, CH, CH	632,9	

516	H <sub>2</sub> C CH <sub>2</sub> OH N H H	572,8		
517	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>5</sub>	594,8		
518	CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>3</sub> COH	588,8	-	
519	CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>3</sub> COH	584,8		
520	H <sub>3</sub> C CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>3</sub> C OH H <sub>N</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>3</sub> C OH	586,8		
521	CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sub>3</sub> OH	580,7		

522	NH CH3 OH	588,8		
523	H <sub>2</sub> C CH <sub>3</sub> O	586,8		
524	CH <sub>3</sub> Ch <sub>5</sub> COH	600,8	•	
525	N.C. Orb. Orb. Orb. Orb. Orb. Orb. Orb. Orb	598,8		
526		620,8		
527	CH, CH, CH	614,8		

528	ДН, 0 <sup>H,C</sup> ОН	610,8		
529	H <sub>2</sub> C <sub>C</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> H <sub>3</sub> C <sub>C</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> H <sub></sub>	612,8		
530	H,N CH, MC OH	606,8	•	
531		614,8		
532	N.C. OH,	612,8		
533	CH, CH, CH, CH, CH	626,8		

## Example 534

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid

N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbamoyl)-2-

5 phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide

The title compound was prepared as in example 1 using N,N,N'-10 trimethylpropylenediamine instead of methylamine.

## Example 535

15

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid

N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-(N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-ethylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide

The title compound was prepared as in example 1. N-ethylation of D-Bocphenylalanine was carried out by the use of ethyl iodide instead of methyl iodide.

5

# Example 536

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid-N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-(N-(N,N-

10 dimethylcarbamoylmethyl)carbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide

The title compound was prepared as in example 1 using glycine dimethylamide is instead of methylamine.

### Example 537

20 (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid-N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-(N-(carbamoylmethyl)carbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide

The title compound was prepared as in example 1 using glycine amide instead of methylamine.

## CLAIMS:

# 1. A compound of general formula I

# wherein

10

5

 $R^1$  and  $R^2$  are independently hydrogen, or  $C_{1:8}$ -alkyl optionally substituted with aryl;

a and b are independently 1 or 2;

15

G is hydrogen, -O-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>k</sub>-R<sup>27</sup>,

J is hydrogen, -O-(CH2)1-R32,

wherein  $R^{27}$ ,  $R^{28}$ ,  $R^{29}$ ,  $R^{30}$ ,  $R^{31}$ ,  $R^{32}$ ,  $R^{33}$ ,  $R^{34}$ ,  $R^{35}$  and  $R^{36}$  independently are hydrogen, halogen, aryl,  $C_{1,6}$ -alkyl or  $C_{1,6}$ -alkoxy; k and I are independently 0, 1 or 2;

D is

wherein R³, R⁴, R⁵, R⁶, R७, R³, Røand Rø are independently hydrogen or C₁, a-alkyl optionally substituted with halogen, amino, hydroxyl or aryl; n, m and q are independently 0, 1, 2, or 3; p is 0 or 1;

M is -CR11=CR11a-, aryl, -O-, or -S-;

 $_{20}$  R $^{11}$  and R $^{11a}$  are independently hydrogen, or  $C_{1.8}$ -alkyl optionally substituted with aryl;

with the proviso that at least one of  $R^3$ ,  $R^4$ ,  $R^5$  and  $R^6$  is different from hydrogen,

when E is

-CONR<sup>12</sup>R<sup>13</sup>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub>-NR<sup>12</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>14</sup>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub>-NR<sup>12</sup>COR<sup>13</sup>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub>-OR<sup>13a</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub>-OCOR<sup>13</sup>, -CH(R<sup>12</sup>)R<sup>13</sup>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub>-NR<sup>12</sup>-CS-NR<sup>13</sup>R<sup>14</sup>, -(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>v</sub>-NR<sup>12</sup>-CO-NR<sup>13</sup>R<sup>14</sup>,

$$X$$
  $Z$  or  $X$   $X$   $Y$   $Y$ 

wherein

 $X \text{ is -N(R}^{15})$ -, -O- or -S-,

V is  $-C(R^{16})= or -N=$ ,

10 Y is  $-C(R^{17})= \text{ or } -N=$ ,

Z is -C( $R^{18}$ )= or -N=,

 $R^{16}$  is hydrogen or  $C_{145}$ -alkyl optionally substituted with aryl,  $R^{16}$ ,  $R^{17}$  and  $R^{16}$  independently are hydrogen, -COOR<sup>19</sup>, -CONR<sup>20</sup>R<sup>21</sup>, -  $(CH_3)_{tot}NR^{20}R^{21}$ , - $(CH_3)_{tot}NR^{20}R^$ 

 $R^{12}$ ,  $R^{13}$ ,  $R^{19}$ ,  $R^{20}$  and  $R^{21}$  independently are hydrogen or  $C_{1-8}$ -alkyl optionally substituted with halogen, -N( $R^{22}$ ) $R^{23}$ , -CF<sub>3</sub>, hydroxyl,  $C_{1-8}$ -alkoxy,  $C_{1-8}$ -alkoxycarbonyl,  $C_{1-8}$ -alkylcarbonyloxy or aryl,

20

or R13 is

#### 25 wherein

Q is -CH< or -N< .

K and L are independently  $-CH_2$ , -CO-, -O-, -S-,  $-NR^{26}$ - or a valence bond, where  $R^{26}$  is hydrogen or  $C_{t,n}$ -alkyl;

t and u are independently 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;  $R^{14a} is \ C_{1.6} \ alkyl \ substituted \ with \ aryl;$   $R^{14} is \ C_{1.6} \ alkyl;$   $R^{22} \ and \ R^{23} \ are independently \ hydrogen \ or \ C_{1.6} \ alkyl;$ 

D is

$${\rm ^{10}} \ {\rm R^7-NH-(CR^8R^9)_p-(CH_2)_m-M-(CHR^{10})_p-(CH_2)_n-}$$

5 v and w are independently 0, 1, 2 or 3; or

wherein R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>8</sup>, R<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>10</sup> are independently hydrogen or C<sub>1.6</sub> alkyl optionally substituted with halogen, amino, hydroxyl or aryl;
R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> or R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>9</sup> or R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup> optionally forming -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>Γ</sub>,U-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>Γ</sub>, wherein i and j are independtly are 1 or 2 and U is -O-, -S- or a valence bond;
n and m are independently 0, 1, 2, or 3;
o and p are independently 0 or 1;
M is -CR<sup>11</sup>=CR<sup>110</sup>-, aryl, -O-, or -S-;
R<sup>11</sup> and R<sup>116</sup> are independently hydrogen, or C<sub>1.6</sub>-alkyl optionally substituted with

when E is

20 aryl.

wherein

R<sup>12</sup> and R<sup>13</sup> independently are hydrogen or C<sub>1-6</sub>-alkyl optionally substituted with
30 halogen, -CONR<sup>22</sup>R<sup>23</sup>, -N(R<sup>22</sup>)R<sup>23</sup>, -CF<sub>3</sub>, hydroxyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1-6</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl,
C<sub>1-6</sub>-alkylcarbonyloxy or aryl;

or R13 is

$$-(CH_2)_t-Q$$
 $(CH_2)_u$ 

#### wherein

5 Q is -CH< or -N<.

K and L are independently  ${}^{\circ}\text{CH}_{2^{\circ}}$ ,  ${}^{\circ}\text{CO}_{-}$ ,  ${}^{\circ}\text{CO}_{-}$ ,  ${}^{\circ}\text{S}_{-}$ ,  ${}^{\circ}\text{NR}^{26}$ - or a valence bond, where  $R^{26}$  is hydrogen or  $C_{1:8}$  alkyl; t and u are independently 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;  $R^{13a}$  is  $C_{1:8}$  alkyl substituted with aryl;  $R^{13a}$  is  $C_{1:8}$  alkyl substituted with aryl;

10 R<sup>14</sup> is C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl; R<sup>22</sup> and R<sup>23</sup> are independently hydrogen or C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl; v and w are independently 0, 1, 2 or 3;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

15

2. The compound according to claim 1 wherein D is

20

wherein R³, R⁴, R⁵, R⁵, R⁵ and R° are independently hydrogen or methyl; n, m and q are independently 0, 1 or 2; M is -CR11=CR11a-, aryl or -O-;

 $R^{11}$  and  $R^{11a}$  are independently hydrogen, or  $C_{1.8}$ -alkyl optionally substituted with aryl,

5 with the proviso that at least one of R³, R⁴, R⁵ and R⁶ is different from hydrogen, when E is

-CONR<sup>12</sup>R<sup>13</sup>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub>-NR<sup>12</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>14</sup>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub>-NR<sup>12</sup>COR<sup>13</sup>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub>-OR<sup>13a</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub>-OCOR<sup>13</sup>, -CH(R<sup>12</sup>)R<sup>13</sup>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub>-NR<sup>12</sup>-CS-NR<sup>13</sup>R<sup>14</sup>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>v</sub>-NR<sup>12</sup>-CO-NR<sup>13</sup>R<sup>14</sup>,

$$\sqrt{X}$$
, or  $\sqrt{Z}$ ,  $X = \sqrt{X}$ 

X is -N(R<sup>15</sup>)-, -O- or -S-,

V is  $-C(R^{16})= or -N=$ ,

Y is  $-C(R^{17})= or -N=$ ,

 $Z \text{ is -C(R}^{18})= \text{ or -N=},$ 

15

 $R^{15}$  is hydrogen or  $C_{1-6}$ -alkyl optionally substituted with aryl,  $R^{16}, R^{17} \ \text{and} \ R^{18} \ \text{independently} \ \ \text{are hydrogen, -COOR}^{19}, \text{-CONR}^{20}R^{21}, \text{-} (CH_2)_w NR^{20}R^{21}, \text{-}(CH_2)_w R^{19}, \text{-}(CH_2)_w R^{19} \ \text{or halogen;}$ 

20 R<sup>12</sup>, R<sup>13</sup>, R<sup>19</sup>, R<sup>20</sup> and R<sup>21</sup> independently are hydrogen or C<sub>1-8</sub>-alkyl optionally substituted with halogen, -N(R<sup>22</sup>)R<sup>23</sup>, -CF<sub>3</sub>, hydroxyl, C<sub>1-8</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1-8</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>-alkylcarbonyloxy or aryl,

or R13 is

25

$$-(CH_2)_i-Q$$
 $K$ 
 $(CH_2)_i$ 

wherein

Q is -CH< or -N< .

K and L are independently  ${}^{-}$ CH $_2^{-}$ ,  ${}^{-}$ CO-,  ${}^{-}$ O-,  ${}^{-}$ S-,  ${}^{-}$ NR $^{26}$ - or a valence bond, where R $^{26}$  is hydrogen or C $_{1-8}$ -alkyl;

t and u are independently 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;

5 R<sup>13a</sup> is C<sub>1-8</sub> alkyl substituted with aryl; R<sup>14</sup> is C<sub>1-8</sub> alkyl;

 $R^{22}$  and  $R^{23}$  are independently hydrogen or  $C_{1-6}$ -alkyl; and v and w are independently 0, 1, 2 or 3.

10 3. A compound according to claim 1 wherein D is

$$R^7 - NH - (CR^8R^9)_p - (CH_2)_m - M - (CHR^{10})_p - (CH_2)_p$$

wherein R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup> are independently hydrogen or methyl;

- 15 R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>10</sup> are independently hydrogen or C<sub>1-8</sub> alkyl optionally substituted by halogen, amino, hydroxyl or aryl; or R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> or R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup> can form -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>-U-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>, wherein i and j independently are 1 or 2 and U is -O-, -S- or a valence bond;
  n and m are independently 0, 1, or 2:
- 20 M is -CR<sup>11</sup>=CR<sup>11a</sup>-, aryl or -O-; R<sup>11</sup> and R<sup>11a</sup> are independently hydrogen, or C<sub>1.6</sub>-alkyl optionally substituted with aryl,

when E is

25 -CONR<sup>12</sup>R<sup>13</sup>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>V</sub>-NR<sup>12</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>14</sup>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>V</sub>-NR<sup>12</sup>COR<sup>13</sup>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>V</sub>-OR<sup>13a</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>V</sub>-OCOR<sup>13</sup>, -CH(R<sup>12</sup>)R<sup>13</sup>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>V</sub>-NR<sup>12</sup>-CS-NR<sup>13</sup>R<sup>14</sup> or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>V</sub>-NR<sup>12</sup>-CO-NR<sup>13</sup>R<sup>14</sup>,

#### 30 wherein

 $R^{12}$  and  $R^{13}$  independently are hydrogen or  $C_{1:6}$ -alkyl optionally substituted with halogen,  $-CONR^{22}R^{23}$ ,  $-N(R^{22})R^{23}$ ,  $-CF_3$ , hydroxyl,  $C_{1:6}$ -alkoxy,  $C_{1:6}$ -alkoxycarbonyl,

C<sub>1.6</sub>-alkylcarbonyloxy or arvi:

or R<sup>13</sup> is

$$-(CH_2)_t$$
  $Q$   $K$   $(CH_2)_t$ 

wherein

Q is -CH< or -N<,

K and L are independently  ${}^{-}$ CH<sub>2</sub>-,  ${}^{-}$ CO-,  ${}^{-}$ O-,  ${}^{-}$ S-,  ${}^{-}$ NR<sup>26</sup>- or a valence bond, where R<sup>26</sup> is hydrogen or C<sub>1.6</sub> alkyl;

t and u are independently 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;

R<sup>13a</sup> is C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl substituted with aryl;

R<sup>14</sup> is C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl;

R<sup>22</sup> and R<sup>23</sup> are independently hydrogen or C<sub>1-8</sub> alkyl; v and w are independently 0, 1, 2 or 3.

15

- 4. A compound according to claim 1, 2 or 3 wherein D is 3-(1-aminoethyl)phenyl, 4-amino-4-ethylhex-1-enyl, (1E)-2-(azetidin-3-yl)ethenyl, piperidin-4-ylidenyl, 2-methylpiperidin-4-yl, 2-methylpiperidin-3-yl, 2-methylpiperidin-5-yl, (1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-1-yl)methyl, 4-
- aminocyclohexyl, 2-piperidylmethoxymethyl, 4-piperidyloxymethyl, 2-(2-amino-2-methylpropyl)cyclopropyl, (((2R)-pyrrolidin-2-yl)methoxy)methyl, (1E)-4-amino-1-benzyl-4-methylpent-1-enyl, (1E)-4-amino-4-methylpent-1-enyl, (2-amino-2-methylpropoxy)methyl, (2S)-(2-pyrrolidinyl)methoxymethyl, (2R)-(2-pyrrolidinyl)methoxymethyl, (1E)-4-amino-2,4-dimethylpent-1-enyl, (1E)-4-methyl-
- 25 4-(methylamino)pent-1-enyl, (1Z)-4-amino-4-methylpent-1-enyl, (1E)-4-((2R)-2-hydroxypropylamino)-4-methylpent-1-enyl, (2-aminobutoxy)methyl, 3-(1-aminoethyl)phenyl, 3-aminomethylphenyl, 3-(1-amino-1-methylethyl)phenyl, 2-(1-aminocyclopropyl)ethenyl, 3-(1-aminocyclobutyl)-1-propenyl, 3-(1-aminocyclopropyl)-1-propenyl or 2-(1-aminocyclopropyl)-1-propenyl or 2-(1-aminocyclopropyl)-1-propenyl

20

# cyclobutyl)ethenyl.

- A compound according to claim 1, 2 or 3 wherein E is methylcarbamoyl, ethylcarbamoyl, N,N-dimethylcarbamoyl,
- 5 2-methoxyethylcarbamoyl, (2S)-2-hydroxypropylcarbamoyl, (2R)-2-hydroxypropylcarbamoyl, (cyclopropylmethyl)carbamoyl, (2-(acetoxy)-2-methylpropyl)carbamoyl, phenylethylcarbamoyl, 4-pyridylcarbamoyl, (3-acetoxypropyl)carbamoyl, (3-hydroxypropyl)carbamoyl, methylsulfonylaminomethyl, ((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)carbamoyl, 3-
- cyclopropylthioureido, N-methyl-N-(methylsulfonylamino)methyl, (2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)carbamoyl, cyclopropylcarbamoyl, (((3-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)methoxy)methyl, 3-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl, methylsulfonylaminomethyl, 2,2-dimethyl-3-hydroxypropylcarbamoyl, 2-(1-methylpyrrolidine-2-yl)ethylcarbamoyl, N-methyl-N-
- 15 (3-(dimethylamino)propyl)carbamoyl, N-(N,N-dimethylcarbamoyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl, N-(carbamoylmethyl)carbamoyl or 3-cyclopropylthioureido.
  - 6. The compound according to any one of claims 1-5 wherein  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  independently are hydrogen, methyl or ethyl.
  - 7. The compound according to any one of the claims 1-6 wherein a and b independently are 1.
- 8. A compound according to any one of the claims 1-7 wherein 25 G is hydrogen, -O-(CH<sub>2</sub>) $_k$ -R<sup>27</sup>,

J is hydrogen, -O-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>1</sub>-R<sup>32</sup>

$$R^{32}$$
  $R^{33}$   $R^{33}$   $R^{34}$   $R^{32}$   $R^{33}$   $R^{32}$   $R^{33}$   $R^{32}$   $R^{33}$   $R^{32}$   $R^{33}$   $R^{32}$   $R^{33}$   $R^{32}$   $R^{33}$   $R^{33}$   $R^{34}$   $R^{34}$   $R^{35}$   $R$ 

wherein  $R^{27}$ ,  $R^{28}$ ,  $R^{29}$ ,  $R^{30}$ ,  $R^{31}$ ,  $R^{32}$ ,  $R^{33}$ ,  $R^{34}$ ,  $R^{35}$  and  $R^{36}$  independently are hydrogen, halogen, aryl,  $C_{1\cdot 6}$ -alkyl or  $C_{1\cdot 6}$ -alkoxy; and k and l are 1.

- 9. A compound according to any one of the claims 1-8 wherein  $R^{27}$ ,  $R^{28}$ ,  $R^{29}$ ,  $R^{30}$ ,  $R^{31}$ ,  $R^{32}$ ,  $R^{33}$ ,  $R^{34}$ ,  $R^{35}$  and  $R^{36}$  are hydrogen, halogen, or phenyl.
- 10. A compound according to claim 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9 selected from the 10 group consisting of
  - (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide, or the hydrochloride salt,
- (2E)-3-(3-Azetidinyl)acrylic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide,
- 2-(Piperidin-4-ylidene)acetic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-20 (methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide,
  - 2-(2-Amino-2-methylpropyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide,
- 25 2-(2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide,
- 2-Methylpiperidine-4-carboxylic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-30 (methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide,

- 2-Methylpiperidine-3-carboxylic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide,
- 5 2-Methylpiperidine-5-carboxylic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide,
  - 2-(1,2,3,4-Tetrahydroisoquinolin-1-yl)acetic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide,
- 4-Aminocyclohexanecarboxylic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide,
  - (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-(benzylcarbamoyl)-
- 15 2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide,
  - (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(phenethylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide,
- 20 (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-1-(acetylamino-methyl)-2-phenylethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide,
  - (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-[(1R)-1-(methylsulfonylaminomethyl)-2-phenylethyl]carbamoyl]-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide,
- 25 (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-((cyclopropyl-methyl)carbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide,
- 30 (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-(N-(2-methoxy-ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide,

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-((N-tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide,

5 (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-(N-2-hydroxy-propylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide,

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1(N-(3-(2-oxopyrrolidin-1-yl)propyl)carbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2naphthyl)ethyl)amide,

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-((1R)-1-[N-[(1R)-1-((2,5-dioxopyrrolidine-1-yl)methyl)-2-phenylethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl-2-(2-15 naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide,

(2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methyl-amino)-N-methyl-3-(2-naphthyl)-N-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)carbamoyl)-ethyl)propionamide,

20

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-((1R)-2-benzyloxy-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-25 1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide,

(2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-((1R)-1-(cyclopropylmethyl)carbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-methyl-3-(2-naphthyl)-propionamide

30

(2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)methylamino)-N-((1R)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl)-N-methyl-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide,

- (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-2-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide.
- (2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)N-methylamino)-N-((1R)-2-(4fluorophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl)-N-methyl-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide,
  - (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid ((1R)-2-(biphenyl-4-yl)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-ethyl)-N-methylamide.
- (2E)-5-Amino-3,5-dimethylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide,
- 2-((2R)-2-(N-((2R)-2-(N-((2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionylamino)-1,1-dimethylethyl 15 acetate,
  - (2E)-5-Amino-2-benzyl-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide,
- 20 (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(1-naphthyl)ethyl)amide,
  - (2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)-3-(1-naphthyl)propionamide,
  - $\label{eq:continuous} \begin{tabular}{ll} (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-((1R)-2-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)N-methylamide, \end{tabular}$
- 30 (2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methyl- amino)-3-(benzo-[b]thiophen-3-yl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)propionamide,

20

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-(((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)-methyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(1-naphthyl)ethyl)amide.

3-((2R)-2-(N-((2R)-2-(N-((2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionylamino)propyl acetate, or the hydrochloride salt,

10 (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-(3-hydroxy-propylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide, or the acetate salt,

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-15 (((3-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)methoxy)methyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide, or the hydrochloride salt,

N-Methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-2-(N-methyl-N-{[(2-piperidinyl)methoxy]acetyl}amino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide,

4-Aminocyclohexanecarboxylic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-[N- methyl-N-{(1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl]carbamoyl]-2-(2-naphtyl)ethyl)amide, or the acetate salt,

25 (2R)-N-Methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-2-(N-methyl-N-[{piperidin-4-yloxy}acetyl]amino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide,

2- Methyl-piperidine-4-carboxylic acid
N-{1-[N-methyl-N-(1-(3-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)carbamoyl]30 2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl} amide, or the acetate salt;

(2R)-2-(N-((2R)-2-(N-((2E)-5-((2R)-2-Hydroxypropylamino)-5-methylhex-2-enoyl)-N-

methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-3-phenylpropionamide;

- (2E)-5-Amino-N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-benzyl-2-((methylsulfonyl)amino)ethyl)-N-5 methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-5-methyl-N-methylhex-2-enamide;
  - 3-(1-Aminoethyl)benzoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide,
- 5-Amino-5-methyl-hex-2-enoic acid ((1R)-1-(((1R)-1-((2R)-2-hydroxypropylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)methylamide,
- (4-(1-Aminocyclobutyl)but-2-enoic acid ((1R)-1-((1R)-1-((1-15 methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)methylamid e,
  - 5-Amino-5-methyl-hex-2-enoic acid ((1R)-1-(((1R)-1-((2S)-2-hydroxypropylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-
- 20 thienyl)ethyl)methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)methylamide,
  - (2R)-2-(N-[(2R)-2-(N-[(2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl]-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionyl]-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-3-phenylpropionamide,
- 25 (2R)-N-Methyl-2-(N-methyl-N-(((2R)-2-(N-methyl-N-((((2S)-pyrrolidin-2-yl)methoxy)acetyl)amino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionyl)amino)-3-phenylpropionamide,
  - 3-((2R)-2-(N-((2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-na phthyl)propionyl)-N-methylamino)-3-phenylpropionylamino)propyl acetate,
  - (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-(dimethylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-

- 2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide,
- (2R)-N-Methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-2-(N-methyl-N-[{piperidin-4-yloxy}acetyl]amino)-3-(2-naphthyl) propionamide,
- N-Methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-2-(N-methyl-N-{[(2-piperidinyl)methoxy]acetyl}amino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propinamide,
- (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-(1-naphthyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl]-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide.
- (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-(1-naphthyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl]-2-(4- 

  15 methoxyphenyl)ethyl)amide.
  - (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-(1-naphthyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)amide,
  - $\label{eq:2.2} \begin{tabular}{ll} (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-(2-naphthyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(1-naphthyl)ethyl)amide, \end{tabular}$
- 25 (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-(2-naphthyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl}-2-phenylethyl)amide,
- (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-(4-30 methoxyphenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl}-2-(1-naphthyl)ethyl)amide,

- (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl}-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)amide,
- (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)- $\dot{1}$ -(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl}-2-(2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenyl)ethyl)amide,
- 10 (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl}-2-phenylethyl)amide,
- (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-15 (2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(1-naphthyl)ethyl)amide,
- (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-(2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-20 methylcarbamoyl]-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)amide,
- (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-(2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)amide,
  - $\label{eq:continuous} \ensuremath{\text{(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-phenyl-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl]-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)amide,}$
- 30 (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-[(1R)-2-phenyl-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl]-2-(2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenyl)ethyl)amide,

- (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-{N-[(1R)-2-phenyl-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl]-N-methylcarbamoyl}-2-phenylethyl)amide,
- 5 1-((2R)-2-(N-((2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoyl)-N-methyl amino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionyl-2-benzyl-4-ethylsemi-carbazide,
  - 1-((2S)-2-(N-(2-(((2R)-pyrrolidin-2-yl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionyl-2-benzyl-4-ethyl semicarbazide,

- 1-((2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionyl)-2-benzyl-4-ethylsemicarbazide,
- 15 (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-me-thyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(thiophen-2-yl) ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide,
  - (2E)-5-Methyl-5-methylaminohex-2-enoic acid
- 20 N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenyl ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide,
- (2E)-5-Amino-3,5-dimethylhex-2-enoic acid
  N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(thiophen-2-yl)ethyl
  25 )carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl) amide,
- (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid

N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-(2-phenyl-1-(((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)carba moyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(1-naphthyl)ethyl)amide,

N-((1R)-2-(biphenyl-4-yl)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl) carbamoyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide,

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid

5 N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-2-(4-iodophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamo yl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide,

(2E)-5-Methyl-5-methylaminohex-2-enoic acid

N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-2-(4-iodophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamo

10 yl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide,

(2E) 5-Methyl-5-amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic

acid-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(thien-2-yl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide,

15

5-methylamino-hex-2-enoic acid ((1R)-1-(((1R)-

2-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-methylcarbamoylethyl)methylcar-

bamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)methylamide,

20 5-methylamino-hex-2-enoic acid ((1R)-1-(((1R)-

2-phenyl-1-ethylcarbamoylethyl)methylcar-

bamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)methylamide,

5-Amino-5-methyl-hex-2-enoic acid ((1R)-1-(((1R)-1-((2S)-

25 2-hydroxypropylcarbamoyl)-2-(3,4-difluorophenyl)ethyl)methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-na phthyl)ethyl)methylamide,

5-Amino-5-methyl-hex-2-enoic acid

 $(1-\{[2-(2-fluorophenyi]-1-methylcarbamoylethyl]methylcarbamoyl\}-2-(2-naphthyl)eth$ 

30 yl)methylamide,

- (2Z)-5-Amino-3,5-dimethylhex-2-enoic acid
  N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-methylcarbamoyl-2-phenylethyl)carbamo
  yl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)amide,
- 5 (2R)-2-(N-((2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoyl)-N-methylamino)-N-((1R)-1-benzyl-2-(3-cyclopropylthioureido)ethyl)-N-methyl-3-(2naphthyl)propionamide,
- (2R)-2-(N-[{2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy}acetyl]-N-methylamino)-N-((1R)-1-10 (dimethylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-methyl-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide,
  - (2E)-5-Amino-5-methyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-2-phenyl-1-((2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)carbamoyl))) carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)) beta-2-enamide, and its acetate salt;
  - (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid
    N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-(cyclopropylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamo
    yl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide;
- 20 (2E)-4-(1-Aminocyclobutyl)but-2-enoic acid N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-2-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)ethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide;
  - (2E)-4-(1-Aminocyclobutyl)but-2-enoic acid N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-
- 25 (cyclopropylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide;
  - (2E) 4-(1-Aminocyclobutyl)-but-2-enoic acid N-((1R)-2-(biphenyl-4-yl)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide;
  - 3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(2-

naphthyl)ethyl)benzamide;

- 3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)benzamide;
- (2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide;
- (2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl10 N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide;
  - (2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide;
- 15 3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(benzo[b]thiophen-3yl)ethyl)-benzamide;
  - 3-(1-Aminomethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-N-((1R)
- 20 (methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(benzo[b]thiophen-3yl)ethyl)benzamide;
  - (2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-
- 25 yl)propionamide;

- (2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)propionamide;
- (2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-

yl)propionamide;

- (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-
- 5 (benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)ethyl)amide;
  - 3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(benzyloxy)ethyl)benzamide;

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- 3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(benzyloxy)ethyl)benzamide;
- (2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-
- 15 (methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(benzyloxy)propionamide;
  - (2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(benzyloxy)propionamide;
- 20 (2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(benzyloxy)propionamide;
  - (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-
- 25 (benzyloxy)ethyl)amide;
  - 3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl)benzamide;

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3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl)benzamide;

- (2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(biphenyl-4-yl)propionamide;
- 5 (2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(biphenyl-4-yl)propionamide;
- (2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N10 ((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)-3-(biphenyl-4-yl)propionamide;
  - (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl)amide;

- 3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)-ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)benzamide;
- 20 3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)benzamide;
  - (2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide;
  - $\label{eq:continuous} \end{carbane} (2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide;$
- 30 (2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide:

- 3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)-ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-vl)ethyl)-benzamide:
- 3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)ethyl)benz-amide:
- 10 (2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3yl)propionamide;
- (2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-15 N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3yl)propionamide;
- (2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-20 yl)propionamide;
  - 3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(benzyloxy)ethyl)benzamide;
  - 3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)-ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(benzyloxy)ethyl)benzamide;
- (2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-30 (methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-3-(benzyloxy)propionamide;

- (2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-3-(benzyloxy)propionamide;
- 5 (2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-3-(benzyloxy)propionamide;
- 3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-110 (methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(biphenyl-4yl)ethyl)benzamide;
  - 3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl)benzåmide;
- (2R)-2-(N-(((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-3-(biphenyl-4-yl)propionamide;
- (2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-20 N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-3-(biphenyl-4yl)propionamide;
  - $\label{eq:continuous} \begin{tabular}{ll} (2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-3-(biphenyl-4-inchenyl$
- 25 yl)propionamide;
  - (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl)amide;
- 3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-

yl)ethyl)benzamide;

- 3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)ethyl)benzamide;
- 5 (2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)propionamide;
- (2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl10 N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3yl)propion-amide;
- (2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-S-15 yl)propionamide:
  - (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)ethyl)amide;
  - 3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(benzyloxy)ethyl)benzamide;
- 3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-25 2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(benzyloxy)ethyl)benzamide;
  - (2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-3-(benzyloxy)propionamide;
- 30 (2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-3-(benzyloxy)propionamide;

- (2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-3-(benzyloxy)propionamide;
- 5 3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(biphenyl-4yl)ethyl)benzamide;
  - 3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-
- 2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl)benzamide;
  - (2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-3-(biphenyl-4-yl)propionamide;
- 15 (2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-3-(biphenyl-4-yl)propionamide;
  - (2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-3-(biphenyl-4-yl)propionamide;
  - 3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)benzamide;
- 25 3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)benzamide;
  - (2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl)propionamide;
- 30 (2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl)-

propionamide;

(2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-(2-naphthyl)propion-5 amide;

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)-ethyl)amide;

3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)ethyl)-benzamide;

3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)ethyl)-benzamide;

(2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-20 (methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3yl)propionamide;

 $\label{eq:condition} (2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl))methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-$ 

25 (benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)propionamide;

(2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)propionamide;

(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-

(benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl)ethyl)amide;

- 3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-
- 5 (benzyloxy)ethyl)benzamide;
  - 3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(benzyloxy)ethyl)benzamide;
- 10 (2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-(benzyloxy)propionamide;
  - $\label{eq:condition} $$(2R)-2-(N-(((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-(((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-$
- 15 (benzyloxy)propionamide;
  - (2R)-2-(N-((2-Amino-2-methylpropoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-(benzyloxy)propionamide;
  - (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(benzyloxy)ethyl)amide;
- 25 3-(1-Aminoethyl)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(biphen-4yl)ethyl)benzamide;
- 3-Aminomethyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-30 2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-carbamoyl)-2-(biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl)benzamide;

(2R)-2-(N-((2-Aminobutoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-(biphenyl-4-yl)propionamide:

- 5 (2R)-2-(N-((((2S)-2-Pyrrolidinyl)methoxy)acetyl)-N-methylamino)-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(methylcarbamoyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-3-(biphenyl-4yl)propionamide;
- (2E)-5-Amino-5-methyl-N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-((1R)-1-((N-methyl-10 N-(methylsulfonyl)amino)methyl)-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)-2-(2naphthyl)ethyl)hex-2-enamide;
- (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid
  N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-(N-methyl-N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbamoyl)-215 phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide;
  - $\label{eq:continuous} \begin{tabular}{ll} $(2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid $N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-(N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-ethylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide; \end{tabular}$
- 20 (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid-N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-(N-(N,N-dimethylcarbamoylmethyl)carbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide; or
- 25 (2E)-5-Amino-5-methylhex-2-enoic acid-N-((1R)-1-(N-((1R)-1-(N-((arbamoylmethyl)carbamoyl)-2-phenylethyl)-N-methylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-naphthyl)ethyl)-N-methylamide;
  - or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

11. A compound according to claim 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9 selected from the group consisting of



















